

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 4.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1867.

NO. 89.

Bankers and Brokers.

REMOVAL.

WE HAVE REMOVED TO THE MORE COM-
MODIOUS OFFICE,

No. 12 WALL STREET,

Directly opposite our former Office.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,
BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c.

Hedden, Winchester & Co

NO. 60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold at market rates, on commission only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells, Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.
JOSIAH HEDDEN. **ISAIAH C. BABCOCK.**
LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBT. M. HEDDEN.

John Bloodgood & Co.,
22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight, and particular attention given to accounts of country banks and bankers.

A. C. GRAHAM,
BANKER AND BROKER,
3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic Exchange,
Southern Bills on London and Paris,
Bill on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.

Tyler, Wrenn & Co.,

BANKERS,
NO. 18 WALL STREET.
Buy and Sell at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c. Orders for purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed.
TYLER, ULLMANN & CO., Chicago.

Jones & Westervelt,

BANKERS & BROKERS,
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, bought and sold on Commission.
COMMERCIAL PAPER AND LOANS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY NEGOTIATED.
NOS. 12 NEW & 14 BROAD STREETS.

OFFICE OF

GEORGE K. SISTARE,
ADJOINING HOWES & MACY,
30 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

FEBRUARY 11, 1867.
New York City and County Stocks Wanted.

Family Aid Bonds, Soldier's Bounty Fund Bonds, and other County Stocks. Also,
Stocks due in 1868 to 1870 at a very high price.

Bankers and Brokers.

JOSEPH A. JAMESON,
AMOS COTTING,
Of Jameson, Cotting & Co.
St. Louis.

JAMES D. SMITH,
of the late firm of James
Low & Co., New York
& Louisville, Ky.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting

BANKERS,

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive Deposits in Currency and Gold, and allow Interest at the rate of **Four Per Cent** per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

P. HAYDEN,

BANKER,

AND DEALER IN BULLION AND SPECIE,
24 Nassau Street, New York.

The Specie Department will be in charge of J. S. CHONISZ, (late of J. S. Cronise & Co.), who has my authority to sign the Firm name by procuration.

GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,

BANKERS,

NO. 18 NEW STREET.

Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry C. Hardy.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Brokers and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and collected.
Deposits received, subject to check, without notice, and Four per cent. Interest allowed thereon.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,
84 BROADWAY.

Negotiate
Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,
Contract for
Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives,
Cars, etc.,
and undertake
all business connected with Railways.

HASLETT McKIM, ROBT. McKIM, JNO. A. McKIM.

McKim, Bros. & Co.,

BANKERS,

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

Gelston & Bussing,

BANKERS & BROKERS

27 WALL STREET

All orders receive our Personal Attention.
WM. J. GELSTON, **JOHN S. BUSSING.**

THEO. M. MORGAN,

STOCKS,
GOLD,
AND
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Bought and Sold on Commission

No. 7 New Street, New York.

Reference: JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers, New York.

Bankers and Brokers.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT.

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS.
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

C. POWELL, GREEN & CO.

Bankers & Commission

MERCHANTS,

38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

Wilson, Callaway & Co.,

BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 44 Broad Street, N. Y.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants, bankers, and others allowed 4 per cent. on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. J. K. GILLIAT & CO., of Liverpool.

Western Bankers.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canada. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

SCOTT & Co.,

Late Scott, Kerr & Co.,
BANKERS,

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS.

Collections made on all accessible points and remitted for on the day of payment, less current rates of exchange.

The Marine Company

OF CHICAGO.

J. YOUNG SCAMMON President.
ROBERT REID Manager.
General Banking and Collections
promptly attended to.

Established 1848.

HASKELL & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Exchange collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at current rates of exchange.

Second National Bank.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Capital..\$200,000 | Surplus..\$150,566
Prompt attention given to the business of correspondents.
E. D. JONES, Cashier.

NORTH-WESTERN STATES

BANK OF

GEO. C. SMITH & BRO.,

48 LASALLE ST., CHICAGO,

(Lake Bank of Montreal.)

Special attention given to collections.
Draw on—Drexel, Winthrop & Co. and Winslow, Lanier & Co., New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia, and Bank of Montreal, Canada.

Bankers and Brokers.**Fourth National Bank.**

Capital.....\$5,000,000

NASSAU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STREET.

All the Government Loans for sale.

Collections made for Dealers on best terms.

Central National Bank,
318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and Country accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President.
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.**The Tradesmen's****NATIONAL BANK.**

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS.....400,000RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.**TENTH NATIONAL BANK.**

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 336 BROADWAY COR. WORTH ST.

Designated Depository of the Government. Bankers' and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

D. L. ROSS, President.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,**BANKERS,****NO. 24 BROAD STREET.**

Buy and Sell at Market Rates

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to sight draft.

Make collections on favorable terms,
And promptly execute orders for the Purchase of Sale of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.**ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,****BANKERS,****No. 14 Wall Street, New York.**

Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securities, of all issues, and execute orders for the purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS, and GOLD.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight.

L. S. WATKINS,**NO. 11 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,****BANKER,****And Dealer in all Classes of Government Securities and Gold.**

Collections made in all parts of the United States and British America.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,**BANKERS,****No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.**Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. **FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED** on deposits, subject to check at sight.**JOHN COCKLE & SON,****BROKERS****In Foreign Exchange, Bonds, Notes, &c., &c.**

32 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

REFERENCES.—Moses Taylor: John Munroe & Co.; C. Savage, U.S. Appraiser; W. Cockle, Florida, Ill.; Hon. F. K. Spinner, Treasurer U. S., Washington.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. New York, February 20, 1867.—THIRTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.—NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Three (3) per cent. out of the net earnings of the quarter ending January 31, 1867, payable at the office of the company, FRIDAY, March 1.

The transfer books will be closed Thursday, February 21, at 4 P.M., and re-opened Monday, March 4, at 10 A.M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

THEODORE T. JOHNSON.

Southern Bankers.**National Bank of the Republic,**

809 & 811 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

Capital.....\$500,000

Offers its services to Banks and Bankers on liberal terms.

DIRECTORS:Joseph T. Bailey, Edward B. Orne,
Nathan Hilles, William Ervin,
Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Osgood Welsh,
Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Hoyt,

William H. Rhawn.

WILLIAM H. RHAWN, President,
Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier,
Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.**WASHINGTON.****FIRST NATIONAL BANK****OF WASHINGTON,**

H. D. COOKE of Jay Cooke & Co., Pres't.

WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT H. MAURY, JAS. L. MAURY, ROBT T. BROOKS

R. H. MAURY & Co.,**BANKERS AND BROKERS****No. 1014 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.**

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.
N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILY & Co.**Charles D. Carr & Co.,****BANKERS AND BROKERS,****AUGUSTA, GA.**

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR

Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,**No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.**

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

REFERENCES:Babcock Bros. & Co., Bankers, New York.
Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
E. H. Bulky & Co., Brokers, New York.
Byrd & Hall, New York.
Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
Henry A. Hurlbert, late Swift & Hurlbert.
Home Insurance Company of New York.
New York Life Insurance Company.
Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
Underwriters Agency New York.
Charles Wales, Pres't Bank of Mobile.
Henry A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.**GEORGE BUTLER,****BANKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,****GALVESTON, TEXAS.**

(Established in 1847.)

Collections promptly attended to and remitted for by Sight Drafts on Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., Bankers, New York.

References in New York:—Duncan Sherman & Co.; I. H. Frothingham, Esq., Pres't. Union Trust Co.; Moses Taylor, Esq.; R. H. Lowry, Esq., Pres't. Bank of Republic; Henry Swift & Co.; H. B. Claflin & Co.

Office in New York No. 71 Broadway.

T. H. McMAHAN & Co.**COMMISSION MERCHANTS****and Dealers in Domestic and Foreign Exchange.****GALVESTON, TEXAS.**

Special attention given to Collections of all kinds, having prompt and reliable correspondents at all accessible points in the State, and REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT EXCHANGE AT CURRENT RATES.

REFER TO

National Park Bank, Howes & Macy, and Spofford, Tilton & Co., New York. Second National Bank and J. W. Seaver, Esq., Boston. Drexel & Co. and D. S. Stearns & Co., Philadelphia. T. F. Thirkield & Co., Cincinnati. Third National Bank and Jos. E. Elder & Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler, Standard & Co., Mobile. Pike, Mapeyre & Bro., New Orleans. Drake, Kleinwerth & Cohen, London and Liverpool.

Southern Bankers.**BURKE & Co.,****BANKERS,**

54 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS,

Draw on Merchants National Bank, New York, and Bank of Liverpool, England.

Collections and remittances promptly attended to.

Conner & Wilson,**No. 5 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.,****BANKERS & DEALERS****IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE, SPECIE,****BANK NOTES, STOCKS, AND BONDS.****Special attention paid to Collections.**

Refer to Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; The Franklin Bank, and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury & Co., Richmond, Va.; Charles D. Carr & Co. Augusta, Ga.

Eastern Bankers.**Page, Richardson & Co.,**

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON**AND****JOHN MUNROE & Co., PARIS.****ALSO ISSUE**

COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent. TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,**STOCK BROKERS,****No. 23 STATE STREET, BOSTON.**

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Western Bankers.J. W. ELLIS, Pres't. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V-Pres't.
THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.**THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK****of Cincinnati.**

Collections made on all points WEST and SOUTH, and promptly remitted for. Capital Stock, \$1,000,000. Surplus Fund, \$250,000. DIRECTORS.—John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison, William Glenn, R. M. Bishop, William Woods, James A. Frazer, Robert Mitchell, A. S. Winslow.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,**108 & 110 West Fourth Street,****CINCINNATI, OHIO.**

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.

FOR SALE.

D. A. GIVEN, of Watts, Given & Co., Paducah, Ky.

D. W. JONES, of Boyle Co., Ky.

L. M. FLOURNOY, Pres't Commercial Bank of Ky.

N. S. KAY, late Cash'r Com'l B'k of Ky., Lebanon, Ky.

BANKING HOUSE OF**GIVEN, JONES & Co.,****33 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.****THE CITY BANK OF N. O., NEW ORLEANS, LA.**

Orders for the purchase or sale of Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed.

Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to cheques at sight.

Special attention given to the Foreign Exchange Business. GIVEN, JONES & Co. are prepared to draw Sterling Bills, at sight or sixty days, on the Bank of Liverpool, in sums to suit purchasers.

The New Orleans House will make Collections in that City and at all accessible points South, and remit on the day of payment.

We refer to BANK OF AMERICA and NATIONAL BANK OF STATE OF NEW YORK, New York City, and to any of the Kentucky Banks.

Financial.

Southwest
Pacific Railroad
Company,

SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORT-
GAGE BONDS.

\$2,000,000 In Coupon Bonds of
\$1,000 each,

TWENTY YEARS TO RUN,

Principal and Interest Guaranteed by the Atlantic
and Pacific Railroad Company,

And secured by property valued at \$7,500,000, consist-
ing of 90 miles of completed road and 330,000
acres of rich agricultural and mineral lands on the
line of the road. (By a provision of the mortgage,
when lands are sold to the amount of \$40,000, it is
to constitute a Fund for the redemption of a like
amount of bonds, which are also received by the
Company at PAR in payment for land.) This land is
now being disposed of at rates from \$5 to \$40
per acre.

The climate is remarkably salubrious, and the
mean temperature the same as in Virginia. The
winters last about six weeks, and the stock can be
kept on the range the year through. For particu-
lars respecting lands address Colonel A. ALBERT,
Land Agent at St. Louis, Mo.

This Company has recently been merged with the
ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, having
a land grant of 55,000,000 of acres, thereby adding
to the fullest to the security of these Bonds.

The road of the latter Company, when completed,
will form a direct and continuous railway from St.
Louis to San Francisco, shorter by 500 miles from
New York to the Pacific than by any other
route.

Of the present issue of Bonds a limited
amount is now offered for sale at the
low rate of 80 per cent., subject to ad-
vance at the option of the company.

For further particulars apply to

WARD & CO.

No. 54 Wall Street, New York.

SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORT-
GAGE BONDS
OF THE

NORTH MISSOURI RAIL-
ROAD COMPANY.

We offer for sale the Seven Per Cent. First Mort-
gage Bonds of the North Missouri Railroad Com-
pany, having thirty years to run. Coupons pay-
able in New York on January 1 and July 1, in each
year.

Before accepting the agency for sale of these
bonds, we made careful inquiry into the condition
and prospects of the road, which was examined by
Mr. Wm. Milnor Roberts and others, on our behalf
and their highly satisfactory report enables us to re-
commend the bonds as first-class securities, and a
safe and judicious investment.

The proceeds of these bonds (\$8,000,000 in all) will
be used in extending a road, already completed 170
miles into North Missouri, to the Iowa State line,
where it is to connect with the railroads of Iowa,
and also westward to the junction with the Pacific
Railroad (at Leavenworth) and other railroads lead-
ing up the Missouri River, so that the mortgage of
\$8,000,000 will cover a complete and well-stocked
road of 380 miles in length, costing at least \$10,000,
000, with a net annual revenue after the first year
of over \$1,500,000, or a sum nearly four times be-
yond the amount needed to pay the interest on these
bonds, the income of the road of course increasing
every year.

The Railroad connects the great City of St. Louis
with its 200,000 inhabitants, not only with the rich
east portions of Missouri, but with the States of Kan-
sas and Iowa and the great Pacific Railroads.

The first 500,000 have been sold at 80 cents, and the
remainder are now offered at 85 cents. At this rate
they yield nearly 8 1/2 per cent. income, and add 20
per cent. to principal at maturity.

Any further inquiries will be answered at our
office.

JAY COOKE & CO.

Financial.

1866.

OFFICE OF THE
Sun Mutual Ins. Co.,

Insurance Buildings, 49 Wall St.

New York, January 30, 1867.

The following statement of the affairs of this
Company is published in conformity with the re-
quirements of the 10th section of the Act of its in-
corporation:

Premiums on unexpired risks, Decem- ber 31st, 1865.....	\$640,311 71
Premiums received during the year to December 31st, 1866:	
On Marine Risks.....	\$2,383,946 07
On Inland Risks.....	212,103 14-2,595,349 21
	\$3,335,660 92

The amount of earned premiums dur-
ing the year, less return premiums,
was.....\$2,130,322 30

Losses paid during the year:	
On Marine Risks.....	\$3,382,18 81
On Inland Risks.....	205,749 99
Expenses and Re-insur- ance.....	278,638 34
	\$3,865,407 14

The assets of the Company on the 31st December

1866, were as follows, viz:	
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages	\$440,650 00
United States Stocks, Loans on Stocks, Accrued Interest on Bonds and Mort- gages and Loans, Rents of Real Es- tate, Salvage, &c.....	425,548 43
Cash.....	91,778 04
Bills Receivable.....	943,564 68
Premium Accounts not yet collected..	84,245 25
Scrip of Sundry Mutual Insurance Companies.....	3,108 00
Total.....	\$1,988,889 39

The foregoing statement has been made to con-
form strictly to the requirements of the Company's
Charter.

The RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES of the
Company for the year ending 31st December, 1866,
have been as follows:

Expenditures for Marine Losses, Re- turn Premiums, Expenses, &c.....	\$3,506,069 14
Receipts from Earned Premiums, Profits on Gold, &c.....	2,575,462 26
Excess of expenditures over receipts	\$930,606 88

The Company were liable
at the end of the year, for
Unpaid Losses, Return
Premiums, commissions
&c., estimated at.....\$848,611 43

Less, to be received for ad-
vance in value of Real
Estate, Stocks, &c., and
for sundry Salvage, Re-
insurance and other as-
sets due the company
estimated at.....\$413,426 26- 295,185 07

Deficiency.....	\$1,165,791 95
Amount of outstanding Scrip called in and cancelled.....	\$1,161,830 06

In view of the above result, the Board of Trustees
have this day ordered, that the outstanding Scrip or
Certificates of Profits heretofore issued by the Com-
pany, be reduced their entire amount, and the Cer-
tificates issued therefor called in and cancelled.

Holders of Certificates not heretofore redeemed,
are hereby notified of the action of the Board, and
are requested to surrender such certificates at the
office of the Company for cancellation.

The Board of Trustees also resolved, that a sub-
scription of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOL-
LARS of notes in advance of premiums be taken
up, in addition to the cash capital of FIVE HUN-
DRED THOUSAND DOLLARS already subscribed
and not included in the above assets.

No Fire Risks, disconnected from Marine, have
been taken by the Company

LILLIE'S SAFES,

MANUFACTURED BY

LILLIE SAFE & IRON COMPANY.

This Company are now prepared to execute orders
for BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF SAFES, BANK
LOCKS, VAULTS, and bank work of all descrip-
tions, under the several Letters Patent issued to
Lewis Lillie. A new combination of metals has
been produced, from which it is practicable to make
a strictly Burglar and Fire-Proof Safe, adapted to
the present requirements of the entire community,
both as to security and price.

From tests made of this metal at the Novelty
Works, New York, Messrs. Merrick & Sons, Phila-
delphia, and Messrs. Hinckley & Williams, Boston,
whose reports, with those of others, will form a
notice hereafter, we are authorized to say that a
single plate safe of this metal will afford perfect
security against burglars, however well they may
have been instructed by the combined competitors
of Lillie's Safes.

An extensive stock and variety is now on hand at
their salesrooms, to which the attention of purchasers
is requested.

LILLIE SAFE AND IRON COMPANY,

LEWIS LILLIE, President,

198 Broadway, New York.

Bankers and Brokers.

SATTERLEE & Co.,

70 BROADWAY & 15 NEW STREET.

STOCKS AND BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

ALL VARIETIES.

Drake Brothers,

STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,

NO. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securi-
ties, Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and
Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petro-
leum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to
Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Invest-
ments made. Orders Promptly Executed.

J. B. CHAFFER, Pres.
H. J. ROGERS, V. Pres. GEO. T. CLARK, Cashier.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
of Denver,

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE U. S.
Authorized Capital - - - \$500,000
Paid in Capital - - - \$200,000
Transact a General Banking business corner of
Blake and F. Sts. DENVER COLORADO.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES.

EDWIN Q. BELL,

BANKER AND BROKER,

In Southern Securities and Bank Bills.

80 BROADWAY & 5 NEW STREET,
New York.

W. H. WHITTINGHAM,

No. 8 Broad Street,

MINING,
EXPRESS,
TELEGRAPH,
RAILROAD,
AND ALL OTHER STOCKS,
BONDS AND GOLD

Bought and Sold on Commission.
Quotations and sales lists furnished daily on appli-
cation. Orders promptly executed.

RIKER & Co.,

BROKERS IN MINING STOCKS,

NO. 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY.

J. VAN SCHAICK,

38 Broad Street,

BANKER AND STOCK BROKER.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS

AND
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all
parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

THE

PARIS UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION.

NORTON & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

14 RUE AUVER, PARIS.

Highest premium allowed for Exchange on Lon-
don.

Special attention paid to securing apartments for
Americans visiting Paris, and letters of enquiry
replied to by return mail.

GEORGE FARNHAM,

(Late of G. S. Robbins & Son.)

COMMERCIAL PAPER,

ALSO,

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c. BOUGHT AND
SOLD ON COMMISSION.

54 William Street, corner of Pine.

Bankers and Brokers.**L. P. MORTON & Co.,****BANKERS,**

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(58 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON,

CHARLES E. MILNOR,

WALTER H. BURNS,

H. CRUGER OAKLEY.

Travellers' Credits.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR THE USE OF TRAVELLERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST.

ISSUED FOR

Messrs. J. S. Morgan & Co., London,

BY

Dabney, Morgan & Co.,

53 Exchange Place.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen**LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.**

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

53 Exchange Place, New York.

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A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 4.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1867.

NO. 89.

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THE MARCH STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The debt statement offers several interesting features. From the comparative table, which appears in its place, our readers will see that the work of funding has gone on more rapidly than usual. No less than 42 millions of long bonds have been disposed of—32 millions in exchange for compounds and seven-thirties, and 10 millions for money. Only a part of this cash has been disbursed, so that the currency balance has been augmented 7½ millions. The coin balance has also accumulated 10 millions in consequence of customs receipts. Its amount is now \$107,271,031.

As the claims against this gold by holders of coin certificates amount to \$18,376,180, the net balance of coin is \$88,894,851. There is a very strong antipathy both in and out of Congress against allowing so large a sum of idle cash to remain locked up in the Treasury while the Government is paying so heavy a rate of interest as 8 per cent. on all the long bonds it issues. The interest at 8 per cent. on the sum

we have now in the Treasury vaults would amount to 12 millions of dollars a year. If this sum could be reduced by one-half 6 millions a year would be saved.

In view of the recent changes in the income tax, which may reduce its product from 60 to 40 millions, or perhaps less, the country cannot afford to lose so large an annual sum in interest. Especially is this accumulation of currency to be objected to when, as in the present case, it is obtained by selling gold-bearing bonds. What private individual in his ordinary business could afford to borrow money at high rates for the sole purpose of keeping it idle? We sometimes hear the excuse that the public credit is improved when we can show a full purse, and that a large balance in the Treasury helps the price of our bonds. There is no practical force in this reasoning. A working balance is all we want. If adequate for actual payments a small balance is better than a large one. What helps the public credit is not the idle balance but the incoming revenue. An overgrown temporary balance is a temporary reservoir which may become exhausted, but a revenue is a stream which flows perennially. There are many popular objections to the heavy Treasury balances which Mr. McCulloch has lately allowed himself to accumulate. But in the present state of the country it ought to be unnecessary to urge any other argument than this one of economy.

The only point of interest which remains to be noticed is the cancelling of an undue amount of greenbacks. The contraction law positively prohibits the withdrawal of more than 4 millions in any one month. Mr. McCulloch has taken in more than 5 millions. This violation of a plain, positive enactment of the law provokes much comment. In January the greenbacks were increased one million, and it is claimed by some persons that the extra million was withdrawn in February on that account. But this explanation does not satisfy the objectors. The law, they say, is clear and precise. There is no power given to reduce the currency more than 4 millions under any circumstances. The subject, it is said, will probably come up in Congress.

MR. CISCO ON TREASURY ADMINISTRATION.

There is a growing anxiety in the public mind relative to certain real or imaginary mischiefs, which by common consent are ascribed to the vast powers of the Treasury, as exerted from time to time upon the currency and upon the money market. Among the multitude of letters evoked by the uncertainty incident to this state of things there is one from Mr. Cisco, which has been published this week. The writer is well known as the head of a leading banking firm; and, speaking with the authority derived from fifteen years' faithful service as Assistant Treasurer in this city, he may be presumed to have a good title to be heard.

In a practical point of view, the most important part of Mr. Cisco's paper is that in which he insists that Congress and the Treasury should work together according to a well-known fixed policy. This necessity is so obvious, so generally demanded, and has so often been urged in our columns, that we refrain from saying more about it in this place. The public will heartily approve Mr. Cisco's remarks on this subject, and we only regret that he did not develop his facts and suggestions more fully. Few men are better able to expose the departmental uselessness and the public mischiefs resulting from secret manipulations of the money market by the Treasury, whether conducted by the sale of gold or of bonds, by suddenly drawing down the balances in the National Banks, or by spasmodic changes in the volume of the currency.

Mr. Cisco had other objects in view, however, and among them that of elaborating a system of finance adequate to meet the embarrassments, present and prospective, of the National Treasury. Accordingly, he begins by giving a sketch of the position of the public debt. When the new year opened, he tells us, the public debt was composed of three items: First, long-funded bonds, 1,385 millions, demanding 81 millions a year of interest in coin; secondly, short obligations, such as Seven-thirties, 677 millions; and Compound Notes, 145 millions; all of which fall due before the close of next year; thirdly, legal tender notes to the amount of 400 millions, which the writer tells us are "payable on demand, and of course payable in gold." Having made this statement, he has to account for the fact that these notes, though "payable on demand in gold," are not worth their face in standard coin of the United States. He solves the difficulty by the brief explanation that "the Treasury is not in perfect credit; its notes payable on demand being depreciated 27 per cent. below gold, and its 6 per cent. bonds selling much below par in gold."

This formula "not in perfect credit" is the key to Mr. Cisco's "system of finances." It is imperfect credit which makes the currency depreciated, and which causes the six per cent. Five-twenties to sell at 80 in coin, instead of at 100. When he has said that "the Treasury is not in perfect credit" he believes that he has accounted for all the phenomena both of depreciated paper money and of low-priced bonds.

Having thus settled the question as to what is the malady, Mr. Cisco goes on to say how it must be cured. The remedy, he tells us is, "first of all to improve the credit" of the Treasury. This is logical. Let us see how the end is accomplished. First, he would forbid all sales of Government gold. The coin paid into the Treasury he would hold as a sacred deposit, which should be "a reserve and guaranty fund against the future gold interest and against the legal tender notes, so as to enhance the value of these latter just as a bank keeps a reserve against its liabilities." It is easy to see how this mass of coin might sustain the price of the interest bearing bonds; for in case the customs duties should fall off for a time the bondholders would be assured of the payment of their maturing interest. But how the precious hoard could have any influence on the greenbacks Mr. Cisco fails to show. As long as no holder of greenbacks has a claim to a dollar of this coin reserve, how could the purchasing power or public estimation of the greenback currency be at all influenced by it? We might as well say that a glass of wine and water on your table would become less and less diluted in proportion as you pour wine into the decanter beside it. It is in vain to say that a diluted currency of greenbacks can be raised to par, or made equal to coin by any "reserve" which is inaccessible to the holder of the greenbacks. The specie reserve of a bank keeps the notes of that bank at par, because the coin is freely accessible, dollar for

dollar, to every owner of a bank note who chooses to demand it.

Secondly, Mr. Cisco would stop all contraction of legal tender notes. He would leave the greenbacks "where they are, in the pockets of the people, and take measures for making them good, as above suggested," that is, by amassing a reserve of coin which no holder of a greenback can touch. He would improve the flavor of the wine and water by filling the decanter to the brim. It cannot be denied that there are good reasons against contraction. Many persons oppose it. We ourselves vehemently oppose contraction of the currency when unskillfully done, because it is apt to contract credits, to disturb business, to react on the public revenue, to depress the markets and to injure the prices of Government securities. Contraction, like some other useful things, is a good servant but a very bad master. The difficulty is that its help cannot in the existing depreciation be dispensed with. Stop contraction and there can be no resumption.

Thirdly, Mr. Cisco would issue no more gold-bearing bonds at present. He thinks the Treasury loses by changing Seven-thirties for Five-twenties, as the latter bear more interest than the former. It were time enough to make the change when the notes come due. This would be sound reasoning but for one or two awkward facts. The holders of the Seven-thirties will shortly be able to demand payment of principal and interest in currency. We have seen panics in which the public funds have run down to par and far below par. Suppose such a panic to happen in August, 1867. The Seven-thirties then due may have to be paid in cash. The demand for new legal tenders may not be arrested until we have issued 100 millions more than are now outstanding. Or suppose such a revulsion about midsummer, 1868, when, in the space of thirty days, 400 millions or, perhaps, 500 millions of Seven-thirties will mature. What a frightful impulse towards repudiation the currency of the country might thus receive by excessive issues of legal tender paper. It is too late now to complain because the maturity of these Seven-thirties was not more judiciously arranged at the time of their original issue. The mischief has been done. And if we refuse to issue gold bonds to take up these notes before maturity the mischief cannot perhaps be undone.

Mr. Cisco thinks that, instead of issuing gold-bearing bonds, we might induce the holders of the Seven-thirties to forego their claim on Five-Twenties and to accept a twenty-year bond bearing 7 3-10 interest in currency, with the option to the Government to pay instead of 7 3-10 in paper 6 per cent. in gold after the first three years. But as these currency bonds would not be equal in intrinsic value to the 6 per cent. coin bonds, how shall we induce the holders to accept the offer?

It is easy to see why Mr. Cisco, with his very peculiar opinions on the currency, and his anxiety to hoard up a "coin reserve," looks with concern on the growing amount of our annual coin disbursements. Soon, he tells us, "our gold interest will be 130 millions a year. Between now and that time is our opportunity for strengthening the Treasury in gold; after that our power to do so will be in a great degree, if not entirely, cut off." According to his view our hope of returning to specie payments rests on what we can do in hoarding specie during the next fifteen months. Suppose we could spare 100 millions from our interest reserves and devote this amount to the work of "redemption." How far would these 100 millions go? How much of our outstanding Government currency could we pay off? We are told, indeed, that the people would not demand the gold. Should the Government, with 100 millions of coin, offer to pay four hundred millions of greenbacks, people would not

want to exchange their greenbacks. They would prefer greenbacks and refuse gold.

Such statements are unworthy of a serious discussion. If the Government to-morrow held two hundred millions of coin, and were to offer it at par for greenbacks, we may depend upon it a market would before long be found for the whole sum. It would be bought at home, and it would be the cheapest thing we could export, the best commodity for foreigners to buy. Gold always finds a market everywhere.

We must do Mr. Cisco the justice to acknowledge that he does not carry his views to such excesses as have some of the less practical minds who have attempted to vindicate and expound his theory. He virtually gives up the whole question when he says he would not attempt to force specie payments, nor to fix a time for them. He would leave them to come about naturally. To postpone, as he recommends, the question of what to do about taking in and cancelling the legal tender notes until these notes are brought up to par, is in reality to defer to an indefinite period all hope of improving our currency or bringing up its purchasing power more nearly to a level with that of coin.

But we will not further argue the few questions on which we disagree with Mr. Cisco. His theories will find very few supporters, while his practical opinions as to the necessity of a settled financial policy and of publicity in the doings of the Treasury cannot fail to secure general assent.

COURSE OF PRICES.

The course of prices during late months has not been what would be very generally supposed, from the dulness of trade and the necessities under which many holders of products have been placed. Throughout the interior there has been a protracted stringency in the money market, and at this port a curtailment of the usual facilities for credit, so that, as a rule, stocks of merchandise and produce have been carried with difficulty. The state of the politics and of the trade of the country has produced a very marked caution among lenders, which, in connection with a chronic expectation of lower prices, has naturally caused merchants to realize upon their goods as early as possible, a course which has produced a settled weakness in the market.

On the other hand, there has been a very general curtailment of consumption, especially of those products least essential to subsistence and comfort. The pressure of taxation, the depression of trade, and the exhaustion of means following the extravagant expenditures growing out of the prevailing inflation, have necessitated among all classes a diminution of expenses, which it might be expected would produce a perceptible decline in values. The general result, however, does not wholly correspond with expectations based upon the operation of these causes. The quotations for some articles show a very important fall in prices; but there are notable exceptions to this rule, and especially in the case of food products. For the purpose of indicating the course of prices within the last twelve months, we present the wholesale quotations at New York of certain leading articles of consumption, giving in each case the average price at the dates named.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF LEADING PRODUCTS AT NEW YORK MARCH 1, 1866, SEPT. 1, 1866, AND MARCH 1, 1867.

Food Products—	Mar. 1, 1866.	Sept. 1, 1866.	Mar. 1, 1867.
Butter, N. Y. fair.....	\$0 42½	\$0 35	\$0 34
Cheese, fact. dairies.....	22	18	19½
Flour, R. hoop Ohio.....	8 60	9 40	11 00
Wheat, Mil. Club.....	1 65	2 00	2 10
Corn, mixed western.....	78	80	1 08
Beef, extra mess., new.....	22 25	22 00	18 50
Pork, mess., new.....	28 00	32 75	30 75
Lard.....	18	19½	12½
Rice, Carolina.....	12 50	13 25	10 37½
Sugar, granulated.....	17	16½	15½
Salt, Worthington's.....	3 00	2 85	3 00
Tea, Hyson, med.....	1 40	1 25	1 25
Coffee, Rio, prime (gold).....	21	10½	18½
Fish, dry cod.....	7 50	7 50	6 00

Clothing Products—

Cotton, middling uplands.....	44	32	33
Wool, Saxony fleece.....	74	63	58
Flax, Jersey.....	30	21	19½
Silk, Tsatlees, No. 1.....	11 60	11 00	12 00
Brown sheetings, standards.....	28	23	29
Print cloths 64x64.....	14½	13½	11½

Metals—

Copper, Portage Lake.....	36	81	27½
Iron, Scotch pig.....	48 50	47 50	43 00
" American pig.....	49 00	49 00	45 50
" Rails, American.....	85 00	87 50	84 00
Lead, English (gold).....	9 00	10 75	6 90
Spelter, plates, domestic.....	11	11	9½
Steel, American spring.....	12	11½	13½
Tin, English (gold).....	24	21½	22
Zinc, sheet.....	14½	14½	12

Woods—

Eastern spruce.....	24 00	22 50	19 75
Southern pine.....	60 00	45 00	42 50
Clear pine.....	90 00	90 00	90 00
Black walnut.....	112 50	110 00	110 00

Miscellaneous—

Ashes, pearl, 1st.....	11 75	13 75	12 25
Coal, anthracite.....	10 50	8 50	7 25
Cordage, Manila.....	23	23	22½
Feathers, P. West.....	60	82	86
Hair, Rio Grande.....	29	34	33½
Hay, North River.....	83	87½	1 40
Tar, pitch, spirits.....	91	69	71
Pitch.....	4 35	3 25	4 50
Rosin, No. 1.....	10 50	6 00	6 25
Oil, Olive, in casks.....	1 70	1 75	1 60
" Whale, refined.....	1 50	1 52	1 02½
" Kerosene.....	1 85	1 92	1 02
Petroleum, crude.....	29	27	17½
Rags, white, city.....	13	10½	—
Tallow, American.....	12	12½	11½

The first class of products comprises the chief expenditures of the household. In breadstuffs the advance since March, 1866, is very important, averaging about 35 per cent., and goes far toward neutralizing the decline upon other articles. In dairy products and beef and pork the reduction averages about 20 per cent., while groceries show a fall of about 10 per cent. Upon the whole, however, the housewife would appear to be able to supply her table at a lower cost than a year ago, the average decline being probably 5@7½ per cent.

In clothing manufactures and their respective raw materials the decline has been most marked. Cotton has fallen within the year 12 cents per pound, or 30 per cent., and domestic wool, of Saxony fleece grade, 16 cents, or say 22½ per cent., while domestic fabrics have declined in fully an equal proportion. Woollen goods, indeed, have fallen in a ratio beyond that of the raw material, the production having been largely in excess of the wants of the country; and manufacturers have consequently sustained severe losses.

In the metal markets the fluctuations have been less marked than in other products. Pig iron has fallen about \$4 per ton, or less than 10 per cent.; railroad iron brings nearly the same price as it did one year ago; steel is even higher, and tin shows but a nominal decline; while copper, lead, spelter and zinc, range 15@25 per cent. lower. Although the decline in this class of products is not so general as might be desired, yet it is sufficient to afford important relief to industrial operations by cheapening machinery and some of the materials of building. Similar relief is also offered by the changes in the value of lumber and staple woods generally. From the quotations above given it will be seen that, in spruce and Southern pine there has been a decline warranting an important reduction in the cost of the principal classes of wood work, although fancy woods maintain nearly old prices. In oils, which are by no means unimportant in their relation to manufacturing processes, the table also shows a similar movement towards lower figures. And, still more important, coal, the chief source of motive power, is but little over two-thirds the price at which it sold one year ago.

It will be apparent from this hasty survey that, although the decline in prices has not been universal, and there are some important exceptions to a downward course of values yet, upon the whole, it has been sufficiently broad to afford important relief to consumers at large and to our depressed manufacturing industries. With the almost sole exceptions

of bread and rent, the working classes find a material reduction in all their items of expenditure, and are, therefore, the better prepared to meet that fall in wages which the changed condition of production and values renders inevitable. In some cases reduction of wages has actually taken place within late months; but the price of labor has not fallen so generally, nor in such a ratio, as the value of products. The inference is therefore plain that, as capitalists are not making their usual profits upon production, they will be necessitated to enforce lower rates of wages. This is one of the most essential measures toward a further reduction of the scale of values; and the labor market is evidently being prepared for it. The number of unemployed workmen is on the increase, and very many of the factories have recently put their hands on short time; so that the competition for employment must soon produce its natural result.

The future of prices is to a large extent dependent upon causes as yet uncertain as to their ultimate development. If the seasons should prove favorable to abundant crops, on great condition toward a further decline in values will be insured. During last year the failure of the wheat crops of Europe conduced to promote extraordinary high prices for breadstuffs in the United States; and, with high prices for bread, employers have naturally been somewhat reluctant to cut down the pay of their hands. But with a plentiful harvest this year the reduction of wages would be only the more sweeping from the movement having been deferred. The partial abatement of internal taxes upon some leading manufactures is in favor of a limited decline of values, while Congress appears indisposed to favor any course tending to foster the prevailing inflation.

It is not to be supposed that there will be any sudden or extreme fall in values, except in the event of a general panic, a contingency which there is no very obvious reason for expecting, and which, should it occur, would have only a temporary effect upon prices. The causes chiefly regulating values are identified with the natural laws of trade, which are always steady and gradual in their operation; and it is by the current modifications of these influences, rather than by temporary and extraneous events, that we must be guided in our anticipations as to future changes in prices.

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Abstract statement, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Treasury Department, on the 1st of January, the 1st of February, and the 1st of March, 1867, comparatively :

DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST.			
	Jan. 1.	Feb. 1.	Mar. 1.
5 per cent. bonds.....	\$198,091,350	\$198,091,350	\$198,091,350
“ “ of 1877 and 1868....	15,779,442	15,779,442	15,679,442
“ “ of 1881.....	283,740,850	283,745,350	283,745,400
“ “ 5.30's.....	891,132,100	910,029,500	954,839,000
Navy Pension Fund.....	11,750,000	12,500,000	12,050,000
	<u>\$1,400,490,742</u>	<u>\$1,420,145,542</u>	<u>\$1,464,555,292</u>
DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.			
6 per cent. bonds.....	\$10,692,000	\$12,992,000	\$12,992,000
3-year Compound Interest Notes.....	144,900,840	143,064,640	141,308,890
3-year 7.30 notes.....	676,856,600	665,000,000	632,798,050
	<u>\$832,379,440</u>	<u>\$819,672,740</u>	<u>\$787,028,880</u>
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED.			
Various bonds and notes.....	\$16,518,590	\$15,791,454	\$14,576,680
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.			
United States Notes.....	\$580,497,842	\$581,437,090	\$576,235,696
Fractional currency.....	28,732,812	28,734,734	29,514,722
Gold certificates of deposit.....	16,442,680	19,992,980	18,376,180
	<u>\$425,673,334</u>	<u>\$430,163,804</u>	<u>\$424,126,598</u>
Aggregate debt.....	<u>\$2,675,062,505</u>	<u>\$2,685,773,540</u>	<u>\$2,690,687,289</u>
Coin and Currency in Treasury.....	131,737,338	142,438,791	159,823,390
Debt, less coin and currency.....	<u>\$2,543,325,172</u>	<u>\$2,543,349,749</u>	<u>\$2,530,763,899</u>

The following statement shows the amount of coin and currency separately at the dates in the foregoing table :

	Jan. 1.	Feb. 1.	Mar. 1.
Gold Coin.....	\$97,841,968	\$97,354,604	\$107,271,031
Currency.....	83,695,765	45,009,187	52,253,968
Total gold coin and currency.....	\$181,537,733	\$142,363,791	\$159,525,999

DEBT AND FINANCES OF KENTUCKY.

The funded debt of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as shown by the Auditor's Report for the fiscal year ending October 10, 1866, amounted at that date to the sum of \$5,238,691.79, viz.:

	6 per cent. bonds	and scrip,	due.....	\$409	00
5 "	"	due	"	90	00
5 "	"	not due	"	8,946.	00
5 "	"	held by Board of Education	"	251.	00
5 "	"	issued for unexpended county distribution and held by Board of Education	"	67.	50
6 "	"			1,259.	27
6 "	"			01	78

Total public debt Oct. 10, 1866.....	\$5,238,691 70
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The following is a detailed description of the several issues comprised in the above aggregate amounts:

Date of Issue.	Issued in favor of—	Principal Issued.	Payable, Nov.	Rate.	Payable, Nov.	Amount, Out- standing.
Feb. 28, 1835.	Old Issues, past due	May 25, 1835	30 years	5	May & Nov.	\$600,500
Feb. 28, 1835.	Prime, Ward & King	Aug. 1, 1835	30 years	5	Feb. & Aug.	4,000
Feb. 29, 1836.	Northern Bank of Ky.	Apr. 2, 1836	35 years	5	Apr. & Oct.	100,000
Feb. 29, 1836.	Northern Bank of Ky.	June 1, 1836	30 years	5	June & Dec.	8,000
Feb. 28, 1837.	U. S. War Department	April 1, 1837	30 years	5	April & Oct.	16,000
Mar. 8, 1843.	John Tullford, agent to sell	Sept. 2, 1843	"	5	"	100,000
Feb. 16, 1838.	Amer. Life Insur. and Trust Co.	July 1, 1838	"	6	Jan. & July.	1,250,000
Feb. 28, 1839.	Contractors on pub- lic works	Apr. 22, 1840	"	6	various.	33,000
Feb. 21, 1840.	Northern Bank of Ky.	Feb. 1, 1840	"	6	May & Nov.	225,000
"	Bank of Kentucky	Mar. 1, 1840	"	6	"	180,000
"	Contractors and in ex- change for 6 year bonds of 1840	April 3, 1841	"	6	various.	1,741,000
"	Board of Education	April 1, 1841	"	6	Feb. & Aug.	24,000
"	No. 1, Aug. 9, 1840	"	6	6	Jan. & July.	21,500
"	No. 2, Jan. 6, 1840	"	6	6	"	25,000
"	No. 3, Jan. 6, 1840	"	6	6	"	500,000
"	No. 22 Jan. 1, 1840	"	6	6	"	170,000
"	No. 23 Jan. 22, 1840	"	6	6	"	180,000
"	No. 24	"	6	6	"	308,363
"	No. 25, 1848	"	6	6	"	101,102
"	No. 1, July 5, 1850	"	6	6	"	101,102
"	No. —, July 5, 1850	"	6	6	"	294,150
Jan. 30, 1864.	"	pleasure	"	6	various.	333,000
Feb. 18, 1864.	Military purposes	Oct. 10, 1864	"	6	"	685,000

Marked *thus* (*) are payable at the Bank of Kentucky; *thus* (†) at New York; and *thus* (‡) at the Northern Bank of Kentucky. All others are payable at the Treasury.

VALUATION AND TAXATION.

The taxable value of real estate and personal property owned in the Commonwealth in 1860 was \$528,212,693, or, excluding the value of slaves (\$95,588,479) \$432,624,214. The valuation in 1865 excluding value of slaves (\$7,224,851) was \$352,492,310, and in 1866 \$392,355,952, showing an increase in the latter over the previous year of \$39,863,642. The figures for the years 1865 and 1866 compare as follows :

	Year 1865		Year 1866	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
Acres of land.....	17,778,146	\$197,676,721	19,665,443	\$210,621,879
Town lots.....	45,560	61,888,478	50,070	77,760,914
Slaves.....	153,514	7,224,851	.....	.....
Horses and Mares.....	299,160	16,641,815	324,623	20,319,404
Mules.....	58,273	4,176,248	66,876	4,890,762
Jennies.....	3,993	167,523	5,744	167,685
Stones.....	290,728	3,267,347	559,308	6,967,126
Cattle.....	4,380	16,531,915	6,116	20,592,770
Value under equalization law	.....	45,409,895	.....	47,102,390
Carriages and vehicles for passengers.....	.....	1,509,182	.....	1,659,150
Gold and other watches and clocks.....	.....	1,023,719	.....	1,160,701
Gold and other plate.....	.....	500,313	.....	481,071
Pianos.....	.....	708,259	.....	822,600
Total Valuation.....	.....	\$350,717,161	.....	\$392,355,952
The following statement shows the objects of taxation and the rates and amount of tax levied in the year 1866:				
Tax on \$302,355,923 valuation.....	40 cts. per \$100	\$1,509,425 50		
Tax on 3,661 dogs (over two not taxed).....	\$1 each.	3,661 00		
Tax on 145,026 enrolled militia.....	.50 cts. each.	72,513 00		
Tax on \$981,311, value of property owned by negroes.....	40 cts. per \$100	3,925 27		
Tax on 38,167 negroes over 18 years old.....	\$2 per capita.	76,334 00		
Tax on Auditor's List.....		59,169 54		
Total taxes for 1866, for service of 1866-67.....		\$1,775,026 58		
Total taxes for 1865, for service of 1865-66.....		1,496,318 95		
Increase of revenue for 1866 over 1865.....		\$278,707 63		

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

The receipts and expenditures of the Commonwealth for the year ending October 10, 1866, are exhibited in the following accounts :

Balance	Receipts	Total	Warrants	Balance
Funds. Oct. 10, 1865.	1865-66.	Resources.	1865-66.	Oct. 10, 1866.
Revenue..	\$19,309 41	\$917,378 45	\$936,680 86	\$1,132,512 22
Sinking..	105,030 01	493,817 08	598,847 09	338,699 53
School..	37,038 33	169,815 81	206,854 14	159,334 08
Other....	27,211 74	393,947 97	421,159 71	362,351 81

Total.. \$183,532 49 \$1,074,959 31 \$3,163,541 80 \$3,002,837 59 " \$160,714 81

The tax on valuation for 1866-7, including the Auditor's List (\$55,169 54), is estimated at \$1,624,593 34

—from which must be deducted the following, viz.:

Amount paid in prior to Oct. 10, 1866. \$191,030 34
Sheriffs' commissions, delinquencies, exonerations, &c. 140,000 00— 331,030 34

Leaving the sum available \$1,293,563 00

The Revenue Fund for the support of the Government is entitled to one-half of the amount of the above tax. viz.: \$646,781 50
—and has other resources to the estimated amount of. 239,400 00

—making the total estimated receipts for 1866-7. \$886,181 50
Estimated expenses for the year 1866-7. 990,900 00

Deficit for year ending Oct. 10, 1867. \$104,718 50
Add deficit for year ending Oct. 10, 1866. 185,831 39

Supposed deficit of Revenue Fund Oct. 10, 1867. \$290,549 86

—which amount will have to be supplemented by loan or otherwise, as the Legislature may direct.

The Sinking Fund, for the payment of the public debt and interest thereon, receives three-eighths of the valuation tax, and has other resources derived from dividends on stocks owned by the State, taxes on corporations, taxes on billiards and playing cards, interest on deposits, &c., &c. The property and assets owned by the Commonwealth, and constituting the capital of this fund were valued on the 10th October, 1866, at \$8,150,072 09, viz.:

Stock in Internal Improvement Companies. \$4,890,475 00
" in banks and railroads. 1,542,819 50
Loan to Revenue Department. \$100,000 00
Interest on same. 15,000 00
Loan to Military Fund. 200,000 00
Deposit to credit in Farmers' Bank of Kentucky, bearing int'l. 171,399 97
Amount in Treasury Oct. 10, 1866. \$1,054,330 76
" (not transferred) 240,147 56— \$1,290,378 32

—making the total nominal value, as above stated, \$8,150,072 27.

The School Fund is entitled to one eighth of the valuation tax, and also to taxes on the capital stock of certain banks, fines and forfeitures for gambling, the dog tax, &c. The permanent capital of the fund consists of moneys invested in the bonds of the Commonwealth to the amount of \$1,326,770 01 (see details in Debt Statement), and 735 shares in the Bank of Kentucky valued at \$73,500, making a total of \$1,400,270 01 Of the bond investments, \$67,500 bear interest at 6 per cent. and the remainder at 5 per cent.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON SINKING FUND.

The Committee on the Sinking Fund made a report to the Senate on the 2d of February, 1867, from which we extract the following:

The above debt was created for purposes of improvement, for the payment of which certain sources of revenue were set apart, constituting a fund to pay the interest and sink the principal of the debt.

The Constitution forbids the repeal of the laws which constitute the resources of that fund, and provides that they may be increased, but shall not be diminished until the debt is paid.

RESOURCES OF THE SINKING FUND.

Amount in the Treasury on the 10th day of October, 1866. \$1,050,330 76
Amount in the Treasury on the 10th day of October, 1866, to be transferred to this fund. 240,147 56
Amount borrowed from the Sinking Fund by the Treasury Department, with interest up to October, 1867. 131,000 00
Amount borrowed by Military Board of Sinking Fund. 200,000 00
Estimated amount to be received from 15 cents tax on \$100 worth of property for the year 1867. 485,086 00
Estimated receipts from other sources than 15 cents tax. 324,571 00
Total amount of available resources to 1868. 2,592,434 71
From that should be deducted interest for 1867. 170,780 00

Total sum which may be paid on debt in the year 1867. \$2,421,654 71

The present annual reliable sources of receipts, exclusive of interest on deposits and receipts from forfeited lands. 777,351 00

A tax of ten cents remains of the increased resources of the Sinking Fund for war purposes. Five cents was levied before the adoption of the Constitution, and cannot be repealed until the debt is paid; but if the Legislature think proper to repeal the 10 cents tax, the annual resources of the fund would be. 487,866 00

The sum reported to be due from the General Government of the United States to the State of Kentucky, as shown by the Governor's message, is. 2,488,347 91
That fund owes to the Sinking Fund charges above. 200,000 00

\$2,288,347 91

The bonds of the State were issued due in 15 and 30 years, chargeable to that fund, for. 685,000 00

If it shall be the policy of the State to defer the payment of those bonds to maturity, there would be of the war fund, if received, placed at the disposal of the Legislature. 2,288,347 91
If thought best to pay them, that sum deducted. 685,000 00
Leaves. 1,553,347 91

Colonel Pennebaker, the State Agent at Washington to attend to the liquidation of that claim, gives assurances that accounts amounting in the aggregate to between seven and eight hundred thousand dollars have been so far approved by the accounting officer as to give assurances that that sum will soon be placed to the credit of the State.

It will be seen that the sum on hand, at the close of the year, lacks only \$470,748 of paying our actual indebtedness. The resources, exclusive of the ten cents tax, amounts annually to \$317,086 more than the annual interest, and will increase by the amount of interest on each debt when paid. The above surplus would be applicable next year to the payment of principal.

It is suggested for the consideration of the Legislature the passage of a law directing that proclamation be made by the President of the Board of Commissioners of the Sinking Fund that the State of Kentucky is ready to redeem all her bonds, irrespective of their maturity; that after maturity no interest will be paid; and if not presented for payment within one year after maturity, the State will regard them as lost and cancelled; and if presented after that time, will only be paid at the pleasure of the State. If it can be ascertained that an exchange can be effected, the fact should be made known in the proclamation and published in papers in the localities where the bonds are held.

The Sinking Fund was created for the purpose of paying the interest and principal of moneys borrowed for internal improvement. If it shall be deemed to the interest of the State to enter on a general system of improvement, or aid in the construction of leading lines of railroads connecting those now constructed in the State with those in other States, or by diverging from them and striking in the direction of the Ohio, it will be found that the present Sinking Fund, without additional taxation, is sufficient to pay the interest on near or quite eight millions of dollars.

On this same subject we have received the following from Governor Bramlette:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
FRANKFORT, Feb. 15, 1867.

The monthly report of the Auditor, made to this office on the 31st January, 1867, exhibits in the Treasury at that date the sum of \$2,026,100 80, being \$975,861 54 more than at the close of the fiscal year (10th October, 1866), the date from which the estimate in the foregoing report was made. There is still due from the sheriffs and other revenue officers a large amount of unpaid revenue for 1866. The entire indebtedness of the State is set forth in the foregoing report.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— FEB. 22.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam	short.	11 1/2 @ 11 1/2	Feb. 22.	short.	11 1/2 @ —
Antwerp	3 months.	25 3/4 @ 25 3/4	"	"	25 1/4 @ —
Hamburg	"	13 8/4 @ 13 9	"	"	13 7 @ —
Paris	"	25 3/4 @ 25 3/4	"	"	25 1/2 @ 25 1/2
Paris	short.	25 1/2 @ 25 3/4	"	3 mo's.	25 1/2
Vienne	3 months.	12 9/4 @ 13 5	"	"	"
Berlin	"	6 3/4 @ 6 3/4	"	"	"
St. Petersburg	"	31 1/4 @ 31 1/4	Feb. 22.	3 mo's.	32 3/4 @ —
Cadiz	"	48 1/4 @ 49	"	"	"
Lisbon	"	51 1/4 @ 52 1/4	Feb. 22.	30 days.	53 1/4
Milan	"	26 9/4 @ 27 0	"	"	"
Genoa	"	26 9/4 @ 27 0	"	"	"
Naples	"	26 9/4 @ 27 0	"	"	"
New York	"	"	Feb. 22.	60 days.	108 1/4
Jamaica	"	"	Jan. 26.	90 days.	1 1/4 p. c. prem.
Havana	"	"	Feb. 1.	60 days.	30 1/2 @ —
Rio de Janeiro	"	"	Jan. 24.	"	23 1/4 @ —
Buenos Ayres.	"	"	Jan. 14.	"	50 1/4 @ 50 1/4
Valparaiso	"	"	Jan. 3.	"	45 1/4 @ 45 1/4
Pernambuco	"	"	Feb. 1.	"	24 1/4 @ 24 1/4
Singapore	60 days.	4s. 5 1/4 d.	Jan. 29.	6 mo's.	4s. 6 1/4 d.
Hong Kong	"	4s. 5 1/4 d.	Feb. 1.	"	4s. 5 d. @ —
Ceylon	"	3 p. c. dis.	Jan. 30.	"	2 1/4 @ 3 p. c. prem.
Bombay	"	1s 11 1/4 d. @ —	Feb. 19.	"	1s 11 1/4 d.
Madras	"	1s 11 1/4 d. @ —	Feb. 17.	"	1s 11 1/4 d.
Calcutta	"	1s 11 1/4 d. @ —	Feb. 19.	"	1s 11 1/4 d.
Sydney	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	Dec. 28.	30 days.	1 1/4 p. c. prem.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 23, 1867.

The past week has been one of continued depression in business circles. In fact, under the influence of several small failures, and the rumors of others, the existing distrust has increased, and matters have assumed a less satisfactory appearance. The abundance of money, its cheapness, and the more favorable accounts from our colonies and possessions in the East have not, as yet, had the effect of improving affairs to any extent in any department of trade here, and now there seems every probability that we shall witness a strong and decided movement in the foreign markets previously to observing any very favorable or permanent movement on this side. The true fact of the case appears to be that merchants, taken as a body, have for some time

past traded beyond their means. They were enabled to do so because the facilities for obtaining advances, previously to the late crisis, were very numerous, owing to the abundance of financial, discount and banking institutions then in existence. These institutions were placed in the position of competing freely for business, and in consequence of this fact much bad business was secured. One *modus operandi* was this: A merchant with small capital having shipped goods takes the invoices, bills of lading and policy of insurance to a discount establishment, and obtains as favorable an advance as possible in order to meet his bills as they become due. But, of course, the time arrives when the advance has to be repaid, and as the foreign markets at the time of which we are speaking were over-supplied with goods, remittances are slow in coming forward, and the merchant is therefore placed in a very difficult position. With all the facilities which then existed for obtaining money a remedy is found by shipping a further supply of goods, and obtaining a further advance to repay the previous advance. In this way matters gradually grew worse, until the collapse of Overend's and several minor financial institutions, revealed the actual truth. The class of merchants to which allusion has been made is very numerous, and it is mostly with them that so much anxiety rests. This is one cause why our trade is now so contracted.

There can, however, be no doubt that although business remains so quiet, we are in some measure approaching a period of greater activity, although that period may even now be some months distant. Still it may be near at hand, for our latest colonial advices state that the markets for imported goods had assumed a more encouraging appearance, and as the crops of cereals in Australia and at the Cape of Good Hope had been excellent, it was thought that the effect of this encouraging news from the agricultural districts would be beneficial at the ports in consequence of anticipated orders for goods from the interior. Further news from those parts is therefore somewhat anxiously awaited, and, if favorable, cannot but operate in to improve our markets. It seems likely, however, as stated above, that previously to making free shipments merchants here will prefer to await news of a decided movement in the markets for British manufactures at colonial and foreign ports. Should such prove to be the case, an immediate resuscitation of extensive business can scarcely be expected to take place.

Money here is still very abundant, and there is some prospect of the Bank minimum declining to $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., although there is no doubt of the fact that the Bank authorities would submit to a considerable loss of business before reducing their rate to so low a point. In other words, they would prefer to witness a wider difference than $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. between their own and the open market minimum. Although the rate for discount here is so low, there have been withdrawals of gold from the Bank for several days past; and from this fact it is argued that our foreign indebtedness is reduced to unusually narrow limits. It may also be argued that if such be the actual fact, we have now almost recovered from the crisis, while we shall soon probably be in the position of re-entering a state of commercial activity. But although money is abundant, and a heavy burden of indebtedness has been wiped off, we are not yet sufficiently sound to start afresh. We have given in full above our reason for the continued depression and distrust. The class of merchants referred to are not in a position to offer good security for the money they desire to borrow, and therefore, although capital seeking employment is abundant, they cannot obtain it. Then, again, many the rumors respecting some of the leading merchants operate unfavorably with regard to a renewal of commercial operations—but, with a few exceptions, the rumors appear to be without foundation. In the China trade, respecting which there was so much discussion several weeks since, there have been no failures of importance, although some are expected. The return of active trade will, in all probability, be very gradual; but when it shall have taken place we may hope for thorough soundness in all branches.

This week's demand for accommodation has been very moderate: First class bills are readily taken at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., but there are no transactions below this figure. The rates current for the best paper are as under:

	Per Cent.		Per Cent.
30 to 60 days' bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$	6 months' bank bills.....	3 @ $3\frac{1}{2}$
3 months' bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$	4 & 6 months' trade bills....	3 @ $4\frac{1}{2}$
4 months' bank bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ 3		

The return of the Bank of France is very favorable. Like our own, it indicates a falling off in the money requirements of the commercial body, and an increasing supply of unemployed capital. The stock of bullion held by that establishment is now £28,987,712, while discounts have fallen to £28,604,100. The stock of bullion in the Banks of England and France reach a total, therefore, of £48,300,000. Money at Paris is easy, and is obtainable "outside" at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Apart from the large increase in the supply of bullion in the Bank of France, the leading feature in the Continental money market is the extreme ease which has prevailed at Hamburg, bills in that city have been discounted

at as low a figure as $1\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Later, however, the market has become firmer, and 2 per cent may be considered the current minimum. In other parts of the Continent there has been no material change. Annexed are the rates at the leading cities:

	Bank rate.	Open market.		Bank rate.	Open market.
	% c.	% c.		% c.	% c.
At Paris.....	3	$2\frac{1}{2}$	Turin.....	3	—
Vienna.....	4	4	Brussels.....	3	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Berlin.....	4	$3\frac{1}{2}$	.....	$3\frac{1}{2}$	adv —
.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$	adv —	Madrid.....	6	—
Frankfort.....	$3\frac{1}{2}$	$3\frac{1}{2}$	Hamburg.....	—	2
Amsterdam.....	$3\frac{1}{2}$	$3\frac{1}{2}$	St. Petersburg.....	7	8@9

The Atrato, from the West Indies, brought gold to the value of £68,820, and silver, £188,000. The other arrivals of gold are £13,070 from Australia, by the Syria; £42,000 from the same quarter, by the Chariot of Fame; and £13,000 from New York, by the City of Paris. These amounts have been taken for transmission to Paris, but as in the aggregate, they are small, very little attention has been paid to these transactions. It seems likely, however, that a few small sums of bar gold will be taken from the Bank in the space of a few days. About £33,000 in gold and silver has been sent to the East.

The bullion market remains extremely quiet, but there is a decided appearance of flatness. In this department the leading feature is a fair demand for gold for transmission to Paris; but so far, recent arrivals have been sufficiently extensive to meet it without applying at the Bank. Silver, however, is decidedly flat. The Continental demand is very moderate, while the inquiry for Bombay and other Eastern ports is quite insignificant. The business transacted is at the late decline in prices. Annexed are the quotations for gold and silver:

GOLD.					
		s.	d.	s.	d.
Bar Gold.....	per oz. standard.	77	9	—	77 9½
do Fine.....	do last price	77	9	—	—
do Refinable.....	do	77	11	—	—
Spanish Doubloons.....	per oz.	75	0	—	—
South American Doubloons.....	do	73	9	—	—
United States Gold Coin.....	do	76	2½	—	—
SILVER.					
		s.	d.	s.	d.
Bar Silver.....	per oz. standard.	5	0	—	—
do containing 5 grs. gold.....	do last price.	5	1	—	5 ½
Fine Cake Silver.....	per oz.	5	5½	—	5 ½
Mexican Dollars.....	per oz.	4	11½	—	—
Spanish Dollars (Caroline).....	per oz. none here.				—
Five franc pieces.....	per oz. none here.				—

Quicksilver £7 per bottle; discount 3 per cent.

The rates of foreign exchange are rather more favorable to this country. On the Exchange yesterday the demand for bills was not so great as had been anticipated.

A new loan for the United Danubian Principalities has been brought out. It is for £1,264,420 stock, bearing 8 per cent. interest. The price of issue is £71 per £100 stock. The loan has also been announced at Paris, Frankfort and Bucharest, and it may therefore be assumed that it was anticipated some difficulty would be experienced in obtaining the amount, notwithstanding the high rate of interest offered. The whole of the amount, however, has been applied for. The scrip has been 1 premium; but has since fallen to $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ discount.

The Chilean loan has been sold as low as 3 discount, owing to the circumstance that a further issue of stock may shortly take place. It appears that there are in Chili holders of about £1,000,000 sterling of internal 8 per cent. stock, who have the right of calling upon the Chilean Government to exchange this stock for bonds payable in London and bearing 7 per cent. interest. This right now appears to have been insisted upon, and it seems probable that a further loan will be brought out, in order to meet the emergency. It is asserted that the takers of the recent loan here were not aware of this circumstance at the time it was brought out, and as it is considered the prospectus was not a faithful representation of the actual state of affairs, explanations will shortly be offered by the contractors.

On the whole, the Consol market has ruled firm, with but little fluctuation in prices. In some instances the quotations have given way; but any decline has been speedily recovered. Under the existing circumstances, viz.: the diffidence shown by the public in investing in public companies, a decline in Consols can scarcely be of any lengthened duration. The following statement shows the highest and lowest prices each day during the week:

Week ending Feb. 23.	Mon.	Tuesday.	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money.....	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	90 $\frac{1}{2}$

United States Five-twenty bonds have ruled firm, and up to Thursday evening gradually improved in value; but since then the quotations have exhibited less firmness. Atlantic and Great Western Railway securities have continued depressed; but the announcement that the report of the undertaking may shortly be expected to be issued has had a favorable influence. Erie Railway shares and Illinois Centrals have, on the whole, ruled firm. The following statement shows the highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities each day during the week:

HIGHEST PRICES OF PRINCIPAL AMERICAN SECURITIES.

Week ending Feb. 23	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
U. S. 5-30's	73½-73¾	73¾-74	74	74½	73¾-73¾	73¾-73¾
Atlantic & G't West- ern consol'd bonds	25½-26¼	25¾-26¼	21	22¼	21¼-24¼	24¼-26
Erie Shares	37¼-37¾	38	38	38½	37¾-38	37¾-37¾
Illinois shares	77½-78¼	78¼	77½	77½	77¼-78¼	77¼-77¼

The latest prices from the Continent for United States Five-twenty bonds are: From Frankfort, 77½; from Amsterdam, 77½; from Berlin, 77½.

A recent number of the *Moniteur* published returns showing the extent of the imports and exports of cereals at French ports from September 1 to December 31, 1866. They are as follows:

	Import.	Export.	Import.	Export.
Wheat.....cwt.	2,363,600	389,600	Barley.....	180,100
Rye.....	13,000	232,000	Oats.....	557,300
Maize.....	38,400	89,600	Flour.....	22,000

The export of the 553,200 cwt. of flour was distributed as follows: To England, 342,000 cwt.; to Belgium, 99,600 cwt.; to Germany, 17,100 cwt.; to Italy, 12,500 cwt.; to Switzerland, 64,300 cwt.; to Algeria, 24,800 cwt.; and sundry quarters 291,100 cwt. The stock of flour in the different entrepôts of Paris on the 1st of February was 539,840 cwt.; of wheat, 44,473 cwt. It will therefore be observed that the excess of the imports of wheat and flour into France, as compared with the exports, is 1,142,800 cwt. The official return of imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending Feb 9 shows that the foreign receipts of wheat and flour were 400,000 cwt., which is less than an average importation. The four months' net importation into France was, therefore, about equal to three weeks' gross importation into the United Kingdom.

I supplemented my remarks of last week upon cotton with the following statement, which shows the export of cotton from Madras, in each of the last four years:

	Great Britain.	France.	Elsewhere.	Total.
1866.....	253,262	5,408	3,360	262,03
1865.....	587,209	8,667	3,585	599,461
1864.....	297,235	15,509	2,557	315,301
1863.....	432,099	35,177	6,741	464,017

With regard to the cotton trade, it may be well to call attention to the large falling off in our exports of cotton during the present, as compared with last year. In the cotton report I send you the actual export of the United Kingdom, for the present and for last year is noticed.

There has been a large arrival of Black Sea wheat this week, and less firmness has been observed in the trade. In some instances the quotations have declined 1s. per quarter.

The report of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company will it is said, be issued on Monday.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The quotations for Consols and the specified American securities at London have been as follows:

	Fri. 1.	Sat. 2.	Mon. 4.	Tues. 5.	Wed. 6.	Thur. 7.
Consols for money	91	91	91	91	90½	90½
U. S. 6's (1862)	73¼	73¼	73¼	73¼	74	73¾
Illinois Central shares	76¼	76	76¼	77	77¼	77¼
Erie Railway shares	36¼	37	36¼	36¼	35¼	36

The Paris and Frankfort quotations were as follows:

	Paris.	Frankfort.
Consols	82½	77
Frankfort	76¼	77

The Cotton market at Liverpool, especially in the first half of the week, was firm and active, with increased sales, at 13½d. per lb. but, after Tuesday, unfavorable advices from Manchester arrested the improvement, the sales falling off, and the price receding to 13½d. at which quotation the market closed quiet on Thursday. The total sales of the week amounted from 50,000 to 55,000, which was also the total of the previous week.

Breadstuffs in the early part of the week were somewhat dull, but after Monday became firm, and on Thursday closed steady. Corn (Western mixed) opened at 36s. 6d., and closed at 37s. 6d. California Wheat has sold at 18s. 6d., but closed at 2d. easier.

Provisions are quiet. Bacon 43s. per cwt.; Lard, 50s. 6d. per cwt.; Pork, city mess, 77s. per 200 lbs.

Ashes dull—Pots, 34s. per cwt. Petroleum, Pennsylvania and Canada refined, 1s. 6d. per gallon of 8 lbs. Spirits Turpentine (Carolina), 37s. 6d. per cwt. Linseed Cake (American) £10 10s. per ton. Spirits Petroleum, 11d. per gallon; Rosin, 15s. 2d. per bbl.; Linseed Oil, 38s. per cwt.; Saltpetre, 15s. per cwt.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show a large increase in dry goods, and a decrease in general merchandise, the total being \$5,898,954 against \$6,572,606 last week, and \$5,772,153

the previous week. The exports are \$4,492,564 this week, against \$4,017,029 last week, and 3,297,924 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 16,573 bales, against 11,455 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) March 1, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) March 2:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Dry goods	\$1,976,699	\$1,009,691	\$2,547,990	\$3,357,737
General merchandise	1,837,039	1,510,546	3,569,766	2,583,217
Total for the week	\$3,813,738	\$2,520,237	\$6,117,756	\$5,940,954
Previously reported	31,650,869	37,307,639	47,129,146	37,257,544
Since Jan. 1.	\$35,464,607	\$39,554,251	\$53,236,902	\$43,136,493

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending March 5:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
For the week	\$2,919,574	\$2,919,574	\$6,803,331	\$4,492,564
Previously reported	23,173,343	37,307,639	37,257,544	37,257,544
Since Jan. 1.	\$36,769,868	\$40,297,206	\$43,031,069	\$33,238,018

In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, is shown in the following table:

To	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	To	This week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain	\$2,677,913	\$19,851,903	Cuba	\$236,060	\$1,370,413
France	440,738	1,753,811	Hayti	13,330	133,036
Holland & Belg.	62,173	788,084	Other W. I.	169,039	1,314,529
Germany	419,531	2,855,848	Mexico	54,845	210,271
Other N. Europe	91,755	91,755	New Granada	85,014	665,390
Other S. Europe	6,300	363,252	Venezuela	75,982	241,382
East Indies	57,538	476,975	Br. Guiana	108,961	399,332
China & Japan	455,074	455,074	Other S. A. ports	37,167	398,074
Australia	12,506	182,005	All other ports	66,029	161,438
Br. N. Colonies					

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending March 2, 1867:

Feb. 25—	March 2—
Brig Rocky Glen,	Str. Mississippi, Hav.
Spanish gold	California gold bars
Str. Tripoli, Liverpool	Mexican silver
Silver bars	Silver bars
March 2—	Str. Alabama, V. Cruz
Foreign silver	Gold coin
Gold bars	2—St. City of N. Y. Liver.
Silver bars	Amer. & Brit. gold

Total for the week	\$744,003
Previously omitted	4,580
Previously reported	4,608,322

Total since Jan. 1, 1867..... \$5,267,504

Same time in	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
1866.....	\$4,401,552	\$4,099,914	\$8,236,416	\$8,236,416
1865.....	8,239,959	8,239,959	1,509,177	1,509,177
1864.....	8,590,238	8,590,238	2,250,771	2,250,771
1863.....	6,422,293	6,422,293	2,425,406	2,425,406
1862.....	1,192,867	1,192,867	2,074,818	2,074,818
1861.....	2,496,548	2,496,548	6,653,069	6,653,069
1860.....	6,073,699	6,073,699		

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

Feb. 25—	Feb. 26—
Str. Rising Star, Aspinwall—	Silver
Gold	Gold
25—Str. Columbia, Havana—	Schr. Village Belle, Carthage
Gold	Silver
25—Str. Bavaria, Hamburg—	27—Str. C. of N. York, L'I
Gold	Gold
25—Str. Alabama, V. Cruz—	29—Str. Periere, Havre—
Gold	Gold
Silver	29—Str. Atalanta, Havre—
26—Schr. Village Belle, Santa Martha—	Gold
Total for the week	\$77,734
Previously reported	184,879

Total since January 1, 1867..... \$262,603

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Henry Chauncey from Aspinwall February 24, arrived at this port March 4 with mails and treasure from California. The following is her treasure list:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.		FROM ASPINWALL.	
Duncan, Sherman & Co.	\$69,605 83	Lees & Waller	\$490,660 99
Wells, Fargo & Co.	63,985 36	Order	30,000 00
Dahney, Morgan & Co.	101,730 83		
Eugene, Kelly & Co.	99,500 00	Total from San Fran.	\$813,818 46
Panama R.R. Co.	30,545 46		
Lanman & Kemp	\$5,500 00	Flint & Hall	\$1,600 00
Isaac Duke	650 00		
Wells, Fargo & Co.	4,000 00	Total from Aspinwall	\$9,696 00
Ribon & Munoz	1,946 00		
Total amount from both sources	\$823,514 46		

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.	Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.
Jan. 10.	Rising Star.	\$374,764	\$374,764	Feb. 10.	Ocean Queen	788,027	3,260,923
" 20.	New York.	525,956	1,400,720	Feb. 22.	R. S. g. Star	952,082	4,213,004
Jan. 31.	H. Chauncey	1,072,175	2,472,895	Mar. 4.	H. Chauncey	818,818	5,031,822

UNITED STATES MINT FOR FEBRUARY.—The following is an official statement of the deposits and coinage at the United States Mint for the month of February, 1867:

DEPOSITS.			Value.		
	Value.				
Gold deposits, all sources..	\$208,917 74	Silver deposits inc. purch.		\$19,160 94	
Total deposits.....				\$228,078 68	
GOLD COINAGE.					
Denomination.	No. of pcs.	Value.	Denomination.	No. of pcs.	Value.
Double Eagles..	14,590	\$291,800 00	Fine bars.....	8	6,729 88
Total.....				14,598	\$299,529 88
SILVER					
Dollars.....	325	\$325 00	Half Dimes.....	325	\$16 25
Half Dollars.....	57,925	\$28,962 50	Three-cent pcs.	325	9 75
Quarter Dollars.....	20,325	\$5,081 25	Fine bars.....	2	89 73
Dimes.....	325	\$32 50			
Total.....				79,552	\$34,516 98
COPPER.					
Cents.....	1,081,000	\$10,810 00	Three Cent p'ces	410,000	\$12,300 00
Two Cent pieces.....	238,700	\$4,775 00	Five Cent pieces	2,273,000	\$113,650 00
Total.....				4,002,750	\$141,535 00
RECAPITULATION.					
Gold Coinage.....	14,598	\$298,529 88	Copper coinage	4,002,750	\$141,535 00
Silver do.....	79,552	\$34,516 98			
Total No. of pieces.....				4,096,900	\$474,581 86

MASSACHUSETTS INTEREST LAW.—The following is the text of the new interest law which passed the Massachusetts Legislature:

SECTION 1. When there is no agreement for a different rate of interest of money, the same shall continue to be at the rate of \$6 upon \$100 for a year, and at the same rate for a greater or less sum, and for a longer or shorter time.

Sec 2. It shall be lawful to contract to pay or reserve discount at any rate, and to contract for payment and receipt of any rate of interest: Provided, however, That no greater interest than six per centum per annum shall be recovered in any action except when the agreement to pay such greater rate of interest is in writing.

Sec 3. Sections 3, 4 and 5 of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Sec 4. This act shall not affect any existing contract or action pending, or existing right of action, and shall take effect on the first day of July next.

COMPOUND INTEREST FUNDING BILL.—The following is the Compound Interest Note Funding bill as it passed both Houses:

Be it enacted, &c., That for the purpose of redeeming and retiring any compound interest notes outstanding, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to issue temporary loan certificates in the manner prescribed by section four of the act, entitled "An act to authorize the issue of United States notes and for the redemption or funding thereof, and for funding the floating debt of the United States," approved Feb. 25, 1862, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding three per centum per annum, principal and interest payable in lawful money on demand; and said certificate of temporary loan may constitute and be held by any national bank, holding or owning the same as a part of the reserve provided for in sections 31 and 32 of the act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864. Provided that not less than two fifths of the entire reserve of such bank shall consist of lawful money of the United States; and provided, further, that the amount of such temporary certificates at any time outstanding shall not exceed \$50,000,000.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company last week it was decided, that in view of the successful working of the Atlantic Cable, it is not advisable to expend any more money on the Russian extension at present. The distance across the Russian territory yet to be completed is about 3,000 miles.

MINNESOTA RAILROAD BONDS.—The Minnesota Legislature has just passed a law in relation to the railroad bonds of the State, by which is created a "State Railroad Bond Sinking Fund," for the support of which moneys arising from the sales of certain lands, and taxes derived from railroads, are appropriated to an annual amount not exceeding \$20,000, which sum is to be bid for by the bondholders, and knocked down to the one who will give the largest amount in bonds for the money in hand, or in other words, to the one who has least faith in the State's promises to pay. Nothing is said about the interest 7 or 8 years in default; and even the sop offered is subject to rejection or approval of the people at large to be expressed by vote at the next general election.

We call attention to the card of Messrs. Jameson, Smith & Cotting Bankers, at Nos. 14 and 16 Wall Street, published on the first page of the CHRONICLE. The previous business connections of the gentlemen of this firm should give assurance of their ability and knowledge of business.

We call the attention of our readers to the card of the Merchants Union Express Co., published in our advertising columns. This company is now located in the large and commodious building Nos. 365 and 367 Broadway, and is prepared to give careful attention to all express business committed to their charge.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

We give in our BULLETIN from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning such as have been published through the week in the BULLETIN will be collected and published in the CHRONICLE. Below will be found those published the last week in the BULLETIN.

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. C.T.	PAYABLE.		BOOKS CLOSED.
		WHEN.	WHERE.	
Ra Irons.				
Morris & Esch's, pay in stock	3½	March 30	Newark.	Mar. 5 to Mar. 21.
Insurance.				
Atlantic Fire, Brooklyn.	5	March 5	Companies Office	

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri'y.	Week.
Bank Shares.....	359	66	2-5	111	134	111	1,066
Railroad shares, viz.:							
Central of New Jersey.....	100	5	20				125
Chicago & Alton.....	100	300	350				1,950
do preferred.....	60		100				160
Chicago, Burl. & Quincy.....	200	60					265
Chicago & Northwestern.....	4,600	2,800	6,500	5,630	4,150	3,900	27,580
do do Pref.....	1,800	5,700	15,900	13,000	7,710	17,250	61,380
Chicago, R. Isl. & Pacific.....	2,650	4,145	15,105	8,800	7,200	9,130	47,030
Cleveland, Col. & Cin.....					10		10
Cleveland & Pittsburgh.....	5,150	3,800	5,530	5,500	1,900	4,600	26,750
Cleveland and Toledo.....		400	2,100	800	300		4,000
Erie Railway.....	7,050	17,600	29,750	22,300	21,550	20,175	118,325
do preferred.....	150		25				175
Hudson River.....	1,100	400	2,300	500	100	300	4,500
Illinois Central.....	100		620	800	400	700	2,600
Marietta & Cin. 1st pref.....					27		27
Michigan Central.....			137	800	50	800	967
Michigan Southern.....	2,500	9,350	10,400	16,500	6,500	4,950	50,200
Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	300	300	400			400	1,300
do do pref.....			700	1,000	100		1,800
New Jersey.....					28		28
New York Central.....	2,400	4,800	19,000	7,100	8,800	8,000	45,100
New York & N. Haven.....		55	15	85		14	69
N. Y. & Harlem pref.....		110					110
Ohio & Mississippi (\$100).....	1,800	2,900	2,40	350	400	530	8,770
Panama.....							
Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic.....	1,700	3,455	6,070	4,000	2,800	3,100	21,125
Reading.....	600	7,800	14,450	16,300	2,000	11,400	53,450
St. L., Alton & T. Haute.....			100		300		300
do do pref.....			100				100
Second avenue.....					10		10
Sixth avenue.....		30				26	46
Stonington.....				20			20
Tol. Wabash & West'n.....	100	200		300	1,000	300	1,900
do do pref.....				100		200	300
Miscellaneous shares, viz.:							
Coal—Ashburton.....			200	700	200		1,100
Central.....			300				300
Cumberland.....	200			500	200	300	1,200
Delaware & Hud. Can.....		50	63	62	46		221
Pennsylvania.....		50		75	112		237
United States.....						1,000	1,000
Wilkesbarre.....			600			300	900
Mining—Mariposa.....	100	200	750			100	2,050
do Pref.....	700	1,300	400	1,550		400	4,250
Quicksilver.....	300	100	300	300	200	300	1,300
Improvement—Bost. W. Pow.....	1,400	500	1,800	2-0	100	300	3,300
Canton.....	800	700	800	400	1,000	1,700	4,900
Telegraph—West'n Union.....		4,000	2,609	2,430	1,494	1,300	11,873
Steamship—Atlantic Mail.....	1,100	400	1,050	1,100	2,300	2,500	8,750
do Pacific Mail.....	726	3,775	6,305	5,815	3,250	2,747	22,519
Express—Adams.....	50	250		10		5	405
American.....	10		10	4			24
United States.....		100	9				109
Wells, Far. & Co.....		100		231	100	20	451
Gas—Manhattan.....			100	25	80		175
Trust—Union.....					40		40

The amount of Government, State and City and other bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily and for the week, are given in the following statement:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. 6's, 1881.....	\$2,000	\$1,000	\$10,000	\$9,000	\$5,000	\$1,500	\$27,000
U. S. 6's (5-30's).....	39,500	95,300	100,000	460,600	62,000	181,500	978,900
U. S. 6's (old).....							
U. S. 5's (10-40's).....		54,850		56,000		2,000	112,850
U. S. 5's (old).....							
U. S. 7-30 notes.....	107,000		8,500	6,500	143,500	22,000	287,500
State and City, viz.:							
California 7's.....			3,000				3,000
Missouri 6's.....	9,000	81,000	1,000	41,000	46,000	68,000	1,046,000
New York 6's.....			8,000			5,000	20,000
New York 7's.....	20,000	31,000	7,000	6,000			64,000
N. Carolina 6's.....			10,000	5,000	5,000	1,000	21,000
Ohio 3's.....			26,000			1,000	27,000
Tennessee 6's.....	9,000	70,000	20,000	57,000	11,000	8,000	175,000
City Bonds, viz.:							
Brooklyn 6's.....	1,000				3,000	13,500	17,500
Company Bonds, viz.:							
Railroad.....	27,000	47,000	34,000	18,500	8,000	60,000	194,500

FRIDAY, March 8, 1867, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The movement in monetary affairs has been steady throughout the week. Some disappointment was felt at the bank statement showing a decrease of legal tenders, after the large disbursements of last week by the Sub-Treasury on account of purchases of Seven-thirty notes; but it does not appear to have been considered that the Treasury had made its payments largely in bank currency, and that on that account the banks, at the close of the week, were still holding a considerable amount of Treasury drafts, in expectation of being able ultimately to have them cashed in legal tenders. For this reason it may be anticipated that the next statement will show an increase of legal tenders.

The statement of the public debt for March 1st shows that the

Secretary of the Treasury has retired \$5,190,464 of legal tenders during February, and \$1,755,810 of compound interest notes, making a total contraction for the month of \$6,946,274. Besides this, there is an increase of \$7,184,181 of currency on hand; so that during the month there has been \$14,120,455 of currency of the various kinds taken into the Treasury. The movement has not produced any embarrassment to the banks, money having remained generally easy at this centre at 5@6 per cent. on demand; it has, however, undoubtedly prevented the occurrence of an unusual degree of ease in the market.

The present rate on call loans is 5 per cent. on Government col. laterals and 6 per cent. on stocks. Discounts are fairly active, prime notes being negotiable at 7 per cent., with exceptions at 6 and 7 per cent. Lower grades are very irregular and difficult of sale.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	5 @ 6	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	7 @ 7½
Loans on bonds & mortg.	6 @ 7	do single names.....	7½ @ 9
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months.....	6½ @ 7	Lower grades.....	8 @ 10

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—The market for Governments has been weak during the week, with occasional brief reactions. The decline of six points on the price of gold, without a corresponding advance in foreign quotations, has necessitated a reduction of quotations for the gold interest bonds. The decline has increased the number of sellers, and to day the pressure to realize has been unusually marked. Offers have been made of large amounts on thirty days, buyer's option. The decline, compared with the quotations of March 1st, is as follows: Series of 1881, 1 per cent.: Five-twenties, 1862, 1½; do. 1864, ½; do. 1865, 1½; do. new issue, ½; Ten forties, ½; Seven-thirties, first series, ½; do., second, ½; do. third, ½.

The Treasury has suspended the conversion of Seven-thirties through its agents, and now makes the transfers only directly, thereby saving to the Government commissions on both the sale and purchase of securities. The debt statement shows that during February the Treasury sold \$44,809,500 of Five-twenties, and purchased \$30,888,050 of Seven-thirties. At this rate of conversion the whole of the first series of Seven-thirties must soon disappear from the market.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	Feb. 1.	Feb. 8.	Feb. 15.	Feb. 21.	Mar. 1.	Mar. 8.
U. S. 6's, 1881 comp.....	107½	108½	109½	110½	110½	109½
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.....	107½	108½	109½	111½	111	109½
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 ".....	106½	106	107	108½	107½	107½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 ".....	106	107½	107½	109½	108½	107½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.....	104½	105½	106½	106½	106½	106½
U. S. 10-40's.....	99½	100½	101½	101½ x. c. 98	97½	97½
U. S. 7-30's 1st series.....	104½	105½	106	105½	105½	105½
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series.....	104½	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.....	104½	105½	105½	105½	105½	105½

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The course of speculation in stocks has, upon the whole, favored lower prices. Early in the week the efforts of strong combinations were successful in putting down stocks 2@3 per cent. Erie at one time touched 52½ and other leading shares declined in a similar ratio. It appears, however, that the sales were made chiefly with a view to buying in early at lower prices. To-day the purchases of the "shorts" have been quite considerable, and prices have nearly recovered what they previously lost. The balance of power appears to be with those operating for a decline; and hence their attempts to break down prices are generally successful; but their subsequent purchases to cover "short" contracts generally bring up prices to about the former level, leaving but little encouragement to continue these operations. The generally favorable exhibit of the earnings of the roads, in spite of the prevailing depression of trade, has the effect of inducing purchases from outside investors at each successive decline, and stocks are consequently less abundant on the Street than some time ago.

The transactions at both boards for the week aggregate 546,620 shares, a material increase upon last week, the sales of last week being only 235,392 shares. Included in the sales were 118,325 shares Erie; Reading, 52,450; Michigan Southern, 50,200; Northwestern preferred, 61,360; do. common, 27,580; New York Central, 45,100; and Cleveland and Pittsburg, 26,570. The transactions in Pacific Mail continue large, the week's sales amounting to 22,519 shares. The stock, however, has shown more firmness.

From the subjoined comparative quotations it will be seen that prices range ¼@1 per cent. below the figures of a week ago.

The following are the closing quotations at the regular board to-day, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Jan. 25.	Feb. 1.	Feb. 8.	Feb. 15.	Feb. 21.	Mar. 1.	Mar. 8.
Cumberland Coal.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	30½	30½
Quicksilver.....	38½	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	38½
Canton Co.....	45	44	46½	46	45½	45	45½
Mariposa pref.....	23½	23½	23½	21½	23½	22½	21½
New York Central.....	101 x. d. 99½	102½	102½	100	101½	102½	102½
Erie.....	58½	56½	59½	56½	56½	55½	54½
Hudson River.....	123	127	130½	130	134½	137	139
Reading.....	103	104½	104½	104½	104½	102½	102
Mich. Southern.....	71	71½	75½	73	72½	72½	71½
Michigan Central.....	103½	107	109	108	107½	.....	.....
Clev. and Pittsb.....	81½	83	85½	83	79½	81	80½
Clev. and Toledo.....	130½	130	130½	.....	.....	118½	117½
Northwestern.....	36½	36½	38½	36	36	35½	34½
do preferred.....	64½	64½	68½	66½	65½	65	62½
Rock Island.....	96½	95½	98½	97½	97	95½	91½
Fort Wayne.....	93½	97½	98½	97½	95½	94½	94½
Illinois Central.....	112½	114½	114½	115½	116	115½	114½

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares.....	359	66	285	111	134	111	1,066
Railroad.....	31,850	64,538	130,142	106,330	65,935	81,760	479,945
Coal.....	200	100	1,163	1,337	558	1,600	4,958
Mining.....	1,000	1,500	1,450	2,750	200	730	7,630
Improv't.....	1,700	2,200	2,100	800	1,300	2,000	8,900
Telegraph.....	1,826	4,176	2,609	2,430	1,431	1,300	11,673
Steamship.....	60	450	19	335	100	30	994
Express.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	40
Trust.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	50	175
Gas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
At Regular Board.....	14,845	29,580	50,273	49,533	25,381	26,443	196,000
At Open Board.....	22,150	46,500	94,850	71,300	49,820	66,000	350,620
Total current week.....	36,995	76,080	145,123	120,833	75,301	92,448	546,620
Total Previous w.k.....	44,945	37,662	37,928	30,594	30,414	53,849	235,392

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:

	Bank.	Rail.	Coal.	Min.	Im.	Tele.	Steam.	Other.	Total.
Week ending—	Bank.	Rail.	Coal.	Min.	Im.	Tele.	Steam.	Other.	Total.
Jan. (1 to 4).....	83	188,089	3,600	7,850	1,706	4,328	886	1,357	200,715
" 11 to 18.....	141	539,139	12,559	9,600	4,300	12,005	17,896	1,018	596,851
" 18 to 27.....	1,058	465,718	3,316	9,600	3,300	8,536	14,170	1,42	506,840
Feb. 1 to 8.....	426	668,222	2,601	16,050	5,400	14,569	14,253	381	722,004
" 8 to 15.....	763	568,252	2,577	24,375	6,080	10,613	10,047	1,072	622,070
" 15 to 22.....	747	493,565	3,566	9,300	6,350	7,395	7,634	1,001	530,108
" 22 to 29.....	453	310,871	2,310	6,800	6,800	6,709	9,236	1,464	344,745
Mar. 1 to 8.....	713	270,788	2,156	6,760	3,500	12,570	49,533	1,833	337,803
Total.....	1,036	184,987	2,383	4,830	3,400	6,903	29,623	2,309	235,392
" 8 to 15.....	1,066	479,945	4,958	7,600	8,900	11,673	31,289	1,209	546,620

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds.....	\$31,500	\$151,150	\$110,000	\$325,500	\$67,000	\$183,500	\$1,068,650
U. S. Notes.....	107,000	8,500	6,500	143,500	32,000	287,500	287,500
State & City Bonds.....	48,000	165,000	67,000	114,000	65,000	394,500	1,357,500
Company Bonds.....	37,000	47,000	64,000	18,500	8,000	60,000	194,500
Total Cur. w.k.....	\$106,500	470,150	219,500	664,500	233,500	1,162,000	2,906,150
Previous week.....	257,300	749,950	662,000	532,200	272,800	259,000	2,753,250

The totals, weekly, since the commencement of the year are shown in the following tabulation:

	Government Bonds.	Notes.	State & City Bonds.	Company Bonds.	Total amount.
Week ending—	Government Bonds.	Notes.	State & City Bonds.	Company Bonds.	Total amount.
Jan. (1 to 4).....	\$977,000	\$146,100	\$54,800	\$207,500	\$1,785,400
Jan. 11 to 18.....	1,873,200	855,400	623,500	165,000	3,517,150
Jan. 18 to 27.....	1,734,600	314,100	431,500	155,000	2,635,200
Jan. 27 to Feb. 1.....	1,197,500	550,050	637,500	150,500	2,535,550
Feb. 1 to 8.....	1,153,500	185,100	394,000	155,000	1,887,600
Feb. 8 to 15.....	1,466,800	492,700	642,500	195,500	2,797,500
Feb. 15 to 22.....	1,429,000	450,950	638,000	247,000	2,765,950
Feb. 22 to 29.....	1,608,050	49,200	525,000	123,700	2,706,950
Mar. 1 to 8.....	1,707,950	336,000	572,300	197,000	2,713,250
Mar. 8 to 15.....	1,068,650	285,500	1,355,500	194,500	2,906,150

THE GOLD MARKET.—Gold has shown an unexpectedly strong tendency downward. The settlement of vexed questions of politics and finance at the close of the session of Congress has been succeeded by a reaction from the excitement in the public mind; and those who have held gold from an expectation the session would close in storm have become ready sellers. This movement for realizing upon gold has produced a decline of 6 points in the premium, the highest price having been 139½, and the lowest 133½. The purchases up to the 6th for customs duties were unusually heavy, owing to the desire of importers to evade the enhanced duties upon wool and woollens which came into operation on the 7th inst. Yesterday and to-day the demand, on account of foreign exchange, was unusually large, but the premium has been weak notwithstanding. The market is considerably oversold, as is evidenced by the fact that yesterday and to-day gold has been loaned at 1-32 to ½ per cent. per day. The following has been the range of quotations during the week:

	Opening.	Lowest.	Highest.	Closing.
Saturday, Mar. 2.....	139½	138½	139½	138½
Monday, 4.....	139	138½	139	138½
Tuesday, 5.....	138½	138½	138½	138½
Wednesday, 6.....	138½	135½	138½	135½
Thursday, 7.....	134½	133½	134½	134½
Friday, 8.....	134½	133½	134½	134
Current week.....	139½	133½	139½	134
Previous week.....	138½	137½	140½	139½

The weekly range since January 1 has been as follows:

Week ending.	Opening.	Lowest.	Highest.	Range.	Closing
January 4 (3 days).....	132½	132½	134½	2½	134
" 11.....	133½	133½	135½	2½	134
" 18.....	134½	134½	137½	3½	136½
" 25.....	136½	134	137½	3½	134½
February 1.....	134½	134½	136½	2½	135
" 8.....	136½	136½	139	2½	137½
" 15.....	137½	136½	137½	1½	136½
" 22.....	136½	136½	138½	1½	138½
March 1.....	138½	137½	140½	2½	139½
" 8.....	139½	139½	139½	0	134

The amount of specie and bullion drawn from unreported sources—private boardings, Treasury sales, unmanifested receipts from California and foreign ports (including coin brought by immigrants), and receipts from the interior and overland from the gold regions—was in January \$5,133,944, and in February \$6,424,630, or since January 1, \$11,558,574, as shown by the subjoined formula:

	January.	February.	Since Jan. 1.
Specie in banks at or near commencement.....	\$13,185,222	\$16,332,984	\$13,185,222
Receipts of treasure from California.....	2,472,595	1,740,109	4,212,004
Imports of specie and bullion from foreign ports.....	126,719	126,491	253,210
Coin paid by Treasury for interest.....	7,485,945	5,1,532	8,007,777

Total reported supply.....\$23,370,781 \$18,731,416 \$25,669,213

From which subtract amounts withdrawn from market, viz:

	January.	February.	Since Jan. 1.
Export of specie and bullion to foreign ports.....	\$2,551,356	\$2,124,461	\$4,675,817
Paid into Treasury on account of customs.....	9,520,385	11,452,304	20,972,589

Total withdrawn from market.....\$12,071,741 \$13,576,665 \$25,648,406

	January.	February.	Since Jan. 1.
Excess of supply over withdrawals.....	\$11,109,040	\$5,154,751	\$16,263,791
Specie in banks at or near close.....	16,332,984	11,579,381	11,579,381

Drawn from unreported sources.....\$5,133,944 \$6,424,630 \$11,558,574

The transactions for the last week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury were as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury.
Feb. 25.....	Receipts.....\$686,561 70	Payments.....\$4,730,783 32
" 26.....	661,670 15	9,520,385 35
" 27.....	581,018 18	14,737,313 97
" 28.....	660,222 24	7,164,193 71
March 1.....	309,879 63	3,604,763 86
" 2.....	313,936 84	3,004,464 60
Total.....	\$3,152,288 74	\$40,666,348 22
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of Feb. 25.....		132,952,351 21
Deduct payments during the week.....		40,666,348 22
Balance on Saturday evening.....		\$109,866,761 27
Decrease during the week.....		23,085,589 94

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$307,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$240,000 in gold, and \$2,912,289 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since Jan. 5:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury.	Changes in Balances.
Jan. 5.....	1,584,037	12,304,498	Inc. 5,361,452
" 12.....	1,944,622	24,387,977	Inc. 1,448,662
" 19.....	2,360,714	9,450,690	Inc. 3,658,363
" 26.....	2,399,315	8,601,270	Inc. 3,763,051
Feb. 2.....	2,004,760	19,158,396	Inc. 5,290,951
" 9.....	2,585,047	7,633,155	Inc. 5,633,793
" 16.....	2,917,088	9,817,230	Inc. 10,333,537
" 23.....	2,781,958	12,715,316	Inc. 13,614,560
March 2.....	3,152,288	40,666,348	Dec. 23,085,589

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The decline in gold has induced importers to buy bills much more freely for remittance, and the result has been a steady advance in rates during the week, bankers' prime 60 days sterling bills opening at 108@108½, and closing at 108½@109.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	Feb. 15.	Feb. 21.	March 1.	March 8.
London Comm'l.....	107½@108	107½@108½	107½@108	107½@108
do bkrs' 100 days.....	108½@108¾	109@109½	108½@108¾	108½@109
do do short.....	109@109½	109½@110	109½@109¾	109½@109¾
aria 100 days.....	109½@110	110@110½	109½@110	109½@110
do do short.....	5.17½@5.18¼	5.18@5.19¾	5.16½@5.18¾	5.15@5.13¾
Antwerp.....	5.2@5.18¾	5.20@5.18¾	5.21½@5.18¾	5.20@5.18¾
Swiss.....	5.22½@5.18¾	5.20@5.18¾	5.21½@5.18¾	5.20@5.18¾
Paris.....	5.21½@5.18¾	5.21½@5.18¾	5.21½@5.18¾	5.21½@5.18¾
Amsterdam.....	41½@41¼	41¼@41¼	41¼@41¼	41¼@41¼
Frankfort.....	41@41¼	41¼@41¼	41¼@41¼	41¼@41¼
Bremen.....	78½@79	79@79¼	79@79¼	79@79¼

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, March 8.

The decline in gold, and the settlement of pending questions of public moment have nearly counterbalanced each other in their effect upon the market for merchandize. There is more disposition to sell, and a better demand for consumption. The turn of prices has in most cases been downward, but not equal to the decline in gold.

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of foreign and domestic merchandize :

	March 1.	Feb. 1.	1868.*
Beef, tierces and barrels.	15,089	18,911	29,189
Pork, barrels.	95,069	86,926	100,538
Tobacco, foreign, bales.	11,418	9,834	12,599
Tobacco, domestic, hogheads.	16,803	16,922	27,891
Coffee, Rio, bags.	34,750	42,028	31,494
Coffee, other, bags.	26,832	26,243	21,176
Coffee, Java, mats.	6,669		
Sugar, hogheads.	17,736	23,539	20,718
Sugar, boxes.	30,320	32,384	35,743
Sugar, bags.	118,420	116,325	104,305
Melado, hogheads.	140	70	69
Molasses, hogheads.	2,389	6,751	8,005
Molasses, barrels.	6,648	119	
Eldes, No. 1, bags.	125,000	44,700	250,000
Petroleum, refined, barrels.	16,400	16,820	42,600
Petroleum, crude, barrels.	23,300	21,505	15,700
Cotton, bales.	180,000	150,000	110,000
Rosin, barrels.	87,300	105,185	54,500
Crude turpentine, barrels.	2,000	1,557	7,500
Spirits turpentine, barrels.	4,700	8,466	5,500
Tar, barrels.	6,250	6,250	14,540
Rice, E. I., bags.	19,770	18,342	19,600
Rice, Carolina, tierces.	28	238	
Gunny Cloth, bales.	19,800	14,750	12,800
Gunny Bags, bales.	10,600	8,960	7,736
Linseed, bags.	14,450	5,700	30,476
Saltpetre, bags.	23,970	37,206	24,400
Jute, bales.	11,709	10,264	4,923
Manilla, bales.	18,800	15,500	25,119
Pig tin, slabs.	28,800	26,200	27,500
Spelter, tons.	900	1,100	600
Lead, tons.	2,500	2,000	5,500

* In the table for last month this column should have been headed February 1st, 1866.

Cotton has declined. Breadstuffs have been somewhat irregular. Tobacco has been more active. Groceries have been very firm on the gold basis, but currency quotations are lower. Provisions have been quite irregular. The speculative feeling in Pork alluded to in our last, as based on a reduced stock and small receipts, carried new mess on Wednesday to \$22 31½, with large sales for April delivery at \$22 25 @22 50, but at the close it is freely offered on Western account at \$22 12½. Bacon has been taken freely for export at 10@10½c. for Cumberland cut, with gold at 138, but with the decline in gold is not now salable, except at some concession. Lard has declined half-cent in currency, and pickled Hams ¼c., with the demand quite moderate. Beef of all kinds continues in light supply with a steady export demand, and the advance of last week is fully supported. Butter has declined materially, except for fine table sorts. The receipts of common and medium qualities are unseasonably large. Cheese has also declined. The receipts are large.

Hides are slightly lower. There have been large arrivals, and coming upon the market with unfavorable weather for handling them, some concession has been made to close. Leather is doing better.

In East India Goods the only movement of importance has been in Manilla hemp, of which sales on the spot and to arrive are to the extent of 12,000 bales, closing at 11 $\frac{3}{4}$ c., gold, duty paid.

Metals of all kinds have been quiet, and prices are weak.

Petroleum has further declined, with large stocks and receipts, and but moderate demand. Oils of all kinds are dull.

In Freights the only business of importance has been in the shipment of cotton to Liverpool, with some provisions and naval stores, the latter partly to the continent. A few petroleum charters are reported at steady rates.

On the announcement of the passage of the bill to increase the tariff on wool and woollen goods, there was more movement in domestic fleece, and sales were made at 3@5c. per lb. advance. The demand has now almost entirely subsided, and the advance at best but nominally supported.

The following table shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1867, the principal ports of destination, and the total for the same period in 1866. The export of each article to the several ports *for the past week* can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the *QUARTERLY* from that here given:

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

[illegible]

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending March 1, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the corresponding period in 1866:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.
Buttons.....	142	981	1,641	Hardware.....	331	2,407	2,446
Coal, tons.....	936	7,563	9,354	Iron, RR b'rs.....	15,336	50,531	22,973
Cocoa, bags.....	3,073	4,024	4,024	Lead, pigs.....	10,999	78,510	81,743
Coffee, bags.....	10,197	174,073	116,634	Spelter, lbs.....	407,269	1,915,425	
Cotton, bales.....	100	104	883	Steel.....	4,418	42,729	26,474
Drugs, &c.....				Tin, boxes.....	9,231	86,357	69,300
Bark, Peru.....	141	1,581	1,192	Tin, slabs, lbs.....	22,870	394,321	1,544,919
Bles p'w'd's.....	1,674	5,013	2,336	Sugar, hds.....	2,859	5,615	11,396
Brims, tns.....	1,014	1,550	3,223	Wines, &c.....	2,482	11,433	9,955
Cochineal.....	12	45	115	Sugar, bxs & bgs.....	5,166	31,334	56,155
Cr Tartar.....	40	100	430	Tea.....	6,336	208,307	103,312
Gambier.....	2,093	3,415	2,371	Tobacco.....	192	5,947	5,042
Gums, crude.....	442	650	992	Waste.....	237	2,363	1,378
Gum, Arabic.....	13	384	632	Champ, bkts.....	221	17,493	19,943
Indigo.....	63	587	3,789	Wines.....	2,254	19,598	32,031
Madder.....	38	641	1,336	Wool, bales.....	10	7,116	9,731
Oils, ess.....	4,324	28,927	219	Articles reported by value.....			
Oil, Olive.....	108	14,379	29,396	Cigars.....	\$4,636	\$45,216	\$188,093
Opium.....	2,500	2,836	29,330	Corks.....	3,369	34,700	8,908
Soda, bi-carb.....	1,187	7,319	5,383	Fancy goods.....	128,561	779,770	818,159
Soda, sal.....	33	193	1,809	Fish.....	11,784	173,309	394,517
Soda, ash.....	83	301	1,068	Fruits, &c.....			
Flax.....	350	11,243	4,393	Lemons.....	24,629	79,494	
Furs.....	47	419	1,497	Oranges.....	7,770	54,598	
Gumny cloth.....	1,797	20,279	16,633	Nuts.....	14,106	149,272	295,023
Hair.....	33	145	258	Raisins.....	68,197	173,347	321,515
Hemp, bales.....	1,797	20,279	16,633	Hides, dressed.....	288,333	1,700,444	1,300,915
Hides, &c.....	33	145	258	Rice.....	9,244	47,512	43,498
Hides, dress'd.....	251	1,742	1,977	Cassia.....	12,228	48,171	69,996
India rubber.....	203	11,354	5,037	Ginger.....	10,462	14,214	
Ivory.....	1	35	500	Pepper.....	25,533	74,798	49,674
Jewelry, &c.....	12	105	142	Saltpetre.....	1,133	35,311	
Jewelry.....	30	164	209	Logwood.....	648	12,218	7,323
Linseed.....	6,706	130,530	61,976	Walrus.....	15,927	39,513	
Molasses.....	2,224	13,609	11,142	Mahogany.....	2,258	32,577	
Metals, &c.....	133	877	1,018				
Cutlery.....							

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week, and since January 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending March 8, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.		This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.
Ashea, pkgs.....	90	948	1,041	Butter, pkgs.....	12,690	103,626	75,942
Breadstuffs.....				Cheese.....	5,490	59,536	27,134
Flour, bbls.....	25,353	237,482	240,622	Cut meats.....	4,211	41,050	32,232
Wheat, bush.....	136,450	61,078	61,078	Eggs.....	2,812	8,570	12,084
Corn.....	23,663	298,688	319,399	Pork.....	1,680	60,894	56,642
Oats.....	9,002	177,705	387,296	Beef, pkgs.....	2,140	13,867	18,192
Rye.....	1,972	8,067	15,441	Lard, pkgs.....	6,436	53,015	38,768
Malt.....	700	93,597	123,774	Lard, kegs.....	4	2,794	2,813
Barley.....	13,093	28,962	28,962	Provisions.....	915	5,099	1,070
Cattle seed.....	1,200	21,127	31,395	Butter, pkgs.....	12,690	103,626	75,942
Flaxseed.....	129	6,003	1,456	Cheese.....	5,490	59,536	27,134
Beans.....	837	10,789	28,283	Cut meats.....	4,211	41,050	32,232
Peas.....	2,208	5,448	5,658	Eggs.....	2,812	8,570	12,084
C. meal, bbls.....	1,530	9,507	15,441	Pork.....	1,680	60,894	56,642
C. meal, bags.....	7,714	141,487	127,631	Beef, pkgs.....	2,140	13,867	18,192
Buckwheat & B.W. flour, bgs.....	134	5,587	6,045	Lard, pkgs.....	6,436	53,015	38,768
Cotton, bales.....	19,694	214,725	189,186	Lard, kegs.....	4	2,794	2,813
Copper, bbls.....	97	1,216	1,335	Rice, pkgs.....	915	5,099	1,070
Copper, plates.....	241	1,360	754	Starch.....	2,500	8,970	24,534
Driedfruit, pkgs.....	485	16,022	3,810	Stearine.....	226	578	177
Grease, pkgs.....	331	2,437	420	Spelter, slabs.....	1,521	1,547	
Hemp, bales.....	196	196	240	Sugar, hds & bbs.....	300	492	192
Hides, No.....	3,394	57,362	91,124	Tallow, pkgs.....	497	2,417	1,283
Hops, bales.....	61	2,512	2,577	Tobacco, pkgs.....	2,654	4,951	35,784
Leather, sides.....	31,253	375,095	417,003	Tobacco, hds.....	949	3,883	3,416
Lead, pigs.....	579	579	1,562	Whiskey, bbls.....	3,216	26,300	17,797
Molasses, hds & bbls.....	573	8,327	4,544	Wool, bales.....	418	8,069	20,099
Naval Stores.....				Dressed Hogs.....			
Crude trp, bbl.....	1,230	10,317	4,544	No.....	3,470	77,906	80,178
Spirits turp.....	812	7,331	6,768	Rice, rough, bush.....		3,964	6,186

BREED AND PORK PACKING AT CHICAGO.—The yield of lard exceeds that of the previous season 5½ lbs., and the average weight of the hogs about 1 lb. per head. It is difficult to arrive at the stock of barreled pork on hand, but, taking the packers' returns of the number of barrels made by them as a starting point, assuming that the stock of old at that time was 5,000 bbls., and deducting the surplus shipments since then, reported at 51,053, would leave the stock of all kinds on hand, 120,459 bbls. It is reasonable to infer that 100,000 bbls. of this stock consists of mess pork. About 70,000 long cut hams have been made, and the shipments of sugar-pickled hams are returned at 42,209 tcs. By deducting the above from the usual per centage yield of hams on the total weight of the hogs, we form the estimate that the stock on hand at present, including those received from the county, is 25,000 to 30,000 tcs.—probably the large number. The stock of middles, bulk meats, &c., may be estimated in the same manner at 25,000,000 lbs.; and of lard 30,000 tcs. The demand for all cut meats and sugar-pickled hams has been unexampled. English middles have gone largely into consumption for the South, and now meet with much more favor than the old style of rough bulk meats.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P.M., March 8, 1867.

There is this week a considerable decrease in the receipts of cotton at all the ports, amounting in all to only 61,294 bales (against 73,574 bales last week, and 60,030 bales two weeks since), making the total receipts since September 1,

this year, 1,390,917 bales, against 1,391,611 bales for the same period in 1865-6. Our reports received this week indicate an approaching exhaustion of the supply in many quarters. Confirmation of these reports is seen in the decreasing of the interior stocks. Still we do not anticipate any immediate decided falling off in the total receipts, much yet remaining to be brought to market in some of the States. In the following may be seen the details of the week's receipts:

Received this week at*—	Receipts.	Received this week at—	Receipts.
New Orleans.....	bales 21,300	Florida.....	bales 1,336
Mobile.....	5,037	North Carolina.....	1,138
Charleston.....	2,395	Virginia.....	3,646
Savannah.....	6,936		
Texas.....	2,372	Total receipts for week.....	61,294
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.....	10,084		

The exports this week from all the ports show an increase on the total for the previous week, amounting in the aggregate to 56,357 bales, against 54,296 bales last week. At present the movement at the South is principally for Liverpool, and has not been checked by the fall in prices there, great confidence being felt in diminished receipts and higher rates. Below are the details of the week's shipments from all the ports, showing a total of 40,804 bales sent to Liverpool, 1,456 bales sent to Glasgow, 12,794 bales to Havre, and 1,303 bales to Hamburg:

	—Exported this week to—				
From—	Liver- pool.	Glasgow.	Havre.	Ham- burg.	Total.
New York.....	11,411	1,456	2,403	1,303	16,573
Boston.....	567	.....	.....	.....	567
Philadelphia.....	702	.....	.....	.....	702
New Orleans.....	17,777	.....	8,631	.....	26,408
Mobile.....	2,893	.....	1,760	.....	4,653
Savannah.....	3,370	.....	.....	.....	3,370
Charleston.....	3,734	.....	.....	.....	3,734
Galveston.....	480	.....	.....	.....	480
Total exports this week.....	40,804	1,456	12,794	1,303	56,357

The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1 now amount to 729,942 bales, against 823,789 bales for the same period last year. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIP- MENTS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain	France	Other for'gn.	Total.		
N. Orleans, Mar. 1....	568,028	221,008	60,843	14,823	296,674	171,439	239,123
Mobile, March 1.....	195,446	72,341	1,760	1,929	76,930	52,004	71,116
Charleston, March 1.....	109,494	46,890	909	4	47,803	56,016	15,425
Savannah, March 1.....	171,660	51,627	.....	.....	51,627	97,702	83,893
Texas, Feb. 22.....	108,150	18,475	.....	1,257	19,732	41,012	35,365
New York, March 8.....	75,708	137,788	7,489	22,242	217,469	.....	135,000
Florida, March 15.....	41,118	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,322	2,819
N. Carolina, March 8.....	30,321	154	.....	.....	154	30,077	.....
Virginia, March 8.....	75,504	4,353	.....	.....	4,853	70,651	.....
Other p'ts, March 8.....	15,583	15,339	.....	261	15,600	.....	150,000
Total	1,390,917	618,475	70,951	40,516	729,942	549,216	632,741

The market this week has been greatly depressed by the continued liberal receipts at the ports, the dull accounts from Liverpool and Manchester, the unsatisfactory state of our dry goods trade, and the fall in gold, the result being a decline of about 2 cents per pound since our last report. The business has been almost entirely for export, spinners buying very sparingly and speculators having lost confidence. At the close, however, there is less pressure to sell. It is believed that with the adjournment of Congress all commercial and financial matters will be in a more settled condition, so that business will spring up and the entire supply of cotton be wanted at prices fully up to current quotations. At this market, however, there appears to be a pretty general abandonment of the minimum estimates of the crop, and few place the year's receipts at a lower figure than 1,800,000 bales, and many as high as two million bales.

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact, as some of our readers fail to understand it. † Our weekly mail returns from New Orleans have failed to reach us, so that we give the receipts as reported by telegraph.

‡ The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.

§ These are the receipts at all the ports of Florida to March 1, except Apalachicola, which are only to February 16.

| Estimated. The stock at New York is also estimated.

The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans
Ordinary	25	25	25	26
Good Ordinary	26	26	26	27
Low Middling	27	27	27	28
Middling	29½	29½	30	31
Good Middling	31	32	33	34

The exports of Cotton from New York this week show a considerable increase over the total for last week, amounting in all to 16,573 bales. The particulars of these shipments are as follows:

To Liverpool per steamers—Tripoli, 1,627.... City of Baltimore, 627....	
Pennsylvania, 1,557.... Per ships—City of Montreal, 1,250.... Marbo-	
rough, 2,973.... Neptune, 2,000.... Bolivia, 466.... Per bark Fannie, 576.	
Total bales	11,411
To Glasgow per steamers—United Kingdom, 697.... Hibernia, 759.	
Total bales	1,456
To Havre, per steamer—Mississippi, 60.... Per ships Enterpe, 1,366....	
Wm. Frothingham, 957. Total bales	2,403
To Hamburg per steamer—Allemania, 2,364.... Per ship St. John Law-	
rence, 29. Total bales	1,303

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1866; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1866

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	Feb. 12.	Feb. 19.	Feb. 26.	March 5.		
Liverpool.....	7,817	8,042	11,510	11,411	182,211	243,409
Other British ports.....	880	100	.....	1,486	5,577	10,394
Total to Gt. Britain..	8,697	8,142	11,510	12,867	187,788	253,033
Havre.....	397	784	65	2,403	7,433	16,817
Other French ports.....	.....	6	.....	.....	6	8
Total French.....	397	790	65	2,403	7,439	16,825
Bremen and Hanover.....	2,703	630	1,880	.....	12,893	10,062
Hamburg.....	.....	.....	.....	1,303	7,213	9,296
Other ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,276	2,285
Total to N. Europe..	2,703	630	1,880	1,303	21,382	20,643
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	860	641
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Total Spain, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	860	651
Grand Total.....	11,797	9,552	13,455	16,573	217,469	292,152

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

	This week.	Since Sept. 1.		This week.	Since Sept. 1.
From New Orleans.....	3,010	100,397	From South Carolina.....	413	29,379
Texas.....	1,277	25,097	North Carolina.....	871	25,176
Savannah.....	2,514	74,804	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.....	2,513	57,435
Mobile.....	21,839	.....	Per Railroad.....	9,078	179,057
Florida.....	23,207	.....		
Total for the week.....				19,694	
Total since Sept. 1.....					446,421

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1:

	—Boston—		—Philad'phia—		—Baltimore—	
	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.
Receipts from—						
New Orleans.....	229	51,393	691	8,631	.....	931
Texas.....	1,735	8,672	.....	.....	.....	207
Savannah.....	.....	12,370	3,764	279	5,749	.....
Mobile.....	.....	22,029	459	200	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	36	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	509	5,506	146	1,574	160	5,471
North Carolina.....	.....	610	.....	717	267	1,662
Virginia.....	.....	8,338	.....	.....	823	9,594
New York, &c.....	1,128	32,760	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.....	1,321	15,853	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total receipts..... bales	5,314	158,937	837	15,145	1,529	23,814

* Reshipments.

Exports from these cities during the week have been as follows:

To Liverpool from Boston per steamer Chi a.....	bales.
To Liverpool from Philadelphia per ship Tonawanda.....	702

making the total from these cities 1,269 bales, all of which were to Liverpool.

SHIPPING NEWS.—We have given above the vessels in which the foreign shipments for the week were made from the Northern ports; we now add the same information with regard to the Southern ports:

	Total bales
Exported this week from—	
New Orleans—To Liverpool, per ships Molocka, 2,374.... Armstro &	
2,652.... Georgina, 2,573.... per barks Onkel, 1,230.... Never Sink	
2,213.... Limerick Lass, 1,612.... Jonathan Chase, 1,985.... Ellen,	
1,388.... Gauss, 1,605.... per brig Commodore, 188....	17,777
To Havre, per ship Caravan, 4,214.... per barks Annie Kimball, 2,308	
Sonshine, 1,203.... per brig Ossipee, 907....	8,631
Mobile—To Liverpool, per ship Halden, 2,863....	2,863
To Havre, per bark Wm. Rathbone, 1,760....	1,760
Charleston—To Liverpool, per bark Yumeyie, 136 bales Sea Island and	
1,516 Upland.... per ship Bessie Crosby, 373 bags Sea Is and and	
1,730 bales Upland....	3,734
Savannah—To Liverpool, per ships Consol, 1,162 Upland.... Black	
Prince, 397 Sea Island and 1,781 Upland....	3,270
Galveston—To Liverpool, per brig Fanny, 480....	480

Total exports this week from Southern ports..... 38,513

SAVANNAH, March 2.—The receipts for the week ending March 1 were 7,219 bales (of which 283 were from Florida), against 7,742 bales last week. The shipments this week were 4,522 bales, of which 3,270 bales were to Liverpool, and 1,252 bales to New York. Below we give the receipts, shipments, prices, &c., for a series of weeks:

	Receipts.	Shipm's.	Stock.	Price Mid.
Jan. 4.....	6,976	5,013	28,508	32½ @—
" 11.....	7,537	8,496	27,849	31½ @32
" 18.....	11,369	11,401	28,037	33 @—
" 25.....	11,156	5,953	32,873	31½ @32
Feb. 1.....	9,489	16,112	26,250	31½ @—
" 8.....	10,624	7,714	29,160	31 @—
" 15.....	7,041	8,611	27,542	31 @—
" 22.....	7,742	5,108	30,376	30½ @30
March 1.....	7,219	4,522	33,893	30 @—

There has been considerable business done this week at prices ranging from 29½ to 30c. for middling. The close, however, is firm at the latter figure, the rise in gold and decreased offerings having stiffened prices. Freight shows no change. We quote to Liverpool 7-16½ d. for square, and ¾ d. for round bales. Steam to New York and Boston 1c, and to Philadelphia ¾ c, and Baltimore ¾ c. In sailing vessels cotton is taken at ¾ c. New York, and ¾ c. Boston.

CHARLESTON, March 2.—The receipts for the week ending March 1, amount to 2,609 bales, against 5,368 bales last week. Shipments for this week amount to 5,871 bales, (against 4,890 bales last week), of which 3,734 bales were to Liverpool, 1,382 bales to New York, 669 to Boston, 25 to Philadelphia, 4 to Savannah, and 57 to Baltimore. The receipts, sales and exports of a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since Jan. 4, were as follows:

						—Freight for Up'd—			
Date.	Rec'ts.	Sales.	Ship-	Stock.	Price of	To Liver-	To New	Price	
					mid.	pool.	York.*		
Jan. 4..	5,378	3,347	4,353	17,499	31 @34	¾ @—	1 @—	134½ @136	
" 11..	4,348	1,698	1,684	20,023	33 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	134½ @136	
" 18..	6,233	1,590	5,857	20,399	33 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	136½ @138	
" 25..	6,252	1,891	9,848	16,503	32½ @—	¾ @—	1 @—	135½ @137	
Feb. 1..	6,632	1,827	7,859	15,576	32 @—	¾ @9-16	1 @—	135½ @137	
" 8..	5,011	2,049	3,818	16,769	31 @31½	¾ @—	1 @—	136½ @138	
" 15..	4,772	2,514	3,751	17,730	31 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	136½ @138	
" 22..	5,068	1,957	4,890	18,657	30 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	136½ @138	
Mar. 1..	2,609	1,459	5,871	15,435	30 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	136½ @138	

* Steam.

The unfavorable Liverpool advices have exercised a depressing influence on the market this week, especially in the early part of it, causing prices to decline somewhat. At the close, however, and with the rise in gold, the market is firmer, middlings being quoted as in our last at 30c., and ordinary at 28c. Exchange on New York is bought by banks at ¾ c. discount for sight, and sold at par. Sterling Exchange \$6.60 @ \$6.63 for 60 days' bills.

MOBILE, March 2.—By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending March 1 were 5,037 bales, against 6,900 bales last week, and the shipments were 7,476 bales, of which 2,863 bales were to Liverpool, 1,760 to Havre, 554 to New York, 1,463 to Boston, and 411 bales to New Orleans, leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared, of 71,116 bales. The receipts for the corresponding week of last year were 12,034 bales, and the exports 8,778 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

	Date.	Receipts.	Sales.	Exp's.	Stock.	Price of	To Liver-	To New	Price
						mid. L'pool.	pool.	York.	gold.
Jan. 4.....	6,905	14,500	9,257	77,468	32½ @—	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	134½ @136
" 11.....	9,508	9,200	7,735	79,241	31½ @—	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	134½ @136
" 18.....	8,303	11,300	12,374	75,170	32 @32½	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	136½ @138
" 25.....	12,097	8,450	7,059	77,771	30 @31½	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	134½ @136
Feb. 1.....	6,593	8,350	9,701	74,633	30 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	134½ @136
" 8.....	10,072	9,400	3,050	61,655	30 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	136½ @138
" 15.....	6,581	9,500	9,911	78,335	30 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	134½ @136
" 22.....	6,900	9,106	12,095	73,130	30 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	136½ @138
Mar. 1.....	5,037	6,800	7,476	71,116	29½ @30	¾ @—	1 @—	1 @—	134½ @136

The demand was very limited early in the week, and for the first four days the sales amounted to only about 2,500 bales, prices fluctuating between 28½ @29½ for middlings. Later the rise in gold and the improvement at Liverpool and New York gave a better tone to the market, the sales for the two days reaching 4,000 bales, and closing firm at 29½ @30c. for middlings. Exchange on New York ¾ discount. Sterling Exchange 147 @149.

GALVESTON, Feb. 23.—We have received one week's later statement by mail from Galveston. The receipts for week ending Feb. 22 were 8,180 bales, against 4,957 last week, and the shipments were 4,215 bales, of which 460 bales were to Liverpool, 2,860 bales were to New York, 546 bales to Boston, and 328 bales were to New Orleans. Below we give the receipts, and shipments for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

	Date.	Receipts.	Exp.	Stock.	Price	To Liver-	To New	Price
					mid.*	pool.	York.*	gold.
January 4.....	3,824	4,928	380	33,801	25½ @—	¾ @—	1 @—	133 @135
" 11.....	5,451	6,624	5,069	34,243	25 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	133 @135
" 18.....	4,182	8,354	5,004	35,421	24½ @—	¾ @—	1 @—	134½ @136
" 25.....	4,879	6,632	9,514	39,396	23 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	133 @135
Feb. 1.....	6,896	4,568	4,086	36,153	24 @—	¾ @—	1 @—	135 @137
" 8.....	6,494	4,138	12,888	30,621	23 @—	1 @—	1 @—	134½ @136
" 15.....	4,957	4,337	6,010	31,400	22½ @—	¾ @—	1 @—	136½ @138
" 22.....	8,180	2,790	4,215	35,365	22 @—	9-16 @—	1 @—	137 @—

* Specie.

† Per steamer.

There has been increased activity this week, factors showing more willingness to meet the views of buyers. Prices, however, are unsettled, but we quote middling at the close as nominal at 22c., specie. Exchange—sight on New York we quote ½ per cent. discount. Freight to Liverpool easy at 9-16½; to New York, by sail, ¾ c., and by steam 1½ c.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets our correspondent in London writes as follows: *

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 23.—Abundant supplies of most descriptions of cotton are on offer, and the market has ruled quiet, with a downward tendency in prices. Spinners, however, show more disposition to operate at the recent decline in the quotations. As compared with Saturday last, American cotton shows a decline of $\frac{1}{4}$ d; Brazilian, $\frac{1}{4}$; inferior Egyptian, $\frac{1}{4}$ per lb.; while Smyrna, Sea Island and East Indian qualities barely support the rates then current. The total sales of the week amount to 56,790 bales, of which speculators have taken 3,800 bales, exporters 14,100, and the trade 38,890 bales. Annexed are the prices current for American cotton:

	1867.				1866.			
	Ordinary and middling.	Fair and good fair.	Good and fine.	Mid.	Fair.	Good		
Sea Island.....	20	23	26	32	44	66	33	38
Stained.....	15	16	17	18	19	26	22	24
Upland.....	12 $\frac{1}{4}$ @13	13 $\frac{1}{4}$	15	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mobile.....	12 $\frac{1}{4}$ @14	14	15	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
New Orleans.....	12 $\frac{1}{4}$ @13	14 $\frac{1}{4}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	20 $\frac{1}{2}$
Texas.....	12 $\frac{1}{4}$ @13	14 $\frac{1}{4}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	20 $\frac{1}{2}$

The following statement shows the prices of middling qualities of cotton at this date in each of the last four years:

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.		1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Middling—	d.	d.	d.	d.	Middling—	d.	d.	d.	d.
Sea Island.....	39	44	32	23	Pernambuco..	27	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	14
Upland.....	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	Egyptian.....	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	14
Mobile.....	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	14	14	Bracon.....	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	11	13	10 $\frac{1}{2}$
Orleans.....	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	Dholerah.....	17	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$

Annexed are the available and immediately prospective supplies of cotton, so far as the principal European ports are concerned. With regard to the quantities afloat, it will be observed that only American and East Indian qualities are referred to:—

	1866.	1867.
Stock at Liverpool.....	bales. 418,681	556,340
London.....	66,882	34,072
Havre.....	41,038	65,563
American cotton afloat.....	100,000	85,000
Indian.....	534,340	184,713
Afloat at Havre.....	27,394	23,045
Total.....	1,291,335	969,333

The following statement shows the actual export from Liverpool, Hull, and other outports from January 1 to date, as well as the total export from these ports in the whole of last year:

	1867.	1866.	Actual expt.
American.....	bales 14,768	39,312	208,015
Brazil.....	9,104	21,637	111,685
Egyptian, &c.....	3,206	3,206	19,534
West India, &c.....	1,263	1,266	14,238
East India, &c.....	53,495	55,077	773,141
China.....	751	1,026	9,387
Total.....	81,220	122,384	1,286,565

The following statement shows the sales and imports for the week and year, and also the stocks of each principal description of produce on the evening of Thursday last—a comparison with last year is also subjoined:

SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.									
	Trade.	Ex. port.	Specula.	Total.	Total.	Same.	Average.		
	port.	tion.	tion.	week.	year.	period.	weekly sales.		
American.....	16,240	3,750	600	20,590	138,690	198,230	14,130	15,830	1866.
Brazilian.....	3,650	1,040	..	4,690	43,160	51,280	4,110	4,260	1866.
Egyptian.....	4,820	350	380	5,550	39,050	38,910	4,170	4,150	1866.
West Indian.....	920	240	..	1,160	11,920	14,300	1,040	1,470	1866.
East Indian.....	13,200	8,780	2,830	24,740	184,370	152,740	13,370	12,370	1866.
China and Japan.....	60	..	..	60	1,620	1,260	120	60	1866.
Total.....	38,890	14,100	3,800	56,790	418,770	456,620	36,840	38,280	1866.

HAVRE, Feb. 21.—The market to-day is decidedly quiet, but at the commencement of the week there was a good demand. New Orleans, for delivery in February, has realised 162f 50c. the 50 kilograms.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES, JAN. 1 TO FEB. 14, STOCKS FEB. 14.

	IMPORTS.		DELIVERIES.		STOCKS.	
	1866. bales.	1867. bales.	1866. bales.	1867. bales.	1866. bal-s.	1867. bales.
American..bales.	20,653	12,007	11,300	25,000	18,924	30,932
Brazilian.....	3,975	8,662	5,400	9,153	350	11,094
Indian.....	15,169	7,807	13,450	21,600	22,449	22,247
Total, including other kinds.....	42,869	30,586	32,702	57,652	44,088	65,563

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 8, 1867.

The exports of tobacco this week are extremely small, amounting in the aggregate to only 85 hhds., 529 cases, 94 bales, 4 tierces, 16 boxes, and 122,666 manufactured pounds, as may be seen in the following detailed statement:

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph despatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

Exported from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tierces.	Boxes.	Stems.	Pkgs.	Man'd
New York.....	69	222	94	4	..	..	..	119,999
Boston.....	16	307	..	..	..	..	..	2,667
Baltimore.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total this week.....	85	529	94	4	16	..	..	122,666
Total last week.....	1,040	587	360	..	40	14	..	200,380
Total previous week.....	2,812	1,195	620	6	39	162	..	271,328

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1866.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tierces.	Boxes.	Stems.	Pkgs.	Man'd
Great Britain.....	2,887	511	146	..	..	..	..	467,547
Germany.....	11,133	7,483	2,555	6	1,464	229	543	133,257
Belgium.....	2,021	160	..	..	..	..	..	7,562
Holland.....	5,372	38	..	..	298	..	..	36,411
Italy.....	2,978	16	..	..	..	..	..	18,215
France.....	3,554	4	..	..	..	..	..	212,354
Spain, &c.....	3,299	480	..	..	..	..	..	31,588
Mediterranean.....	821	50	..	..	..	..	..	60,575
Austria.....	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,468,510
Africa, &c.....	606	56	182	..	..	..	..	595
China, India, &c.....	1,286	97	..	..	..	..	..	342
Australia.....	15	..	30	..	..	..	..	223,311
B. N. Am. Prov.....	112	33	..	..	..	..	..	388,592
South America.....	72	423	770	..	..	..	..	630
West Indies.....	360	460	2,060	..	..	..	..	8,906
East Indies.....	268	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mexico.....	1	22	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hono ulu.....	37	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
All others.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

T'l since Nov. 1, '66 34,036 11,235 5,695 182 1,762 229 2,803 3,077,337

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tierces.	Boxes.	Stems.	Pkgs.	Man'd
New York.....	12,965	9,487	4,780	152	1,296	844	229	2,952,897
Baltimore.....	17,489	23	..	..	11	918	..	113,584
Boston.....	708	1,702	915	30	1,196	..	..	..
Portland.....	20	14	..	..	330	..	..	..
New Orleans.....	2,828	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,556
Philadelphia.....	21	13	..	..	..	..	..	..
San Francisco.....	11	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total since Nov. 1.....	34,036	11,235	5,695	182	1,762	229	2,803	3,077,337

The unfavorable weather which has prevailed during the greater portion of the week, and the non-arrival of samples have retarded business, although the inquiry has been good both for export and consumption. The demand for Virginia tobacco is especially good. The sales of the week have been limited, by the circumstances we have named, to about 200 hhds. Kentucky and Virginia, about equally divided between old and new crops, at prices ranging from 6 to 20c., with some fancy samples at 25@40c. Seed leaf has been rather quiet. There is a pressing demand for good wrapping lots, but they are scarce and held at extreme prices. Pennsylvania has a good quantity, but they are held back. There are no Ohio wrappers in market, and we have only to note the sale of 40 bales. Pennsylvania at 8c. Foreign tobacco has been in good demand, and we notice sales of 420 bales Havana on private terms, mostly for export. Manufactured tobacco has been without movement of importance.

QUOTATIONS PER POUND.

KENTUCKY LEAF (Hhds.).			
Light.	Heavy.	Good Leaf.	Light.
4 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5c.	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 6	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 9	9 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12c.
Common Leaf.....	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 9	13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 14
Medium do.....	7 @ 9	9 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12	15 @ 16

SEED LEAF (BOXES).

SEED LEAF (BOXES).			
Connecticut Wrappers.	Selections.....	Old Crop.	Crop of 1865
..	..	55 @ 15c.	..
..	..	25 @ 65	10 @ 22
..	..	9 @ 11	6 @ 23
New York Running Lot.....	..	6 @ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12
Ohio.....	..	5 @ 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 @ 10
Pennsylvania.....	..	5 @ 10	8 @ 15
New York Fillers.....	..	4 @ 6	..
Ohio and Pennsylvania Fillers.....	..	3 @ 4	..

MANUFACTURED.

Black, common, tax paid.....	25 @ 30c	Fine, tax paid.....	50 @ 1 25
good ..	40 @ 55c	Black, medium, in bond	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 18c
fine ..	60 @ 70c	good & fine ..	20 @ 30c
Bright, common, ..	25 @ 40c	Bright, medium, ..	15 @ 40c
good ..	45 @ 55c	good & fine ..	30 @ 55c

FOREIGN.

Havana.—Fillers.—Common.....	60@ 70	Havana.—Wrappers.....	1 25@2 50
Good.....	75@ 85	Yara.....	55@1 05
Fine.....	90@1 00	Yara, average lots.....	60@ 70

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

	—This week—		—Previously—		—T'l since Nov. 1—	
From	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.	pkgs.
Virginia.....	173	1,444	2,047	24,922	2,220	26,366
Baltimore.....	51	70	700	1,012	751	1,083
New Orleans.....	189	152	694	88	883	240
Ohio, &c.....	531	856	4,095	6,536	4,626	7,392
Other.....		12	124	44	124	66
Total.....	949	2,534	7,600	32,592	8,609	38,126

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Bal.	Case.	Tcs.	Man'd lbs.		Hhds.	Bal.	Case.	Tcs.	Man'd lbs.
Liverpool	50	1	75	4	31,974	Other W. I.	5	3	3	3	6,429
Hamburg	1	75	11,350			British N.A.					
Africa	10	15	20,465			Colonies					2,391
Cuba		3				B. Guiana	3				
Porto Rico	49		41,836			B. Honduras	1	13			3,801
Hayti	80		463			Mexico					700
						N. Granada		77			

Total export for the week..... 69 94 222 14 119,999

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

KENTUCKY.—At Louisville, for the last week, the market opened with a good attendance of buyers, with sales of 141 hogsheds at \$2 45@ \$40 per 100 pounds, including two hogsheds choice wrappers at \$2 50 @ \$40 per 100 pounds. The next day the sales were 118 hogsheds at \$1.50@27.50 per 100 pounds; the next, 47 hogsheds at \$2@40 50, the latter price for one hoghead Hart County, taken for manufacturing. The next, 130 hogsheds at \$1 95@15; the next, 218 hogsheds at \$1 60@45 50. The market closed active, with sales of 170 hogsheds. The following are quotations: Common lugs, 2½@3½; fair to good, 3½@ 5; common leaf, 5½@7½; medium, 8@11; fair to good, 12@15; good to fine, 16@20; fancy wrapping, 20@50 cents per lb.

TOBACCO STATEMENT.

	Hhds.		Hhds.
Stock on hand Feb. 16.....	3,734	Deliveries since.....	581
Receipts this week—country.....	538		
Receipts since—local.....	32	Stock on hand Feb. 23.....	3,723
Total.....	4,304		

MARYLAND.—At Baltimore Maryland leaf is arriving a little more freely, but in the absence of vessels on the berth, and the reduced stock in factors' hands of desirable grades, shippers buy sparingly. Holders are steady. We are also without sales worthy of notice in Ohio and Kentucky. Inspected this week 207 hhds. Maryland (including 76 re-inspected), 64 Ohio, and 1 Kentucky—total 272 hhds. Stock on hand 14,079 hhds. We renew quotations, per 100 lbs.:

Maryland frosted to com'n \$2.50@ 3.00	Maryland upper county... \$3.00@30.00
" sound common. 3.50@ 4.00	" ground leaf, new 3.00@ 5.00
" good " 5.00@ 5.50	Ohio inferior to good com. 4.00@ 6.00
" middling " 6.00@ 8.00	" brown and spangled. 7.00@12.00
" good to fine b'wn 10.00@15.00	" g'd & fine red & spg'd 13.00@17.00
" fancy " 17.00@25.00	" fine yellow & fancy. 20.00@30.00

Manufactured Tobacco—There has been a good demand the past week for bright work, and in the absence of receipts, stock of this description is much reduced.

VIRGINIA.—At Richmond the tobacco market of the week has been dull and prices lower, except for desirable and fine grades. Fine bright, and indeed all qualities of good merit, sell at about our quotations of last week. But, of the receipts, only a small proportion is in good order—the major portion being of medium and low grades of loose leaf; and if future receipts continue to be of this character, prices are likely to continue on the decline for that description of tobacco. The better qualities keep well up in prices, and some very bright, well cured samples sold on Tuesday as high as \$101 per 100 lbs.

The new stock arriving is generally of inferior quality and ruling low. Fine qualities, however, are of hopeful prices. We quote as follows, per 100 lbs.:

NEW.

Lugs and common leaf.. \$2 00@ \$6 50	Good leaf in hhds..... 10 00@ 16 00
Medium leaf, loose..... 7 00@ 9 00	Medium bright..... 20 00@ 30 00
Good, loose..... 10 00@ 15 00	Good..... 35 00@ 50 00
Lugs and common leaf..... 3 00@ 6 50	Fine..... 55 00@ 75 00
in hhds..... 7 50@ 10 00	Extra..... 80 00@100 00

Manufactured and smoking tobacco—Very little in market, but in good demand. There is some inquiry for inferior qualities.

At Petersburg the activity reported in our last review continues unabated. The receipts of loose are large, and all desirable grades sell at full prices. The receipts of hogsheds are daily increasing. We quote lugs at \$2@4 for common to good; very good \$4 25@6; leaf at \$8@10 for good, very good \$13 50@15 50, fancy \$29 50@80 Primings and inferior lugs sell very low and are much neglected.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, March 8, 1867, P. M.

The general demand has somewhat improved in the past week, and prices opened firm, but the decline in gold has had the effect to weaken the market at the close, especially for flour and wheat. The Western markets have been very firm.

Flour has been in very light receipt, and the general trade very good; but the approach of warm weather, from which there is danger that low grades and old flours may become sour and musty, has caused some pressure to sell, under which some irregularity of prices has prevailed, with a general tendency downward in sympathy with gold, though the actual changes in quotations are unimportant. The fresh ground high grades of spring wheat flours bring very full prices.

Millers have bought wheat fairly, and the movement for the week is a full average; but the last two days have developed a pressure to sell, under which prices have given way 3@5cts. per bushel, closing dull.

Corn has been quite excited and irregular. The stock is rapidly diminishing, though still large, and, with better reports from Liverpool an advance was made on Tuesday to \$1 11 in store, from which it fell on Thursday to \$1 07, recovering to-day to \$1 09, closing very unsettled. The ad-

vance in price, with the decline in gold, has brought shipments to Europe to a pause.

Oats have been inactive for some days, but close with a good inquiry. Rye has sold pretty freely at better prices. Barley has had a free movement, both for export and malting, and very full prices have been paid, especially for fine qualities, which are becoming scarce. Peas have been quiet and unchanged.

The following are the closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine.. 9 bbl \$8 50@ 9 65	Milwaukee Club..... \$1 85@ 2 33
Extra State..... 9 75@11 40	Red Winter..... 2 25@ 2 35
Shipping R. hoop Ohio. 10 40@11 35	Amber do..... 1 85@ 3 05
Extra Western, com- 9 65@11 65	White..... 2 85@ 3 15
mon to good.....	Corn, Western Mixed..... 1 00@ 1 11
Double Extra Western 11 85@15 00	Western Yellow..... 1 10@ 1 11
and St. Louis.....	Western White..... 1 10@ 1 12
Southern supers..... 10 40@11 85	Jersey Yellow..... 1 10@ 1 13
Southern, fancy and ex. 12 25@15 00	Rye..... 1 10@ 1 10
Rye Flour, fine and super- 6 75@ 8 00	Oats, Western cargoes... 60@ 70
fine.....	Barley and State..... 68@ 72
Corn meal, Jersey and 5 10@ 5 50	Malt..... 1 20@ 1 35
Brandywine.....	Peas, Canada..... 1 20@ 1 35
Wheat, Chicago Spring 1 90@ 2 35	White beans..... 1 75@ 2 25
per bushel.....	

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1867	1866
For week. S'e Jan. 1.		
Flour, bbls.....	16,905	215,005
Corn meal, bbls.....	1,905	78,685
Wheat, bush.....	40,000	122,085
Corn, bush.....	19,425	285,010
Rye, bush.....	250	1,990
Barley, &c., bush.....	6,200	97,350
Oats, bush.....	15,235	187,195

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1

To	Flour, C. meal, Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Corn,
bbls. bbls. bush. bush. bush. bush. bush.	
Gt. Brit. week.....	
since Jan. 1.....	2,076 14,086 6,515 459,519 64,479 115,018
N. A. Col. week.....	
since Jan. 1.....	7,930 3,691 225 5,982
We-t Ind. week.....	
since Jan. 1.....	5,064 2,574 300 2,296 1,868 18,581
Total exp't, week.....	12,752 3,548 20,116 87,962 17,183 132,476
since Jan. 1, 1867.....	67,856 24,899 20,116 87,962 17,183 132,476
same time, 1866.....	196,543 17,253 65,704 74,288 170,971 114,061
Since Jan. 1, from.....	
Boston.....	18,543 1,070 500 114,940 63
Philadelphia.....	4,545 2,535 1,341 130,513
Baltimore.....	17,183 4,461 250 250,166

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEPT 1, 1866.

From	Date.	Flour bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York.....	Mar. 1, 1867.....	50,855	347,293	3,551,646
New Orleans.....	Feb. 23, 1867.....	291		
Philadelphia.....	Feb. 26, 1867.....	3,945		154,329
Baltimore.....	Feb. 26, 1867.....			286,583
Boston.....	Feb. 26, 1867.....	8,619		
San Francisco.....	Jan. 27, 1867.....	20,491	2,014,794	
Other ports.....	Feb. 26, 1867.....	18,608	16,332	8,760
Total.....		93,867	2,382,364	4,301,638
To about same period, 1866.....		111,688	1,193,942	4,996,220
do do 1865.....		82,035	1,498,666	73,359
do do 1864.....		631,097	8,425,633	240,220

TO THE CONTINENT.

From	Date.	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bush.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York, to Mar. 1, 1867.....		2,123	122,173		8,060
Other ports, to latest dates.....		19		41,436	
Total.....		2,112	122,173	41,436	8,060
To about same period, 1866.....		4,075	162,072	57,323	39,380
do do 1865.....		12,650		68,521	1,767
do do 1864.....		26,069	13,965	135,188	6,343

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending March 2:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, cental.	Corn, cental.	Oats, cental.	Barley, cental.	Rye, cental.
Chicago.....	25,714	49,633	71,027	21,473	7,363	5,198
Milwaukee.....	8,332	34,192	19,485	5,391	2,563	1,478
Toledo.....	6,044	8,920	35,651	1,182	1,492	473
Detroit.....	3,859	2,665	4,145	913	3,522	426
Cleveland.....	2,660	1,890	2,548	1,920	1,296	196
Totals.....	46,609	97,300	123,856	30,879	16,236	7,771
Previous week.....	48,492	54,736	79,723	14,422	6,840	5,365
Corresponding week, '66.....	57,013	130,207	98,558	17,060	6,598	5,114
Since Jan. 1, 1867.....	585,974	978,530	958,532	268,454	121,563	82,635
Same time, 1866.....	347,727	1,176,937	687,947	340,400	52,907	75,363

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY, March 8, 1867, P. M.

The grocery market has been generally less active from a variety of causes. Earlier in the week there was a fair business in a portion of the articles under this head, and prices were rather firmer. But later, with the decline in gold, there is developed a want of confidence in prices, and business is very much restricted, while currency prices are lower.

The imports of leading articles of groceries in the first two months of the year, as shown by the tables given in detail under the respective heads, are as follows:

	1867.	1866.		1867.	1866.
Tea, lbs.....	8,482,286	5,183,600	Sugar, bxs. & bgs.	36,565	58,160
Coffee, bgs.....	187,063	116,634	Molasses, hhds.	12,130	11,778
Sugar, hhds.....	9,171	8,979	do. N.O. bbls.	6,881	.....

TEA.

TEA has been rather more quiet during the entire week. There is a light demand for teas in bond for the Canada market. The sales for the week are 2,500 half-chests Japans, 5,600 half-chests Oolongs, 400 half-chests greens, and 2,570 half-chests Souchongs.

Imports of the week have been 10,611 pkgs. per "Royal Diadem", from Shanghai, including 50,273 lbs. of Twankay, 2,420 Hyson skin 94,381 Hyson, 305,120 Young Hyson, 67,051 Imperial, and 91,255 of Gunpowder, and 1,795 pkgs. per steamer from Liverpool.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States, from June 1 to Dec. 14, 1866, and importations at New York and Boston since Jan. 1:

SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.				IMPORTS AT N. Y. & BOSTON.			
To Atlantic ports.		To San Francisco.		Direct at New York.		Indirect at N. At Boston.	
Dec. 1 to Dec. 19.	June 1 to Dec. 1.	Same in '65.	Same in '66.	At New York.	At Boston.	At New York.	At Boston.
lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
Congou & Son. 154,351	984,449	801,065	688,559	61,400	From G't Brit	2,718	...
Pouchong. 7,693	366,470	153,158	3,065,255	168,419	From Europe	2,430	...
Oolong & Ning. 2,689,605	5,042,546	6,025,659	2,71,380	496,968	From E't Ind.	...	...
Twankay. 153,873	218,047	417,368	438,557	459,367	Exp'ts oth. p'ts	1,080,952	...
Hyson skin. 8,647	8,566	101,295	...	...	...	...	...
Hyson. 359,066	643,862	661,753	...	...	...	...	...
Young Hyson. 1,348,657	2,452,642	3,608,338	...	...	...	...	...
Imperial. 335,594	551,093	631,899	...	...	...	...	...
Gunpowder. 345,755	604,692	841,678	...	...	...	...	...
Japans. 437,751	2,723,904	3,011,860	...	...	...	...	...
Total. 6,704,656	13,600,332	15,310,883	...	35,039	9,064,367	2,718	...

COFFEE.

COFFEE has become extremely quiet, principally from the very small stocks offering, but prices are not advanced. The sales for the week include 1,000 bags Rio ex Guiding Star, at 12½ gold, in bond; 350 bags common Maracibo at 16½@17½ gold duty paid, and 330 bags St. Domingo at 11½c. gold, in bond. The market closes quiet.

Imports of the week have been very small, including only 382 bags of Hayti.

The imports since January 1, and stock in first hands March 5 are as follows:

OF RIO COFFEE.			OTHER SORTS.		
Import.	Stock.		At New York.	At Boston.	Import Stock.
New York, bags. 99,112	33,550		Java, bags 11,514	6,566	...
Philadelphia. 1,800	1,800		Ceylon. 3,369	2,870	...
Baltimore. 25,330	8,000		Singapore. 3,736	3,936	...
New Orleans. 30,314	14,000		Maracibo. 1,984	3,168	...
Galveston. 3,300	2,500		Hayti. 4,242	382	...
Mobile. 2,500	1,900		La Guayra. 4,587	636	...
Savannah. 2,500	1,000		Other. 31,433	26,293	7,752
Total. 166,746	52,050				

SUGAR.

SUGAR was active and firmer early in the week for both raw and refined, but later the decline in gold has caused prices to recede, and the market closes dull and lower. The sales of raw for the week are 6,000 hhds. and 4,000 bxs. Havana.

Imports of the week have been larger than usual at New York, amounting to 6,719 hhds., 1,684 boxes Cuba and 316 hhds. of other; at other ports the receipts have been moderate, amounting in all to 1,481 hhds.

Stocks and imports are as follows:

At—		Cuba.		Other W. Indies, Orleans.		Brazil, Manila.	
boxes.	hhds.	boxes.	hhds.	boxes.	hhds.	boxes.	hhds.
N. York stock March 5.	29,267	...	...	...	...	21,911	118,430
Same date 1866.	33,377	...	...	...	...	18,517	104,305
Imports since Jan. 1.	10,831	14,717	1,409	80	16,306	10,051	16,367
Portland do.	550	1	...	...	...	...	...
Boston do.	1,072	1,860	829	117	2,806	...	159
Philadelphia do.	1,161	1,817	675	60	2,552	...	...
Baltimore do.	1,074	412	2,734	...	3,146	...	...
New Orleans do.	839	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total import.	15,327	18,517	5,647	257	24,710	10,051	16,366

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheds.

HAVANA, Feb. 28.—Early in the week there were signs of activity in the market, but later, under the influence of unfavorable English advices to the 14th inst., there was increased declines, offers not exceeding 7½rs. for good strong dry No. 12.

The following will show the receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas:

Year.		Rec'd this week.		Exports to U. S.		Total export.		Stocks	
1867.	1866.	hhds.	1866.	hhds.	1866.	hhds.	1866.	hhds.	1866.
1867.	1866.	72,363	5,421	13,595	28,293	103,929	177,441	10,944	9,746
1866.	1865.	56,259	29,737	33,338	104,112	183,312	172,333	9,657	9,657
1865.	1864.	44,060	51,313	29,397	110,011	172,333	...	...	...

MUSCOVADOES have been active at the outports; last sales in Cardenas at 6½ rs. for fully good refining.

Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas are as follows:

Year.		Receipts for week.		Exports to U. States.		Total exports.		Stocks.	
1867.	1866.	hhds.	1866.	hhds.	1866.	hhds.	1866.	hhds.	1866.
1867.	1866.	3,492	761	3,682	1,500	7,830	10,944	9,746	9,657
1866.	1865.	3,115	6,132	1,429	8,247	9,746	...	...	...
1865.	1864.	1,999	8,471	3,400	9,375	9,657	...	...	...

MOLASSES.

MOLASSES has been fairly active, notwithstanding light stocks, and prices are 2@3c. higher. The sales of the week amount to about 3,000 hhds, the market closing more quiet.

Imports of the week have been on an average scale at the several ports, amounting to 3,699 hhds. of Cuba and Porto Rico, and 450 bbls. N. Orleans at New York, and 4,531 hhds. at other ports.

Stocks and imports are as follows:

At		Cuba.		Porto Rico—Other Foreign.		N. O.	
hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.
New York, stock March 5.	3,675	370	...	...	...	850	...
N. Y., imp'ts since Jan. 1.	11,443	1,738	2,648	6,851	...	...	...
Portland. 4,023	...	445	...	1,122	...	...	...
Boston. 5,184	...	135	...	984	...	...	...
Philadelphia. 6,756	...	3	431	...	...	...	...
Baltimore. 2,403	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Orleans. 3,815	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.	33,623	2,084	3,856	7,937	...	...	...

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheds.

SPICES.

SPICES are in only light nominal jobbing demand, but at unchanged prices.

FRUITS.

FRUITS have been only moderately active, and with the decline in gold prices are unsettled and business nominal.

TEA.

Duty paid.		Duty paid.	
Hyson, Common to fair.	do	do	do
do Superior to fine. 1 15 @ 1 05	do	do	do
do Ex fine to finest. 1 40 @ 1 05	do	do	do
Yg Hyson, Com. to fair. 1 05 @ 1 10	do	do	do
do Super. to fine. 1 15 @ 1 40	do	do	do
do Ex fine to finest. 1 45 @ 1 75	do	do	do
Gunp. & Imp. Com. to fair. 1 00 @ 1 15	do	do	do
do Sup. to fine. 1 25 @ 1 70	do	do	do
do Ex. f. to finest. 1 65 @ 1 90	do	do	do
H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair. 60 @ 70	do	do	do
do Sup. to fine. 75 @ 80	do	do	do

COFFEE.

Rio, prime, duty paid.		Java, mats and bags.	
gold 15½ @ 19	gold 15½ @ 19	gold 24½ @ 27½	gold 24½ @ 27½
do good. gold 15½ @ 19	do	do	do
do fair. gold 16½ @ 19	do	do	do
do ordinary. gold 18½ @ 19	do	do	do
do fair to g. ex. gold 19½ @ 19	do	do	do

SUGAR.

Porto Rico.		Cuba.	
do	do	do	do
do fair to com. refining. 94 @ 104	do	do	do
do fair to good. 104 @ 104	do	do	do
do fair to good grocery. 11 @ 11	do	do	do
do pr. to choice. 11 @ 12	do	do	do
do centrifugal. 9 @ 11	do	do	do
do Melado. 6 @ 8	do	do	do
Hayti, Box. D. S. Nos. 7 to 9. 94 @ 104	do	do	do
do do do 10 to 12. 104 @ 114	do	do	do

MOLASSES.

New Orleans.		Porto Rico.	
do	do	do	do
do Clayed. 50 @ 57	do	do	do
Barbadoes. 53 @ 55	do	do	do

SPICES.

Cassia, in mats.		Pepper.	
gold 42 @ 42	gold 42 @ 42	gold 214 @ 214	gold 214 @ 214
Ginger, race and Aff. (gold) 134 @ 134	do	Pimento, Jamaica. (gold) 19 @ 19	do
Mace (gold) 85 @ 90	do	Cloves. (gold) 274 @ 274	do
Nutmegs, No. 1. (gold) 85 @ 90	do	...	...

FRUIT.

Raisins, Seedless.		Sardines.	
do	do	do	do
do Layer. 3 @ 5	do	do	do
do Bunch. 3 @ 5	do	do	do
Currants. 12 @ 12	do	do	do
Citron, Leghorn. 30 @ 31	do	do	do
Prunes, Turkish. 20 @ 20	do	do	do
Dates. 15 @ 21	do	do	do
Almonds, Languedoc. 24 @ 26	do	do	do
do Provence. 24 @ 26	do	do	do
do Stilly, Soft Shell. 24 @ 26	do	do	do
Sardines. 36 @ 40	do	do	do
do do do 36 @ 40	do	do	do

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 8, 1867.

The dry goods trade has materially fallen off in activity since the adjournment of Congress and the publication of the result of its last deliberations. There seems to have been developed a want of confidence in business, and especially in prices, and buyers hold off to await a more settled condition of affairs. The decline in gold, the lower quotations for cotton, and the failure of the tariff bill (except on wool and woolsens), are perhaps the leading causes for this prevailing distrust. Buyers, consequently, take only such goods as their immediate wants require. The export demand is increasing:

NEW YORK.		BOSTON.	
Domestics.	Val.	Domestics.	Val.
Liverpool. 7	\$4,089	...	...
Hamburg. 7	800	...	...
New Granada. 3	1,000	...	...
China. 137	\$18,625	...	...
Cuba. 4	1,148	...	...
Brazil. 73	12,109	...	...
Argentine Rep. 29	2,710	...	...
British Honduras. 7	589	...	...
Calcutta. 7	...	...	...
Turks Islands. 7	...	...	...
Total this week. 255	\$35,081	12	\$5,339
Since Jan. 1. 894	111,748	...	...
Same time 1866. 3	...	...	...
" " 1860. 13,304	...	...	...

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are less active at the close, and prices show less firmness, although there is but little decided change to record. Jobbers are cautious about adding to their stocks with the prospect of a dull market, and assortments are somewhat broken. The following are jobbers' prices. Nonantum 3-4 11, Atlantic N do 12½, Massachusetts C do 15, Indian Orchard L do 14½, Commonwealth O do 10, Union do 13, Pepperell N do 14½, Indian Head do 17½, Atlantic V 7-8 17½, Atlantic E do 16½, Pacific E do 16½, Tremont E do 14½, Bedford R do 13, Indian Orchard W do 15½, Pepperell do 16, Indian Head 4-4 22, Princeton A do 21, Pacific extra do 21½, do H do 21½, do L do 17½, Atlantic H do 21½, do A do 22, do L do 17½, Lawrence C do 21, do F do 17½, Stark A do 21, Amoskeag A do 20½.

do B do 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, Medford do 20, Pittsfield A do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Kenebeck do 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Roxbury A do 20, Indian Orchard B do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Sussex F do 17, Newmar-C do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell E do 20, Great Falls M do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, do S do 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Albion do 16, Dwight W do 18, Pepperell R do 18, Laconia E do 16, Exeter A do 16, Shannon do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia B do 18, Laconia O 9-8 19, Pequot do 25, Indian Orchard A 40 inch 20 $\frac{1}{2}$, do C 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Naumkeag W 5-4 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Utica do 40, Pepperell 7-4 36, Utica do 50, Pepperell 9-4 60, Monandoc 10-4 57 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell do 60 Utica 11-4 95.

BLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHIRTINGS show but little change in prices, but the demand is much less than last week. Mechanics 3-4 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Keystone do 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Revere do 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Globe do 11, Boott R do 13, Waltham 7-8 do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Putnam B do 14, Amoskeag Z do 16, Great Falls M do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do S do 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do A do 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, do J do 19, Lyman Cambie do 19, Strafford A do 18, James 31 inch 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 33 inch 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bartlett 31 inch 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 33 inch 20, Webster 4-4 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Greene G do 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lewiston G do 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pocumtuck do 17, Putnam A do 16, Newmarket A do 18, do C do 21, Bartlett do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Constitutional do 16, Indian Grove do 18, James Steam do 22, Newburyport do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian River XX do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Attawaugan XX do 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence B do 19, Fountain do 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hope do 22, Tip Top do 24, Blackstone do 19 and 20, Boot B do 22, Forestdale do 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lonsdale do 25, Wauregan F do 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bates XX do 26 $\frac{1}{2}$, Wamsutta H 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do O do 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lonsdale Cambric do 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, New York Mills do 40, Amoskeag 42 inch 26, Waltham do 22, Wamsutta 9-8 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, Naumkeag W 5-4 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bates do 28, Wamsutta do 42 $\frac{1}{2}$, Waltham 6-4 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Mattawamkeag do 36, Pepperell do 36, Utica do 50, Waltham 8-4 45, Pepperell do 50, Mattawamkeag 9-4 60, Pepperell do 60, Utica do 65, Baltic 10-4 65, Bates do 65, Waltham do 65, Allendale do 65, Pepperell do 70, Utica do 90, Masabesic 11-4 75, Amoskeag do 72 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell do 80.

Ticks are less active, and large lots can be purchased lower. Cone-toga CM 42 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag A C A 50, do A 40, do B 35, do D 25, do C 30, Brunswick 20, Blackstone River 21, Hamilton 36 $\frac{1}{2}$, do D 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Somerset 18, Thorndike 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pearl River 47 $\frac{1}{2}$, Harvest 34, Hancock A A 29, Pittsfield 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bunkerhill 24.

STRIPES are also less active, and prices are lower. Amoskeag 29 and 30, Uncasville 20 and 21, Whittenton A A 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do A 3-3 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, do B B 20, do C 20, Napoleon 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pittsfield 3-3 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pemberton Awn 45, Haymaker 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Masabesic 6-3 28@29, Boston 21, Chester Dock 18 and 19, Blackstone 17@18, American 18@19, Eagle 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @17, Hamilton 27, Arkwright 17, Easton 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @17, Jewett City 21@22, Sheridan G 18.

CHECKS are in only limited demand for the present. Park Mills Red 25, Lanark 4x2 18, Lanark for 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Union 50 4x2 34, do 50 2x2 34, do 20 4 2 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 20 2-2 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, Caledonia 34, Kenebeck 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Star No. 600 16, do No. 800 2x2 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, do No. 900 4-2 26, Cameron No. 90 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, do No. 80 20.

DENIMS AND COTTONADES are again quiet, but with little variation in prices. Amoskeag denims sell at 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢, Haymaker 24, do brown 37, York 36, Warren brown 22, Pearl River 38, Union 24, Monitor 20, Manchester Co. 25, Suffolk 25, Arlington 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, Blue Hill 21 Fort Moultrie 30, Mount Vernon 29, and Farmers' and Mechanics' cottonades at 50¢, Pemberton d&t 45, Bodman's Ky J 47, Plover L & Anv. 50, Everett 47 $\frac{1}{2}$, Whittenton d&t 31@39 $\frac{1}{2}$.

BROWN DRILLS are in moderate demand at unchanged rates. Winthrop 17, Amoskeag 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia 22, Androscoggin 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Minerva 16, Pepperell 22, do fine jean 22, Stark A 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Masabesic 18, Bennington 21, Woodward duck bags 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, National bags 31, Stark A do 57 $\frac{1}{2}$, Liberty do 31.

PRINT CLOTHS are dull and inactive. The nominal quotations for 64x 64 square cloth is 10 cents.

PRINTS have become less active, and some anxiety is shown to dispose of the less desirable styles. Gloucester prints are reduced two cents a yard. Others are quiet at last week's prices. American 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag dark 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do purple 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, do pink 18, do shirting 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do palm leaf 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Merrimac D dark 18, do purple 19, do W dark 20, do purple 20, do pink 20, Sprague's dark 18, do purple 19, do shirting 19, do pink 19, do blue checks 19, do solid 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do indigo blue 18, do Swiss ruby 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, London Mourning 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Simpson Mourning 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Atlantic Mourning 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag Mourning 15, Garners light 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Duane's 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Richmond 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Arnolds 14, Gloucester 15, Wamsutta 13, Pacific dark 18, Cochecho 19, Lowell 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Naumkeag 14, Hamilton 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Home 11, Empire State 11, Lancaster 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Wauregan 15 $\frac{1}{2}$.

LAWNS and GINGHAMS are in fair demand and prices show but little change. Lancaster Gingham sell at 23 cents. Hartford 18, Caledonia (new) 20, Glasgow 22, Clyde 17, Berkshire 21, German 20, Roanoke 17, Bates 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, Manchester 18.

CANTON FLANNELS are inactive and quite nominal. Ellerton N, Bro. 35, do O do 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do T do 19, Laconia do 28, Slatteryville do 24, Hamilton do 28 $\frac{1}{2}$, Rockland do 17, Naumkeag do 25, Tremont do 21, Scotts extra do 20, Whittenton do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Ellerton N Blea 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, do O do 36, do P do 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, Sal'n Falls do 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, Methuen A do 32, Naumkeag do 26, Naehua A 21.

CORSET JEANS are quiet and prices are steady. Androscoggin 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bates colored 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, do bleached 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Naumkeag 21, Pepperell 22, Naumkeag satten 24, Laconia 21, Amoskeag 21@21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Newmarket 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lewiston 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard 16, Berkeley 22, Rockport 21, Tremont 12 $\frac{1}{2}$.

CAMBRICS and SILESIAES are moderately active at unchanged rates. Washington cambrics sell at 14 cents, Victory 12, do A 18, do high colors 14, Fox Hill 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Superior 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Smithfield 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Waverly 12, S. S. & Sons paper cambrics at 17, do high colors 19, White Rock 17, Massonville 17, and Indian Orchard Silesias 21 $\frac{1}{2}$, Ward do at 21 $\frac{1}{2}$.

WOOLEN GOODS are improved from the higher tariff, but there is only a limited demand chiefly for the new and fancy makes suitable for spring wear.

CARPETS are firmer but not very active. Velvets, J. Crossly's best. \$3 75, do A1 qual. \$3 50, do patent \$2 85. Body Brussel, Roxbury \$2 75, do Bigelow \$2 75. Tapestry, Brns. S. Crossley \$1.80, Lowell extra 3 ply \$1 95, do superior \$1 65, do med. sup. \$1 40. Hartford Carpet Co extra 3 ply \$2, do imp. 3 ply \$1.95, do superfine \$1 55 Med. and low pri. ingrain \$1@1 30.

MOUSLIN DELAINES are rather firmer, but the demand is comparatively light. All dark 25, Hamilton Co. 25, Manchester dark 25, Pacific dark 25, Armures dark 25, High colors 25, Pacific Merinos 40, Mourning 25, Shephard checks 25, All wool 42 $\frac{1}{2}$, Skirtings 30.

FOREIGN GOODS have continued in liberal request and the auction sales have been quite animated, but prices of cotton goods are generally 5@10 per cent lower than earlier in the season. Light dress fabrics lawns, and plain dress goods are in demand. Worsteds goods are firmer.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending March 7, 1867, and the corresponding weeks of 1865 and 1866, have been as follows:

	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	859	\$274,888	1,636	\$815,106	1,327	\$825,654
do cotton...	374	119,331	1,325	451,291	913	317,618
do silk...	86	89,088	618	592,616	195	248,731
do flax...	697	170,968	842	239,159	880	223,525
Miscellaneous dry goods...	66	18,418	2,741	191,884	319	132,602
Total...	2,033	\$672,693	7,163	\$2,393,356	3,634	\$1,548,000

	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	401	\$169,243	721	\$336,483	892	\$392,642
do cotton...	332	119,010	473	162,315	508	205,092
do silk...	92	76,324	314	287,155	170	215,686
do flax...	364	96,416	471	102,426	789	230,676
Miscellaneous dry goods...	192	22,115	83	38,344	112	37,453
Total...	1,463	\$590,133	1,906	\$948,385	2,325	\$1,131,266

Add ed't'd for consumption 2,092 673,683 7,162 2,393,356 3,634 1,548,000

Total thrown upon market \$1,547 2,363,866 9,068 \$3,141,741 7,999 \$2,679,325

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	399	\$169,502	1,815	\$781,188	972	\$412,446
do cotton...	306	55,770	663	215,465	672	218,029
do silk...	92	76,324	314	287,155	170	215,686
do flax...	371	100,426	1,136	295,405	464	114,770
Miscellaneous dry goods...	135	28,376	199	22,692	112	34,753
Total...	1,303	\$470,398	4,127	\$1,604,905	2,325	\$956,101

Add ed't'd for consumption 2,092 673,683 7,162 2,393,356 3,634 1,548,000

Total entered at the port 3,835 \$1,438,081 11,289 \$3,698,261 5,959 \$2,504,135

IMPORTS

(OTHER THAN DRY GOODS AND SPECIE) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 1, 1867.

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]			
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.
China, Glass & E. ware...	316	14,154	68,197
China, glassware...	548	22,251	17,858
Glassware...	96	4,636	10,368
Glass plate...	188	29,464	4,880
Drugs, &c...	17	533	14,566
Alkali...	6	841	32,006
Acids...	6	4,687	33
Ammonia sal...	17	3,247	5,101
Antoine...	17	390	251
Bark Peru...	171	2,061	251
Barytes...	415	4,280	258,532
Blea powd...	1,674	34,212	709
Brimstone...	1,014	31,072	709
Bismuth...	3	3,833	406
Camphor...	350	9,633	406
Chalk...	329	229	678
Cream tartar...	40	7,321	50
Chickory...	172	3,099	75
Cochineal...	12	1,982	21
Gums, crude...	442	16,634	2,354
do arabic...	13	832	21,558
do copal...	50	953	221
Glue...	171	10,015	109
Indigo...	26	1,644	8,091
Isinglass...	1,046	1,046	5,091
Leeches...	6	137	51,645
Lic paste...	215	7,115	54
do root...	353	1,163	331
Madder...	63	13,935	44,461
Magnesia...	73	1,212	41
Oils...	6	293	1,400
do ead...	38	1,732	22,654
do linseed...	55	5,936	76,193
Paints...	10,813	10,813	94
Potash, chlo...	80	1,068	5,831
do bic...	65	4,434	330
Pruss...	8	1,904	10,999
Quinine...	15	1,454	435
Rhubarb...	94	7,155	15
Shellac...	177	4,247	3,084
Soda, bicrb...	2500	9,458	3
do ash...	1,187	41,918	947
do caspic...	414	1,775	12
Sponges...	29	1,123	2,844
Sugar of lead...	10	1,257	4,418
Sumac...	2,632	15,411	9,331
Vermillion...	57	3,487	600
Other...	4,326	4,326	14
Furs, &c...	151	22,870	4,064
Felt...	88	43,068	12,322
Spices...	111	2,132	2,132
Pepper...	25,533	409	12,322
Pimento...	409	12,322	12,322
Stationery, &c...	122	17,334	17,334
Books...	122	17,334	17,334
Engravings...	122	17,334	17,334
Other...	122	17,334	17,334

Our General Prices Current will be found on pages 317 and 318.

The Railway Monitor.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.—The income account of the Illinois Central Road for the year 1866 shows as follows :

Balance from 1865	\$1,703,535
Gross traffic of Road	6,546,741
Net receipts of Land Office	1,858,059
Difference in Bond and Supply Items	64,392
Total	\$10,173,307
Operating expenses	\$3,944,218
Interest on Debt	799,380
Ten per cent. on Stock and Tax	2,459,678
To State of Illinois, tax	437,015
Sterling Exchange, &c.	80,029
To new construction	424,658
To new amount of 1867	8,143,988
	2,029,310

The new general balance sheet of the Company shows :

Cost of road, actual outlay	\$30,954,452
Surplus cash, as above	2,029,310
Land Notes receivable	8,356,256
Working supplies on hand	613,008

Total, exclusive of 668,841 acres	\$41,943,035
Capital	\$33,946,450
Funded Debt	12,144,000
	35,990,450

Surplus, exclusive of lands unsold

*Exclusive of interest, during the construction of the road.

LA CROSSE AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD.—United States Marshal Cassius Fairchild, for the District of Wisconsin, sold at public auction in Milwaukee, on Saturday, March 2, at 12 o'clock M., the railroad formerly known as the Eastern Division of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad, for the sum of \$100,920 24. It was bid off by the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company. The sale was made subject to the following liens and incumbrances, amounting to \$2,893,105 22 and interest, to wit : A mortgage to Francis A. Palmer for \$950,000, with interest thereon at 8 per cent. per annum since May 1, 1866 ; two mortgages to the City of Milwaukee for \$314,000, with interest thereon from the first day of September, 1866 ; a mortgage to Greene C. Bronson and James T. Soutter for

\$1,000,000, with interest thereon at 8 per cent. per annum from March 1, 1866, and a judgment rendered in favor of Selah Chamberlain, in the District Court of the United States for District of Wisconsin, on the 2d day of October, 1837, for \$629,105 22, and a certain lease given to said Chamberlain as security for the amount of said judgment.

STEAM BETWEEN BALTIMORE AND BREMEN.—An arrangement has been definitely concluded between the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and the North German Lloyd Steamship Company for the establishment of a line of first-class steamers to run regularly between Baltimore and Bremen, the agreement being that not less than two first-class iron steamships shall be run regularly for not less than five years, to commence in February, 1868. The steamships, now being built on the Clyde, will measure each 2,500 tons and cost \$700,000, and have elegant accommodations for first-class, as well as extensive arrangements for other descriptions of passengers. The agreement also requires that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company shall erect extensive piers and wharves at Locust Point to accommodate vessels of the size designed, which is much greater than of vessels heretofore used in connection with the business of the port. Propositions have also been received from extensive proprietors in steamship companies in England for the organization of a company with large interests to be owned there, by which iron steamships of large size and of first-class will be placed permanently upon a line between Baltimore and Liverpool. It is the design of the Baltimore and Ohio Company to meet liberally the future position of affairs by making the improvements at Locust Point so extensive as to embrace accommodations for the numerous large steamers which it is expected will at no distant day ply between Baltimore and European ports.

WILMINGTON AND READING RAILROAD.—This road, which will extend from Birdsboro, Pa., to Wilmington, Del., is to be commenced in the early Spring. It is intended to open the ports of Delaware to the coal trade by sea.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Chicago and Alton.				Chicago & Northwestern.				Chicago and Rock Island.				Cleveland and Pittsburg.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1864.	1865.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(280 m.)	(280 m.)	(308 m.)		(860 m.)	(930 m.)	(1,032 m.)		(285 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)		(285 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)	
\$380,500	\$310,171	\$340,239	Jan...	\$541,005	\$523,566	\$680,889	Jan...	\$305,554	\$341,395	\$367,626	Jan...	\$173,557	\$168,741	\$131,179	
275,283	307,913	—	Feb...	482,164	405,634	566,743	Feb...	246,331	183,385	—	Feb...	180,140	151,680	—	
299,063	304,885	—	Mar...	499,296	523,744	—	Mar...	289,403	257,330	—	Mar...	222,411	167,007	—	
268,480	270,889	—	Apr...	468,358	518,736	—	Apr...	196,580	197,886	—	Apr...	196,154	173,739	—	
322,277	333,432	—	May...	585,623	735,082	—	May...	324,612	264,605	—	May...	215,784	198,088	—	
355,370	306,373	—	June...	747,942	922,892	—	June...	321,318	290,642	—	June...	245,027	195,139	—	
355,965	336,570	—	July...	703,692	77,500	—	July...	244,131	224,112	—	July...	235,047	189,447	—	
400,200	381,559	—	Aug...	767,508	718,284	—	Aug...	306,231	310,448	—	Aug...	243,417	—	—	
401,280	318,549	—	Sep...	946,707	980,053	—	Sep...	389,489	396,050	—	Sep...	243,413	217,541	—	
357,956	347,085	—	Oct...	923,886	1,210,654	—	Oct...	307,583	422,124	—	Oct...	223,946	229,056	—	
307,919	322,749	—	Nov...	840,354	1,005,680	—	Nov...	270,073	321,006	—	Nov...	220,138	—	—	
296,324	285,473	—	Dec...	546,609	698,679	—	Dec...	201,779	339,417	—	Dec...	173,434	161,427	—	
8,840,091	3,677,795	—	Year...	7,960,981	9,088,994	—	Year...	3,313,514	3,478,325	—	Year...	—	—	—	
Erie Railway.				Illinois Central.				Marietta and Cincinnati.				Michigan Central.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(798 m.)	(798 m.)	(732 m.)		(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)		(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)		(285 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)	
\$1,070,690	\$1,187,188	\$906,769	Jan...	\$571,536	\$582,338	\$600,538	Jan...	\$96,672	\$90,125	\$94,136	Jan...	\$279,15	\$283,458	\$304,095	
1,011,735	985,855	—	Feb...	528,972	519,560	553,849	Feb...	87,791	84,264	—	Feb...	344,238	311,258	285,661	
1,331,124	1,070,434	—	Mar...	616,665	516,322	553,843	Mar...	93,763	82,910	—	Mar...	337,340	317,796	—	
1,538,313	1,153,295	—	Apr...	516,608	460,773	—	Apr...	78,607	82,722	—	Apr...	401,456	345,196	—	
1,425,190	1,101,668	—	May...	460,573	507,830	—	May...	76,248	95,064	—	May...	365,663	326,022	—	
1,352,370	1,243,143	—	June...	617,632	506,025	—	June...	107,525	106,315	—	June...	329,105	324,984	—	
1,274,558	1,203,462	—	July...	578,403	467,115	—	July...	104,608	96,423	—	July...	413,501	326,665	—	
1,413,742	1,290,370	—	Aug...	747,469	856,074	—	Aug...	115,154	106,410	—	Aug...	460,661	429,166	—	
1,435,385	1,411,247	—	Sep...	729,736	551,021	—	Sep...	135,262	108,328	—	Sep...	490,693	403,649	—	
1,580,317	1,430,321	—	Oct...	641,539	639,195	—	Oct...	116,496	150,143	—	Oct...	447,669	414,604	—	
1,637,592	1,417,327	—	Nov...	642,837	631,532	—	Nov...	116,146	110,932	—	Nov...	328,369	306,649	—	
1,524,917	1,044,033	—	Dec...	518,038	—	—	Dec...	105,767	111,665	—	Dec...	—	—	—	
6,501,063	14,536,333	—	Year...	7,131,308	—	—	Year...	1,222,017	1,186,808	—	Year...	4,504,546	4,280,125	—	
Mich. So. & N. Indiana.				Mil. and Prairie du Chien.				Milwaukee & St. Paul.				Ohio & Mississippi.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1864.	1865.	1866.	
(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(524 m.)		(294 m.)	(294 m.)	(294 m.)		(234 m.)	(275 m.)	(275 m.)		(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	
\$363,996	\$314,598	\$302,714	Jan...	\$98,133	\$121,776	\$143,000	Jan...	\$98,181	\$131,707	\$146,840	Jan...	\$210,329	\$269,223	\$267,541	
366,361	293,179	302,437	Feb...	74,233	84,897	85,000	Feb...	86,523	122,621	130,000	Feb...	306,466	239,139	264,169	
413,974	412,393	—	Mar...	70,740	73,135	—	Mar...	95,905	124,175	—	Mar...	306,361	313,914	226,236	
365,190	409,427	—	Apr...	106,689	108,082	—	Apr...	106,369	121,904	—	Apr...	269,443	271,537	277,223	
351,489	436,493	—	May...	146,943	267,488	—	May...	203,013	245,511	—	May...	234,967	290,916	283,130	
387,095	392,641	—	June...	234,838	267,172	—	June...	237,562	242,500	—	June...	223,242	304,643	253,924	
301,613	325,499	—	July...	217,159	170,795	—	July...	251,916	209,199	—	July...	268,176	349,285	247,262	
418,575	380,452	—	Aug...	170,555	116,224	—	Aug...	241,370	188,222	—	Aug...	332,596	344,700	305,454	
486,503	429,191	—	Sep...	223,020	150,939	—	Sep...	340,841	275,906	—	Sep...	532,400	350,348	278,701	
524,760	500,040	—	Oct...	310,594	266,133	—	Oct...	\$395,579	416,138	—	Oct...	275,006	372,618	310,769	
495,072	416,090	—	Nov...	226,840	244,354	—	Nov...	\$340,717	327,926	—	Nov...	346,343	412,553	309,425	
351,799	339,447	—	Dec...	110,664	98,757	—	Dec...	\$171,125	128,741	—	Dec...	275,950	284,319	281,613	
4,836,732	4,652,793	—	Year...	1,935,712	2,012,730	—	Year...	2,585,001	2,544,000	—	Year...	3,311,070	3,793,005	3,398,583	
Pittsb. Ft. W. & Chicago.				St. L., Alton & T. Haute.				Toledo, Wab. & Western.				Western Union.			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(468 m.)		(310 m.)	(310 m.)	(310 m.)		(242 m.)	(484 m.)	(484 m.)		(157 m.)	(177 m.)	(177 m.)	
\$690,144	\$559,932	\$560,115	Jan...	\$120,078	\$178,119	\$149,658	Jan...	\$144,084	\$226,059	\$237,674	Jan...	\$43,716	45,102	\$39,079	
678,504	490,986	—	Feb...	153,903	155,893	—	Feb...	189,171	194,167	—	Feb...	37,265	36,006	37,666	
587,588	662,163	—	Mar...	202,771	192,138	—	Mar...	155,753	256,407	—	Mar...	32,378	39,599	—	
723,966	599,806	—	Apr...	169,299	167,301	—	Apr...	144,001	220,300	—	Apr...	33,973	43,333	—	
697,136	635,510	—	May...	177,625	165,699	—	May...	138,738	316,433	—	May...	63,362	86,913	—	
646,998	633,967	—	June...	173,722	167,069	—	June...	194,534	325,691	—	June...	82,147	102,688	—	
584,523	552,373	—	July...	162,570	166,015	—	July...	271,798	304,917	—	July...	62,130	85,508	—	
712,495	648,301	—	Aug...	213,236	222,953	—	Aug...	274,534	396,248	—	Aug...	59,262	60,098	—	
795,938	654,926	—	Sep...	216,783	198,894	—	Sep...	\$379,981	349,117	—	Sep...	75,677	84,492	—	
858,500	757,441	—	Oct...	222,924	244,834	—	Oct...	\$375,534	436,065	—	Oct...	92,715	100,303	—	
712,362	679,935	—	Nov...	208,098	212,296	—	Nov...	\$361,610	344,830	—	Nov...	61,770	75,248	—	
580,963	555,222	—	Dec...	162,694	177,364	—	Dec...	\$47,023	264,741	—	Dec...	37,580	54,473	—	
2,469,082	7,467,213	—	Year...	2,340,744	2,351,535	—	Year...	2,995,678	2,604,975	—	Year...	669,383	814,093	—	

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.	FRIDAY.	DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.	FRIDAY.
N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.		Rate.	Payable.	N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.		Rate.	Payable.
Railroad:				Railroad:			
Atlantic & Gt. Western (\$30,000,000):	\$3,500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1877	Dubuque and Sioux City:	300,000	7	Jan. & July 1883
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Pa.)	1,000,000	7	do 1883	1st Mortgage, 1st section	660,000	7	do 1894
2d do do do do do	1,014,000	7	do 1879	1st do 2d section			
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (N. Y.)	800,000	7	do 1881	Eastern, Mass. (\$1,848,400):			
1st do do do do do	4,000,000	7	do 1876	Mortgage, convertible	994,000	5	Jan. & July 1873
2d do do do do do	4,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1883	do do	750,000	6	Feb. & Aug 1874
1st Mortgage Sinking Fund (Buff. ex	2,000,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1884	do do	160,900	6	do 1885
Consolidated Bonds	13,058,000	7	do 1886	East Pennsylvania:			
Atlantic & St. Lawrence 1st Mort. (City Port)	1,500,000	6	do 1880	Sinking Fund Bonds	598,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1888
2d Mortgage	268,900	6	do 1866	Elmira & Williamsport:			
Sterling Bonds	484,000	6	May & Nov. 1878	1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1880
do of 1894	619,036	6	Ap'l & Oct. 1884	5 per cent. Bonds	570,000	5	April & Oct 1892
Baltimore and Ohio, Mort. (S F) 1894	1,000,000	6	Jan Ap Ju Oct 1887	Erie Railway (\$23,370,982):			
Mortgage (S. F.) of 1855	1,128,500	6	Jan. & July 1875	1st Mortgage	3,000,000	7	May & Nov. 1876
do do do do do	700,000	6	do 1880	2d do convertible	4,000,000	7	M'ch & Sep 1879
do do do do do	2,500,000	6	Ap'l & Oct. 1885	3d do do	6,000,000	7	do 1883
Belleville (\$1,745,000):				4th do convertible	4,441,600	7	April & Oct 1880
1st Mortgage	1,225,000	7	Jan. & July 70-79	5th do do	926,500	7	June & Dec 1888
2d do do do do do	433,000	7	do 1870	Sterling convertible (\$800,000)	3,816,582	6	M'ch & Sep 1875
Belvidere Ironware (\$2,193,000):				Erie and Northeast (\$149,000):			
1st Mort. (guar. C. and A.)	1,000,000	6	J'ne & Dec. 1867	Mortgage	149,000	7	Jan. & July 1870
2d Mort. do do do do do	500,000	6	M'ch & Sep 1885	Georgia	388,000	7	Jan. & July 70-75
3d Mort. do do do do do	589,500	6	Feb. & Aug 1877	Gal. & Chic. U. (incl. in C. & N. W.):			
Blossburg and Corning Bonds	150,000	6	May & Nov. 1871	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,968,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1883
Boston, Conn. & Montreal (\$1,050,000):				2d do do	1,086,000	7	May & Nov. 1875
1st Mortgage	364,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1865	Grand Junction: Mortgage	927,000	6	Jan. & July 1870
1st do do do do do	300,000	6	do 1865	Great Western, Ill. (\$1,850,000):			
Sinking Fund Bonds	200,000	6	do 1889	1st Mortgage West. Division	1,000,000	10	April & Oct 1888
Boston and Lowell:				do do Whole Line	1,350,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1888
Bonds of July 1855	444,000	6	Jan. & July 1873	2nd do do do	2,500,000	7	May & Nov. 1886
do of Oct. 1864	500,000	6	Ap'l & Oct. 1879	Hannibal & St. Joseph (\$7,177,600):			
Buffalo, N. Y. and Erie (\$2,395,000):				Land Grant Mortgage	3,437,750	7	April & Oct 1881
1st Mortgage	2,000,000	7	J'ne & Dec. 1877	Convertible Bonds	633,680	7	Jan. & July 1883
2d Mortgage	330,000	7	May & Nov 1873	Harrisburg & Lancaster:			
Buffalo and State Line (\$1,900,000):				New Dollar Bonds	700,000	6	Jan. & July 1883
1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1866	Hartford & New Haven (\$927,000):			
Burlington & Missouri (\$1,902,110):				1st Mortgage	927,000	6	Jan. & July 1873
General Mortgage	1,180,950	7	April & Oct 1870	2d do do do	2,455,000	7	do 1876
Bonds conv. into pref. stock	600,000	7	Jan. & July 1870	Hudson River (\$7,763,840):			
Camden and Amboy (\$19,364,463):				1st Mortgage	3,890,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1899
Dollar Loans	1,700,000	6	Feb. & Aug 1883	2d do sinking fund	1,907,000	7	J'ne & Dec. 1883
Dollar Loan	867,000	6	May & Nov. 1889	3d do do do	192,000	7	May & Nov. 1875
Consolidated (\$5,000,000) Loan	4,369,400	6	J'ne & Dec. 1893	Convertible	523,000	7	do 1887
Camden and Atlantic: 1st Mortgage	490,000	7	Jan. & July 1873	Huntingdon & Broad Top (\$1,436,082):			
2d Mortgage	498,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1879	1st Mortgage	500,000	6	May & Nov 1870
Cassville (\$141,000):				2d do do do	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug 1875
1st Mortgage	141,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1882	Illinois Central (\$12,144,000):			
Central of New Jersey: 1st Mortgage	909,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1870	Construction bonds, 1878	6,668,500	7	April & Oct 1875
2d Mortgage	600,000	7	May & Nov. 1875	do do do 6 per cent	2,523,000	6	do 1875
Central Ohio: 1st Mort.	2,500,000	6	M'ch & Sep 1890	Redemption bonds	2,568,000	6	do 1890
Central Pacific of Cal. (\$8,836,000):				Sterling Redemption bonds	388,000	6	do 1875
1st mortgage	7,336,000	6		Illinois and Southern Iowa:			
Convertible Bonds	1,500,000	7		1st Mortgage	300,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1882
Cheshire Bonds	673,200	6	Jan. & July 75-80	2d do do do	300,000	7	May & Nov. 1884
Chicago and Alton (\$3,619,000):				Indiana Central (\$1,354,600):			
1st Mortgage (Skg Fund), pref.	519,000	7	May & Nov. 1877	1st Mortgage, (interest ceased)	600,000	7	Jan. & July 1866
1st do do do do do	2,400,000	7	Jan. & July 1893	2d do do do	384,000	10	do 1870
2d do income	1,100,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1883	Indianapolis and Chic. (\$1,362,284):			
Chic. Burl. and Quincy (\$5,754,406):				1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Jan. & July 1866
Trust Mortgage (S. F.)	3,525,000	8	Jan. & July 1883	Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis:			
Chicago and St. Eastern 1st Mort.	5,600,000	7	Ap'l & Oct. 1895	1st Mortgage	640,000	7	May & Nov. 1881
Chicago and Milwaukee:				Jeffersonville RR. 2d Mort.	397,000	7	April & Oct 1873
1st Mortgage (consolidated)	861,000	7	Jan. & July 1898	Indianapolis & Madison RR. 1st M.	612,500	7	May & Nov 1881
Chicago & Northwestern (\$12,020,483):				Jeff. Mad. & Indianap., 1st Mort.	2,000,000	7	April & Oct 1906
Preferred Sinking Fund	1,250,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1885	Joliet and Chicago:			
1st Mortgage	3,600,000	7	do 1885	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	500,000	8	Jan. & July 1882
Interest Bonds	756,000	7	May & Nov. 1863	Joliet and N. Indiana:			
Consol. S. F. Bonds, conv. till 1870	2,000,000	7	Quarterly. 1915	1st mortgage	800,000	8	Jan. & July 1874
Extension Bonds	484,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1885	Lackawanna & Bloomsburg 1st Mort	900,000	7	Jan. & July 1875
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific:				do do Extension	400,000	7	March & Sep 1885
1st Mortgage (C. & R. I.)	1,897,000	7	Jan. & July 1870	2d Mortgage	500,000	7	April & Oct 1880
1st do (new)	6,000,000	7	do 1896	do do Extension	300,000	7	May & Nov. 1890
Cinc. Ham. & Dayton (\$1,629,000):				La Crosse & Milwaukee (\$1,903,000):			
1st Mortgage	1,250,000	7	May & Nov 1880	1st Mortgage, Eastern Division	903,000	7	May & Nov. 1873
2d do do do do do	560,000	7	Jan. & July 1885	2d do do do	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1869
Cincinnati & Richmond Chicago	55,000	7	do 1895	Lehigh Valley (\$1,477,000):			
Cincinnati & Zanesville (\$1,300,000):				1st Mortgage	1,465,900	6	May & Nov. 1873
1st Mortgage	1,300,000	7	May & Nov 1893	Lexington & Frankfort	79,000	6	Jan. & July 69-74
Cleveland, Col. and Cinc. (\$450,000):				Little Miami (\$1,500,000):			
1st Mort. (payable \$25,000 per year)	475,000	7	Jan. & July 1890	1st Mortgage	1,300,000	6	May & Nov 1883
Cleveland & Mahoning (\$1,752,400):				Little Schuylkill (\$1,000,000):			
1st Mortgage	795,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1873	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	886,000	7	April & Oct 1877
2d do do do do do	534,900	8	M'ch & Sep 1876	Long Island: 1st Mortgage	500,000	6	Jan. & July 1875
Hubbard Branch	121,000	7	Jan. & July 1875	Extension Bonds (Hunter's Point)	175,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1890
Cinc., Pa. & Ashtabula (\$1,500,000):				do do (Glen Cove Br.)	150,000	6	May & Nov 1893
1st Mort. Bonds	500,000	7	Jan. & July 1874	do do State Loan	68,000	5	Jan. & July 1883
2d Mort. Bonds	1,000,000	7	do 1880	Louisville and Nashville (\$3,297,000):			
Cleveland & Pittsburg (\$3,880,848):				1st Mortgage	1,650,000	7	Jan. & July var.
1st Mortgage	1,129,000	7	M'ch & Sep 1873	1st Memphis Branch Mortgage	290,000	7	May & Nov. var.
2d do do do do do	1,619,500	7	do 1875	Marietta & Cincinnati (\$3,688,386):			
4th do do do do do	1,108,124	6	Jan. & July 1892	1st Mortgage	2,362,200	7	Feb. & Aug 1892
Cleveland and Toledo (\$2,746,380):				Scioto and Hocking Valley mort	300,000	7	May & Nov. 1888
Sinking Fund Mortgage	2,081,000	7	Jan. & July 1885	McGregor Western 1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July 1885
Mortgage Bonds of 1866	300,000	7	do 1886	Maine Central: (\$2,738,800)			
Connecticut River (\$250,000): 1st Mort.	250,000	7	M'ch & Sep 1873	\$1,100,000 Loan Bonds	1,095,600	6	Feb. & Aug. '90-'91
Conn. and Passumpsic R. (\$800,000):				\$400,000 Loan Bonds	315,200	6	June & Dec. '70-'71
1st Mortgage	600,000	8	J'ne & Dec. 1876	1st Mortgage (City Bangor) Bonds	660,000	6	Apr. & Oct. 1874
Lumberland Valley: 1st Mort.	161,000	8	Ap'l & Oct. 1904	2d do (P. & E. R.R.) Bonds	300,000	6	Feb. & Aug. 1870
2d do do do do do	109,500	8	do 1904	Memphis & Charleston:			
6 per cent bonds	108,100	8	do 1904	Mortgage bonds	1,394,000	7	May & Nov. 1880
Dayton and Michigan (\$3,732,430):				Michigan Central, (\$7,463,489)			
1st Mortgage	283,000	7	Jan. & July 1867	Convertible	2,397,000	8	March & Sep. 1869
2d do do do do do	2,605,000	7	do 1881	Sinking Fund do	4,504,500	8	April & Oct 1883
3d do do do do do	642,000	7	M'ch & April 1834	Mich. S. & N. Indiana: (\$8,527,175)			
Toledo Depot Bonds	169,500	7	do '81-'94	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	4,860,000	7	May & Nov. 1885
Delaware (\$500,800):				2d do do do	2,698,000	7	do 1877
1st Mortgage, guaranteed	500,000	6	Jan. & July 1875	Goshen Air Line Bonds	651,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1868
Dea. & Luka. & Western (\$3,491,500):				Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien:			
1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,132,500	7	April & Oct 1875	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	402,000	7	Jan. & July 1891
2d do do do do do	1,668,000	7	M'ch & Sep 1881	Milwaukee and St. Paul:			
Luka. and West. 1st Mort.	572,000	7	Jan. & July 1871	1st Mortgage	4,269,000	7	Jan. & July 1892
Des Moines Valley (\$2,088,000):				2d do do do	1,600,000	7	April & Oct 1884
Mortgage Bonds	1,740,000	7	Ap'l & Oct 1887	3d do (Mil. & Western)	394,900	7	April & Oct 1893
1st Mortgage, convertible	\$3,500,000	8	May & Nov. 1875	do do Real purchase money	132,000	7	Jan. & July 1875
2d do do do do do	1,000,000	8	do 1894	Mississippi and Missouri River:			
1st & 2d Fund. Conv. Bonds	1,065,640	7	various. 1875	1st Land Grant Mortgage	3,612,000	7	May & Nov. 1877
Detroit and Pontiac R.R.	250,000	7	various. 1873	2d do do do	695,000	7	do 1883
do do do do do	250,000	8	Feb. & Aug 1886	Mobile and Ohio (\$6,133,943):			
Detroit, Monroe & Toledo (\$734,000):				Income bonds	931,900	8	May & Nov. 1867
1st Mortgage	934,000	7	Feb. & Aug 1876	Sterling bonds	4,187,000	6	do 1893
				Interest bonds	76,318	8	do 1876

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

DESCRIPTION.					Amount outstanding.		INTEREST.		PRINCIPAL PAYABLE.		FRIDAY.												
The sums placed after the name of Company show the total Funded Debt.					Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.	Ask'd.	The sum placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.													
Railroad:												Railroad:											
<i>Morris and Essex:</i>												<i>Sacramento Valley:</i>											
1st Mortgage, sinking fund					3,500,000	7	May & Nov.	1915	---	---	1st Mortgage					400,000	10	Jan. & July	1875	---	---		
<i>Naugatuck (\$300,000):</i>											do					329,000	10	Feb. & Aug.	1881	---	---		
1st Mortgage (convertible)					300,000	7	Jan. & July	1876	---	---	<i>St. Louis, Alton & T. H. (\$6,700,000):</i>					2,300,000	7	Semi-annually	1894	90	---	---	
<i>New Bedford & Taunton:</i>											1st Mortgage					2,800,000	7	do	1894	80	---	---	
<i>N. Haven & Northampton (\$650,000):</i>											2d Mortgage preferred					2,800,000	7	do	1894	76	77	---	---
1st Mortgage					\$500,000	7	Jan. & July	1869	---	---	3d do income					1,700,000	7	May & Nov.	1894	76	77	---	---
<i>New Jersey (\$553,000): Bonds of 1858</i>					455,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1873	---	---	<i>St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chicago:</i>												
<i>New London Northern (\$140,000):</i>											1st Mortgage					---	7	April & Oct.	---	---	---	---	
1st General Mortgage					140,000	6	Jan. & July	1885	---	---	2d do					---	7	---	---	---	---	---	
<i>New York Central (\$14,095,504):</i>											<i>St. Paul & Pacific of Minn.:</i>												
Premium Sinking Fund Bonds					6,450,438	6	May & Nov.	1883	94 1/2	94	1st Mortgage (tax free)					800,000	7	Jan. & July	1892	---	---	---	---
Bonds of October, 1863 (renewal)					2,925,000	6	June & Dec.	1887	92	91	<i>Sandusky and Cincinnati:</i>												
Real Estate Bonds					165,000	6	May & Nov.	1883	91	91	Mortgage bonds					951,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1900	---	---	---	---
Subscrip. Bonds (assumed stocks)					605,000	6	do	1883	91	91	<i>Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark:</i>												
Sink. Fund B'ds (assumed debts)					1,398,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1876	103 1/2	103 1/2	1st Mortgage					1,290,000	7	Jan. & July	1875	80	---	---	
Bonds of August, 1859, convert.					460,000	7	do	1876	105	105	Funded Bonds					890,000	7	Jan. & July	1875	---	---	---	---
Bonds of 1865					460,000	7	do	1876	105	105	<i>Second Avenue:</i>												
<i>New York and Harlem (\$6,098,045):</i>											1st Mortgage					500,000	7	June & Dec.	1867	---	---	---	---
1st General Mortgage					3,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1872	99	99	<i>Shamokin V. & Pottsville (\$791,597):</i>												
Consolidated Mortgage					1,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1893	98	98	1st Mortgage					700,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1873	---	---	---	---
2d Mortgage					1,000,000	7	do	1868	98	98	<i>Shore Line Railway: 1st Mort. bonds</i>					55,000	7	Mar. & Sept.	1870	---	---	---	---
<i>N York and New Haven (\$1,000,000):</i>											<i>South Carolina:</i>												
Mortgage Bonds					1,000,000	6	April & Oct.	1875	95	95	Sterling Loan					2,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1866	---	---	---	---
<i>N. Y. Prov. and Boston (\$350,000):</i>											Domestic Bonds					1,070,000	5	Various	68-74	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage					250,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	73-78	73-78	73-78	<i>S. W. Pacific Railroad:</i>												
Improvement Bonds					120,000	7	Jan. & July	1881	---	---	Bonds guar. by At. & Pacific R.R.					2,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1886	---	---	---	---
<i>Northern Central (\$5,211,944):</i>											<i>Staten Island: 1st Mortgage</i>					200,000	7	Jan. & July	1886	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage					1,500,000	6	Quarterly	Irreg.	---	---	<i>Syracuse, Manfield and N. Y. (\$1,505,191):</i>												
2d do					2,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1885	---	---	1st Mortgage					1,400,000	7	April & Oct.	1876	---	---	---	---
3d do					721,000	6	April & Oct.	1900	---	---	<i>Third Avenue (N. Y.):</i>												
<i>Northern New Hampshire:</i>											1st Mortgage					1,180,000	7	Jan. & July	1870	---	---	---	---
Unsecured Bonds					149,400	6	April & Oct.	1874	---	---	<i>Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw:</i>												
<i>North Carolina: Loan.</i>					339,000	8	Mar. & Sep.	1897	---	---	1st Mortgage					1,600,000	7	June & Dec.	1894	---	---	---	---
<i>North Missouri:</i>											<i>Toledo Wabash & West (\$15,600,000):</i>												
1st General Mortgage (\$6,000,000)					50,000	7	Jan. & July	1896	---	---	1st do					9,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	due	90	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
<i>North Pennsylvania (\$3,124,757):</i>											2d do (Toledo and Wabash)					1,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1873	77 1/2	80	80	
Mortgage Bonds					2,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1880	89 1/2	89 1/2	2d do (Wabash and Western)					1,500,000	7	do	1878	77 1/2	80	80	
Chattel Mortgage					360,000	10	April & Oct.	1887	117	117	Equipment bonds (Tol. & Wab.)					600,000	7	Apr. & Oct.	1883	74	74	74	
<i>Norwich and Worcester (\$580,000):</i>											Sinking Fund Bonds (T. W. & W.)					1,000,000	7	do	1871	---	---	---	---
General Mortgage					100,000	7	Jan. & July	1874	---	---	<i>Troy and Boston (\$1,452,000):</i>												
Steamboat Mortgage					300,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1870	---	---	1st Mortgage					300,000	7	Jan. & July	1887	---	---	---	---
<i>Ogdensburg and L. Cham. (\$1,494,000):</i>											2d do					300,000	7	Apr. & Oct.	1885	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage					1,494,000	7	April & Oct.	1869	100	100	3d do					650,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	---	---	---	---
<i>Ohio and Mississippi:</i>											Convertible					200,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1889	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage (E. Div.)					2,050,000	7	Jan. & July	1872	89	89	<i>Troy Union (\$680,000): Mort. Bonds.</i>					676,000	6	Jan. & July	68-74	---	---	---	---
do (W. Div.)					850,000	7	do	1872	---	---	<i>Vermont Central (\$3,500,000):</i>												
2d Mortgage do					750,000	7	do	1874	---	---	1st Mortgage					2,000,000	7	June & Dec.	1861	---	---	---	---
<i>Old Colony & Newport R.R.:</i>											2d do					1,500,000	7	Jan. & July	1867	---	---	---	---
Bonds					180,000	6	April & Oct.	67-69	---	---	<i>Vermont and Massachusetts:</i>												
do					223,000	5	var.	67-84	---	---	1st Mortgage					550,000	6	Jan. & July	1883	---	---	---	---
do					1,458,000	6	var.	75-76	---	---	<i>Warren (\$600,000):</i>												
<i>Onesago & Rome (\$657,000):</i>											1st Mortgage (guaranteed)					600,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1875	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage (guar. by R. W. & O.)					350,000	7	May & Nov.	1916	---	---	<i>Westchester & Philadelphia:</i>												
Income					300,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1921	---	---	1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon					400,000	7	Jan. & July	1873	---	---	---	---
<i>Onesago and Syracuse (\$311,500):</i>											2d do registered					562,800	8	April & Oct.	1878	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage					198,800	7	Jan. & July	70-80	---	---	<i>Western (Mass.) (ol. 329,530):</i>												
2d do					189,000	7	do	1885	---	---	Sterling (\$289,900) Bonds					4,319,520	5	April & Oct.	68-71	---	---	---	---
<i>Panama:</i>											Albany City Bonds					689,000	6	Jan. & July	70-76	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage, sterling					416,000	7	April & Oct.	1870	---	---	Dollar Bonds					936,500	6	April & Oct.	1875	---	---	---	---
1st do do					346,000	7	do	1875	---	---	<i>Western Maryland:</i>												
2d do do					1,150,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1872	---	---	1st Mortgage					596,000	6	Jan. & July	1890	---	---	---	---
<i>Parkersburg Branch (N. W. Va.):</i>											1st do guaranteed					200,000	6	do	1890	---	---	---	---
<i>Peninsula (Chic. & N. W.):</i>											<i>Western Union: 1st Mortgage</i>												
1st Mortgage					1,072,000	7	Mch & Sept.	1884	---	---	York & Cumberland (North. Cent.):					175,000	6	May & Nov.	1870	---	---	---	---
<i>Pennsylvania (\$16,484,840):</i>											2d do					25,000	6	Jan. & July	1871	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage					4,980,000	6	Jan. & July	1880	99 1/2	99 1/2	Guaranteed (Baltimore) Bonds					500,000	6	do	1877	---	---	---	---
2d do					4,904,840	6	April & Oct.	1875	97	97	<i>Canal:</i>												
<i>Phila. and Balt. Central (\$575,000):</i>											<i>Chesapeake and Delaware:</i>												
1st Mortgage					575,000	7	Jan. & July	1876	---	---	1st Mortgage Bonds					2,356,509	6	Jan. & July	1886	---	---	---	---
<i>Philadelphia and Erie (\$13,000,000):</i>											<i>Chesapeake and Ohio:</i>												
1st Mortgage (Sunbury & Erie)					1,000,000	7	April & Oct.	1877	---	---	Maryland Loan					2,000,000	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc	1870	---	---	---	---
1st do (general)					5,000,000	6	April & Oct.	1881	---	---	Sterling Bonds, guaranteed					4,375,000	5	do	1890	---	---	---	---
2d do					4,000,000	6	April & Oct.	1901	---	---	Preferred Bonds					1,699,500	6	do	1885	---	---	---	---
<i>Philadel. Germant. & Norristown:</i>											<i>Delaware Division: 1st Mortgage</i>					800,000	6	Jan. & July	1878	---	---	---	---
Convertible Loan					143,800	6	Jan. & July	1882	---	---	<i>Delaware and Hudson:</i>												
<i>Philadelphia & Reading (\$6,900,663):</i>											Plain bonds (coupon)					531,000	7	Mch & Sept.	1870	---	---	---	---
1st Mortgage					408,000	5	Jan. & July	1867	---	---	<i>Erie of Pennsylvania:</i>												
do do					182,400	5	do	1880	---	---	1st Mortgage Bonds					752,000	7	Jan. & July	1865	---	---	---	---
Dollar Bonds of 1849					2,661,600	6	April & Oct.	1870	---	---	Interest Bonds					161,000	6	do	1868	---	---	---	---
do do 1861					106,000	6	Jan. & July	1871	---	---	<i>Lehigh Coal and Navigation:</i>												
do do 1843-4-8-9					1,521,000	6																	

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.				Stock		Dividend.		FRIDAY.		COMPANIES.				Stock		Dividend.		FRIDAY.	
Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.				out- standing.		Periods.	Last p'd.	Bid.	Ask.	Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.				out- standing.		Periods.	Last p'd.	Bid.	Ask.
Railroad.																			
Alton and St. Louis*	100	Quarterly.	Jan. 1%			New York and New Haven	100	6,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3	115%	117							
Atlantic & Great Western	50					New York Providence & Boston	100	1,755,261	Jan. and July	Jan. 3									
do preferred	50					Ninth Avenue	100	3,075,982	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3									
Atlantic & St. Lawrence*	100	Jan. and July	July 2			Northern of New Hampshire	100	3,088,400	June and Dec.	Dec. 4	106								
Baltimore and Ohio	100	April and Oct	Oct. 4			Northern Central	50	4,518,900	Quarterly.	Feb. 2									
Washington Branch*	100	April and Oct	Oct. 5			North Carolina	100	4,000,000											
Bellefontaine Line	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 3			North Missouri	100	2,469,307											
Belvidere, Delaware	100	Quarterly.	Jan. 1%			North Pennsylvania	50	3,150,150		Feb. 5									
Berkshire*	100	June & Dec.	Dec. 2%			Norwich and Worcester	100	2,963,600	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Blossburg and Corning*	50					Ogdensburg & L. Champlain	100	3,075,982	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 3	61								
Boston, Hartford and Erie	100					do preferred	100	3,560,400	Apr. and Oct	Oct. 4									
Boston and Lowell	500	Jan. and July	Jan. 4	117		Ohio and Miss. certificates	100	30,222,647			26%	26%							
Boston and Maine	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			do preferred	100	3,007,197	January	Jan. 7	70								
Boston and Providence	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Old Colony and Newport	100	4,848,300	Jan. and July	Jan. 3									
Boston and Worcester	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Oswego and Syracuse	50	482,400	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 4									
Broadway & 7th Avenue	1	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Pacific of Missouri	100	3,851,598											
Brooklyn City	10	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 3%	300		Panama	50	20,000,000	May and Nov	Nov. 4	112%	113							
Brooklyn City and Newtown	100					Philadelphia and Erie*	50	5,069,450	Jan. and July	Jan. 3	56%	57							
Buffalo, New York, and Erie*	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 3%			Philadelphia and Reading	50	23,742,867	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	101%	102							
Buffalo and State Line	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5			Phila., Germant'n, & Norrist'n*	50	5,107,850	Apr. and Oct	Oct. 5									
Candian and Amboy	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5	130	130%	Phila., Wilmington & Baltimore	50	1,919,800	Quarterly.	Oct. 5		110							
Candian and Atlantic	50					Pittsburg and Connellsville	50	1,774,633											
do do preferred	50					Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	50	9,940,987	Quarterly.	Jan. 3%	91%	94%							
Cape Cod	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	26		Portland and Manchester (new)	100	1,500,000	June and Dec	Dec. 3									
Catawissa*	50	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5	58%	58%	Portland, Saco, & Portsmouth	100	1,800,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 4									
do preferred	50					Providence and Worcester	100	2,520,700											
Central of New Jersey	100	Quarterly.	Jan. 2%	116	118	Raritan and Delaware Bay	100	830,000	April and Oct	Oct. 4%									
Central Ohio	100					Rensselaer & Saratoga consol.	100	500,000	April and Oct	Oct. 3									
do preferred	100					Saratoga and Whitehall	100	800,000	April and Oct	Oct. 3									
Cheshire (preferred)	100	January	Jan. 2%	103%		Troy, Salem & Rutland	100	2,085,100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Chicago and Alton	100	Mar. and Sep.	Mar. 5	107	110	Rutland, Watertown & Ogdensburg	100	2,333,376											
do preferred	100	May and Nov.	Nov. 5	129%	139%	Rutland and Burlington	100	2,300,000			30	35							
Chicago Burlington and Quincy	100					St. Louis, Alton, & Terre Haute	100	1,700,000	Annually.	May 7	59	63							
Chicago and Great Eastern	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	60%	65	do do	100	2,989,096											
Chicago, Iowa and Nebraska*	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	31	34	Sandusky, and Cincinnati	50	393,073	May and Nov	Nov. 3									
Chicago and Milwaukee*	100					do do	50	393,073											
Chicago and Northwestern	100	June & Dec.	Dec. 6%	84	84	Sandusky, Mansfield & Newark	100	1,020,000											
do do pref.	100	Apr. and Oct	Oct. 5	94	94%	Saratoga and Hudson River	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 3									
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	100					Savannah & Charleston	100	1,000,000											
Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 4			Schenckville Valley*	50	576,050	Jan. and July	Jan. 3%									
Cincinnati, Richmond & Chicago	100	May & Nov.	Nov. 4			Second Avenue (N. Y.)	100	650,000	Apr. and Oct	Oct. 3	55	60							
Cincinnati and Zanesville	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Shamokin Valley & Pottsville*	50	869,450	Feb. and Aug	Aug. 2									
Cleveland, Columbus, & Cincin.	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 4	100		Shore Line Railway	100	635,300	Jan. and July	Jan. 3									
Cleveland & Mahoning*	50	May & Nov.	Nov. 4			Sixth Avenue (N. Y.)	100	750,000	Quarterly.										
Cleveland, Painesville & Ashta.	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	80%	80%	South Carolina	100	2,303,400	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 66%									
Cleveland and Pittsburg	50	Apr. and Oct	Oct. 8	117	118	South W. Georgia	100	1,300,130											
Cleveland and Toledo	50	Quarterly.	Jan. 2%			Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y.	100	1,983,150	Jan. and July	Jan. 6									
Columbus & Indianapolis Cent.	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	63%		Terre Haute & Indianapolis	50	1,170,000	Quarterly.										
Columbus and Xenia*	50	May and Nov	Nov. 4			Third Avenue (N. Y.)	100	1,650,232											
Concord	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 3%			Toledo, Peoria, and Warsaw	100	1,700,000											
Concord and Portsmouth	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			do do	100	1,000,000	May and Nov	Nov. 3%	59	59							
Coney Island and Brooklyn	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			do do	100	908,000	June and Dec	Dec. 3%									
Con'ticut and Passumpsic pref.	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			do do	100	908,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	36%	36							
Connecticut River	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Toledo, Wabash and Western	100	1,000,000	May and Nov	Nov. 3%	59	59							
Covington and Lexington	100	Apr. and Oct	Oct. 8			do do preferred	50	274,400	June and Dec	Dec. 3%									
Cumberland Valley	100					Troy and Greenbush*	200	884,400	Jan. and July	Jan. 4									
Dayton and Michigan	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 3			Utica and Black River	100	2,250,000	June and Dec	Dec. 4	99%								
Delaware*	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Vermont and Canada*	100	2,860,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 1%	55	56							
Delaware, Lacka., & Western	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	136		Vermont and Massachusetts	100	3,563,679											
Des Moines Valley	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Virginia Central	100	2,863,679	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Detroit and Milwaukee	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Western (Mass)	100	2,863,679	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
do do pref.	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Western Union (Wis. & Ill.)	100	2,863,679	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Dubuque and Sioux City	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Worcester and Nashua	75	1,141,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
do do pref.	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Canal.													
Eastern (Mass)	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4	109		Chesapeake and Delaware	25	1,575,983	June	Dec. 3									
Eighth Avenue, N. Y.*	100	Quarterly.	Jan. 4			Chesapeake and Ohio	25	8,232,395											
Elmira, Jefferson, & Canandaigua	100	Quarterly.	Dec. 2%			Delaware Division	50	1,633,350	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 3	110								
Elmira and Williamsport*	50	May and Nov	Nov. 2%	62		Delaware and Hudson	100	10,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 8	140	144							
do do pref.	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 3%			Delaware and Raritan	100	8,232,395	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5									
Erie	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5	54	54	Delight Coal and Navigation	50	6,137,000	May and Nov	Nov. 5	106%	108							
do preferred	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	71	71	Monongahela Navigation Co.	50	738,100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Erie and Northeast*	50	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5			Morris (consolidated)	10	1,025,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 3									
Fitchburg	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			do preferred	100	1,175,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5									
Georgia	100	Apr. and Oct	Oct. 3%			Schenckville Navigation (consol.)	50	1,908,307	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 6	42	44							
Hannibal and St. Joseph	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	51		do preferred	50	2,863,679	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 6	62								
do do pref.	100	Quarterly.	Jan. 3	59		Susquehanna and Tide-Water	50	2,907,500											
Hartford and New Haven	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	167		Union	50	2,907,500	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Housatonic	100	May and Nov	Nov. 4	138	139	West Branch and Susquehanna	50	1,100,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 1865									
do preferred	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Wyoming Valley	50	800,000	Quarterly.	Sept. 4	110	116							
Hudson River	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Miscellaneous.													
Huntingdon and Broad Top*	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Coal-American	25	1,500,000	Mar. and Sep.	Mar. 3%	250	54							
do do pref.	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Ashburton	50	2,500,000	Jan. and Dec.	Dec. 4									
Illinois Central	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5	114%	114%	Butler	25	500,000											
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	100	Mar. & Sep.	Sep. 4	88		Consolidation	100	5,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	45	49							
Jefferson, Madison & Indianap.	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	90		Central	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	39	30%							
Joliet and Chicago*	100	Quarterly.	Jan. 1%			Cumberland	100	5,000,000	Quarterly.	Feb. 5	134	150							
Joliet and N. Indiana	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Pennsylvania	50	3,200,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 6	50	60							
Lackawanna and Bloomsburg	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Spring Mountain	50	1,250,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Lehigh Valley	100	Quarterly.	Jan. 2%	121%	122	Spruce Hill	10	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	39	39%							
Lexington and Frankfort	100	May and Nov	Nov. 3			Wilkesbarre	100	3,200,000	Apr. and Oct	Apr. 3									
Little Miami	50	Jan. and Dec	Dec. 4			Wyoming Valley	100	2,250,000	Feb. and Aug	Aug. 2									
Little Schuylkill*	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 2			Gas-Brooklyn	25	2,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5									
Long Island	50	Quarterly.	Feb. 3			Harlem	50	644,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Louisville and Frankfort	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 3			Jersey City & Hoboken	20	586,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
Louisville and Nashville	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Manhattan	50	4,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	158	174							
Louisville, New Albany & Chic	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4			Metropolitan	100	2,800,000	May and Nov	Nov. 5									
Macon and Western	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			New York	50	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 5									
McGregor Western*	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Williamsburg	50	874,400	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	45%	45%							
Maine Central	50	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Improvement-Canton 100 (164 pd)	100	4,000,000	July 30	24%	26								
Marquette and Cincinnati	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5			Brunswick City	100	1,000,000											
do do 1st pref.	50	Mar. and Sep	Sep. 3%	25	30	Telegraph-Western Union, Russ. Ex.	100	38,450,000	Jan. and July	Jan. 2	41%	42							
do do 2d pref.	50	Mar. and Sep	Sep. 3%	15		Express-Adams	100	10,000,000	Quarterly.	Nov. 2		56							
Manchester and Lawrence	100	May and Nov	Nov. 4			American	100	9,000,000	Quarterly.	Nov. 3									
Memphis and Charleston	100	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	106	107	Merchants' Union	100	20,000,000	Quarterly.	Dec. 3	44	47							
Michigan Central	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5	71%	71%	United States	100	6,000,000	Quarterly.	Dec. 3	87	59							
Michigan Southern and N. Ind.	100	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5			Wells, Fargo & Co.	100	10,000,000	Quarterly.	Mar. 3	194%	125							
do do guarant.	100	Feb																	

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Allen Wright.....par 10			Hammond.....par 20		
Bemis Helghts.....5			HamiltonMcClintock.....		
Bennehoff Run.....10	2 75		Ivanhoe.....2		
Bergen Coal and Oil.....10			Manhattan.....2		20
Bliven.....10			Mountain Oil.....		
Bradley Oil.....5			Natural.....5		
Brevort.....10			N. Y. & Alleghany.....5		4 50
Brooklyn.....5			N. Y. & Philadel.....5		
Buchanan Farm.....10	15	22	New York & Newark.....5		
Central.....100	75	90	N. Y. Ph. & Balt. Cons.....1		
Cherry Run Petrol'm.....2			Oceanic.....10		
Cherry Run special.....5			Pit Hole Creek.....25		75
Clinton Oil.....10	2 50		Rynd Farm.....10	6	15
Empire City.....5			Second National.....10		
Excelsior.....5		20	Shade River.....5		
First National.....5			Union.....10		
Germania.....5			United Pe't'm F'ms.....2	15	
Great Republic.....10			United States.....10	3 75	4 25
G't Western Consol.....10			Venango (N. Y.).....10		

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Adventure.....paid 3			Lafayette.....paid 1		
Aitna.....11			Lake Superior.....2		
Albany & Boston.....25 1/2	7 00		Madison.....3		
Algoma.....3			Mandan.....4 1/2		
Allouez.....1 1/2	5 00		Manhattan.....5 1/2		
American.....1			Mass.....4 1/2		
Amygdaloid.....17			Medora.....1 1/2		
Arnold.....1			Mendota.....5		
Atlas.....2			Merriman.....5		
Aztec.....4 1/2			Mesnard.....6 1/2		
Bay State.....13 1/2	8 00		Milton.....1 1/2	75	2 00
Bohemian.....17 1/2			Minnesota.....15 1/2	10 50	11 00
Boston.....2 1/2			National.....5 1/2		
Caledonia.....	15 00		Native.....2		
Canada.....	1 40		Naumkeag.....1		
Charter Oak.....	1 35	1 40	New Jersey Consol.....10		
Central.....5			New York.....		
Concord.....4	2 50	3 00	North Cliff.....4		
Copper Creek.....			North western.....11 1/2		
Copper Falls.....24 1/2	24 00		Norwich.....11		
Copper Harbor.....			Ogima.....7		
Dacotah.....3 1/2			Pennsylvania.....5 1/2	2 25	3 50
Dana.....3 1/2			Petherick.....5 1/2	32 50	32 00
Davidson.....	95	1 00	Pewabic.....3 1/2	5 25	7 25
Delaware.....20 1/2			Phoenix.....15	5 25	7 25
Dev'n.....1			Pittsburg & Boston.....5 1/2		
Dorchester.....1 1/2			Pontiac.....10 1/2	50	1 50
Dudley.....1 1/2			Portage Lake.....		
Eagle River.....3 1/2			Princeton.....		
Edwards.....1 1/2			Providence.....		
Empire.....			Quincy.....10	33 00	35 00
Everett.....1			Resolute.....6 1/2		
Evergreen Bluff.....5 1/2			Ridge.....8		
Excelsior.....			Rockland.....12	9 00	9 75
Flint Steel River.....9 1/2			St. Clair.....3	5 75	6 00
Franklin.....5 1/2	27 50		St. Louis.....1		
French Creek.....			St. Mary's.....5 1/2		
Gard.....5			Seneca.....1		
Great Western.....2			Sharon.....1 1/2		
Hamilton.....2			Sheldon & Columbian.....21		
Hancock.....17 1/2	8 50	8 75	South Pewabic.....1	1 25	
Hanover.....1 1/2			Star.....11 1/2	2 00	2 00
Hope.....2 1/2	1 00		Superior.....8	8 25	3 50
Hudson.....			Toltec.....21		
Hulbert.....			Tremont.....1 1/2		
Humboldt.....1 1/2	1 60		Victoria.....1 1/2		
Hungarian.....1			Vulcan.....6		
Huron.....19	17 75		Washington.....1		
Indiana.....			West Minnesota.....2 1/2		
Ile Royale.....	8 00	15 00	Winona.....3		
Keweenaw.....5			Winthrop.....4 1/2	1 00	1 50
Knowlton.....8		5 00			

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares.
‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares.
§ Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Alpine.....par 10			Grass Valley.....par		
Alameda Silver.....	6 25	6 50	Gunnell.....10	4 00	4 75
American Flag.....10	1 10		Gunnell Union.....2	50	54
Atlantic & Pacific.....	2 25		Holman.....2	50	
Ayres Mill & Mining.....			Hope.....25	25	70
Bates & Baxter.....50	1 70	1 95	Keystone Silver.....5	5	7
Benton.....5	1 00		Knickerbocker.....5	5	
Bob Tail.....	3 00		Kip & Buell.....2	50	60
Bosobel Silver.....	4 75		LaCrosse.....5	50	70
Bullion Consolidated.....	1 50		Liberty.....50	7	
Burroughs.....10	50		Liebig.....50	5	
Central.....6			Mill Creek.....5	30	
Church Union.....			Montana.....5	30	
Columbian G. & S.....	2 45	2 50	Montauk.....		
Consolidated Colorado.....	10	4 8	New York.....10	1 10	1 25
Consolidated Gregory.....20	11 50	12 00	Nye.....	1 25	
Corydon.....25	6 00		Pah Ranget Cen. Silver.....		
Crozier.....	14		People's G. & S. of Cal.....1	1 00	2 00
Des Moines.....1 00			Quartz Hill.....25	4 05	4 10
Downville.....1	10		Rocky Mountain.....10	1 00	1 50
Echla.....			Sensenderfer.....1	30	
Fall River.....			Smith & Parnellee.....20	6 00	
First National.....			Symonds Forks.....1 50	1 70	
Gilpin.....3 00			Yellow Jacket.....	20	30
Gold Hill.....3 50	3 90				7

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	Co-PANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Copake Iron.....par 5			Tudor Lead.....par		
Poster Iron.....			Sacnaw, L. S. & M.....25		
Lake Superior Iron.....100			Wallkill Lead.....	74	
Backs Conny Lead.....5			Wallace Nickel.....		
Penbo Lead.....			Rutland Marble.....25	10 00	15 00
Manhan Lead.....			Long Island Peat.....	3 50	
Phoenix Lead.....			Russel & Eke.....5	3 00	4 00
Iron Tank Storage.....			Savon de Terre.....		

INSURANCE ITEMS.

UPPER MISSOURI LOSSES.—The total amount of losses over premiums on cargo insurance policies in the Upper Missouri trade last year by St. Louis insurance companies alone foot up \$154,000. The rates have been adjusted for the current year on an increased basis.

INSURANCE DECISION.—The Attorney-General of Missouri has decided that foreign insurance companies cannot combine and do business under one and the same license.

SHIP BURNING.—Jas. Smith has been convicted in the City Court of Mobile of arson, and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. He was one of the seamen of the Bremen ship Mobile burned in the bay some time ago. It is by no means improbable that upon a closer investigation the convicted sailor would prove to have been a mere instrument in abler hands.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Marked thus (*) are participating, and (†) write Marine Risks.	Dec. 31, 1865.	DIVIDEND.			
	Capital.	Assets.	Periods.	Last paid.	Bid. Last Sale.
Adriatic.....25	\$300,000	223,775	Jan. and July.		
Aitna.....50	200,000	205,976	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	
American.....50	200,000	440,603	Jan. and July.	J. '67. 3 1/2	
American Exch'le.....100	500,000	213,590	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 1	
Astoria.....50	200,000	501,543	Jan. and July.	Jan. '63. 5	40 1/2
Astor.....25	250,000	253,222	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66. 5	
Atlantic (Br'klyn).....50	300,000	324,456	March and Sep.	Sep. '68. 5	
Baltic.....25	200,000	200,362	May and Nov.		
Beekman.....25	200,000	181,052	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '65. 4	38 1/2
Bowery.....25	300,000	320,111	June and Dec.	Dec. '66. 5	
Broadway.....25	200,000	248,392	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67. 6	
Brooklyn.....17	158,000	241,521	do	Feb. '67. 5	150
Central Park.....100	150,000	123,577	Jan. and July.	July '64. 4	
Citizens.....20	300,000	378,440	do	Feb. '67. 10	150
City.....70	210,000	314,787	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67. 7 1/2	107
Clinton.....100	250,000	231,793	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 7	
Columbia*.....100	500,000	391,913	do	July '64. 3 1/2	
Commerce (N.Y.).....100	200,000	212,594	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Commerce (Alb'y).....100	400,000	440,870	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66. 5	
Commercial.....50	200,000	244,266	Jan. and July.	July '66. 5	
Commonwealth.....100	250,000	268,893	April and Oct.	Oct. '66. 5	
Continental*.....100	500,000	1,199,978	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 7	
Corn Exchange.....50	400,000	36,970	March and Sep.	Mar. '64. 5	
Croton.....100	200,000	168,32	Jan. and July.	July '64. 5	
Eagle.....40	300,000	361,705	April and Oct.	Oct. '66. 5	
Empire City.....100	200,000	212,145	Jan. and July.	July '66. 7	
Excelsior.....50	200,000	258,054	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Exchange.....30	150,000	140,324	Feb. and Aug.	Jan. '67. 5	
Firemen's.....17	204,000	230,324	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	106
Firemen's Fund.....10	150,000	149,024	do	July '65. 5	83
Firemen's Trust.....10	150,000	156,065	do	July '65. 5	
Fulton.....25	200,000	215,079	do	July '66. 5	
Gallatin.....50	150,000	149,755	May and Nov.		
Gebhard.....100	200,000	229,309	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67. 5	
Germania.....50	500,000	592,394	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	
Globe.....50	200,000	195,875	Jan. and July.	Jan. '65. 5	
Great Western*†.....100	1,000,000	\$1,177,497	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 3 1/2	
Greenwich.....25	200,000	228,122	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66. 5	
Grocers'.....50	200,000	186,176	April and Oct.	Apr. '65. 5	60
Guardian.....20	200,000	172,318	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 3 1/2	
Hamilton.....15	150,000	163,860	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Hancock.....50	400,000	400,295	do	Jan. '67. 5	107
Hoffman.....50	200,000	207,345	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Home.....100	2,000,000	2,485,017	do	Jan. '67. 5	125
Hope.....50	200,000	252,057	do	July '65. 5	
Howard.....50	500,000	349,521	do	Jan. '67. 5	123
Humboldt.....100	200,000	201,216	do	July '65. 5	
Import & Traders.....50	200,000	168,828	do	July '65. 6	
Indemnity.....100	150,000	186,166	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '65. 5	
International.....100	1,000,000	1,024,762	do	Feb. '66. 3 1/2	
Irving.....25	200,000	195,571	do	Feb. '67. 5	
Jefferson.....30	200,010	245,984	March and Sep.	Mar. '66. 4	
King's Co'ty (Br'klyn).....150	150,000	159,721	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	
Knickerbocker.....40	280,000	279,864	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Lafayette (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	161,232	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Lamar.....100	200,000	346,426	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Lenox.....25	150,000	129,644	do	July '65. 4	
Long Island (Br'klyn).....50	200,000	220,264	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Lorillard*.....25	1,000,000	1,423,024	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Manhattan.....100	500,000	704,303	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Market*.....100	200,000	232,351	do	Jan. '67. 3 1/2	
Mechan' & Trade*.....25	200,000	197,638	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Mechanics (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	150,135	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Mercantile.....100	200,000	211,178	do	July '66. 4	
Mercantile Mut'l.....100	640,000	1,322,469	do	July '66. 5	
Merchants.....50	200,000	228,644	do	Jan. '67. 10	
Metropolitan*†.....100	1,000,000	1,192,303	do	July '65. 5	
Montauk (Br'lyn).....50	150,000	150,646	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Nassau (Br'klyn).....50	150,000	216,184	do	Jan. '67. 8	
National.....7 1/2	200,000	235,518	do	Jan. '67. 6	127
N. Y. Amsterdam.....25	200,000	311,976	do	Jan. '67. 4	
N. Y. Equitable & Co.....3 25	210,000	244,066	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 6	
N. Y. Fire and Mar. Ins.....100	200,000	222,199	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67. 5	
Niagara.....50	1,000,000	1,175,565	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	
North American*.....50	500,000	601,701	do	July '66. 5	86
North River.....25	350,000	385,489	April and Oct.	Oct. '66. 8	
Pacific.....25	200,000	229,729	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 6	
Park.....100	200,000	194,317	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Peter Cooper.....20	150,000	173,601	do	Jan. '67. 5	
People's.....20	150,000	154,206	Feb. and Aug.	Jan. '67. 5	
Phoenix & Br'klyn.....50	1,000,000	998,687	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	
Relief.....50	200,000	188,170	do	July '66. 5	
Republic*.....100	300,000	457,232	do	Jan. '67. 3 1/2	
Resolute*.....100	200,000	208,969	do	July '66. 3 1/2	
Ruters.....25	200,000	206,909	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67. 5	
St. Mark's.....25	150,000	150,580	do	Feb. '67. 5	76
St. Nicholas.....25	150,000	138,902	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66. 5	
Security.....50	1,000,000	1,377,564	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66. 3 1/2	
Standard.....50	200,000	230,903	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	
Star.....100	200,000	217,843	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Sterling*.....100	200,000	177,915	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Sun Mutual†.....100	500,000	3,206,424	do	Jan. '66. 5	
Suyvesant.....25	200,000	205,040	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '66. 5	
Tadousac's.....25	150,000	142,830	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	105
Tadousac's States.....25	200,000	250,413	do	Jan. '67. 5	
Washington.....50	200,000	222,622	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67. 5	115 1/2
Washington City.....100	287,400	581,689	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '67. 5	
Williamsburg City.....50	150,000	157,539	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67. 5	
Woolen & N. Y. Wool.....100	500,000	550,301	do	Jan. '66. 5	79

Insurance.

Marine & Fire Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
Nos. 57 & 59 William Street, New York.

January 23, 1867.
The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st of December, 1866:

Premiums on Risks outstanding 31st December, 1865.....	\$331,310 02
Premiums received during the year ending 31st December, 1866.....	506,621 26
Total Premiums.....	\$737,941 28
Premiums marked off as earned for the year ending 31st December, 1866.....	\$546,543 46

Losses and Expenses paid during same period.....\$354,732 90
Return Premiums.....(8,686 31)

The Assets of the Company on the 31st December 1866, were as follows:

United States Stocks.....	\$339,000 00
Bank Stocks.....	251,377 50
New York State, City and other Stocks and Bonds, and Loans on Stocks.....	255,713 18
Cash in Banks.....	53,336 32
Premium Notes and Bills receivable.....	242,551 21
Insurance Scrip, Accrued Interest, Sun-dry Notes, &c., at estimated value.....	16,500 27
Salvage and Re-insurance claims due the Company.....	14,305 48
Total Assets.....	\$1,103,083 96

Interest at the rate of Six Per Cent. per annum, on the outstanding Certificates of Profits, will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 13th day of February, 1867.

A Scrip Dividend of Fifteen Per Cent., and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled hereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1866, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

After reserving Six Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars of Profits, the balance of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1859, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 13th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled.

TRUSTEES.

Moses Taylor, Daniel Drake Smith,
James C. Bell, Henry M. Taber,
Charles L. Frost, Josiah O. Low,
Geo. B. Morewood, Charles W. Blossom,
Sheppard Gandy, Henry K. Buell,
Thomas B. Coddington, Edward Saportas,
Samuel U. F. Odell, Richard P. Rundle,
Henry S. Henry, Anthony P. Francia,
William H. Brodie, H. K. Corning,
Samuel Schiffer, William T. Frost,
Henry W. Barrow, William R. Kirkland,
James W. Phillips, Hiram W. Brooks,
Willard M. Newell, John C. Jackson,
Lewis S. Benedict, Edward L. Hedden,
Charles P. Marks, David G. Cartwright,
Stephen D. Harrison, Benjamin P. Baker,

DANIEL DRAKE SMITH, President.
ADRIAN B. HOLMES, Vice-President.

HENRY D. KING, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company.

No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1867.....\$1,331,349

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holders,

IN CASH,

a rebate on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent in value to an average scrip dividend of

TWENTY PER CENT.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight. Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

James Freeland, D. Colden Murray,
Samuel Willets, E. Haydock White,
Robert L. Taylor, N. L. McCready,
William T. Frost, Daniel T. Willets,
William Watt, L. Edgerton,
Henry Eyre, Henry R. Kunhardt,
Cornelius Grinnell, John S. Williams,
Joseph Slagg, William Nelson, Jr.,
Jas. D. Fish, Charles Dimon,
Geo. W. Hennings, A. William Heye,
Francis Hathaway, Harold Dollner,
Aaron L. Reid, Paul N. Spofford,
Ellwood Walter.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President

CILAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.

C. J. DEMPSEY, Secretary.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25th, 1867.

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1866:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1866, to 31st December, 1866.....	\$3,282,021 26
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1866.....	2,183,325 15
Total amount of Marine Premiums.....	\$10,470,346 31

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1866 to 31st December, 1866.....\$7,682,236 70

Losses paid during the same period.....\$5,683,695 05

Returns of Premiums and Expenses.....\$1,194,173 23

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks.....	\$6,771,885 00
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise.....	1,129,350 00
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages, Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at.....	141,866 34
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....	3,837,735 41
Cash in Bank.....	434,207 81
Total Amount of Assets.....	\$12,586,304 46

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fifth of February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1864 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fifth of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled.

A dividend of Twenty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1866, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Second of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones, Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis, Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore, Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Coit, Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill, Joseph Gaillard, Jr.,
Lewis Curtis, J. Henry Burgoyne,
Charles H. Russell, Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook, C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston, R. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps, Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow, Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillot, Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.,
William E. Dodge, Gordon W. Burnham,
Geo. G. Hobson, Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane, James Low,
James Bryce, George S. Stephenson,
Francis Skiddy, William H. Webb,
Daniel S. Miller, Paul Spofford,
Robert L. Taylor, Charles P. Burdett,
Shepard Gandy.

JOHN D. JONES, President,

CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President

W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres't.

J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres't.

Insurance.

H O P E FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital.....\$200,000 00
Assets, March 9, 1866.....252,559 22
Total Liabilities.....26,850 00
Losses Paid 1. 1865.....201,588 14

This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

Board of Directors:

HENRY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUMMINGS,
JOSEPH FOULKE, ROBERT SCHELL,
STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY,
THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT,
JACOB REESE, JOSEPH GRANTON,
JNO. W. MERSEREAU, L. B. WARD,
D. LYDIG SUIDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON,
WILLIAM REMSEN, AMOS ROBBINS,
HENRY S. LEVERICH.

JACOB REESE, President.

CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

Security Insurance Co.,

No. 119 BROADWAY,

Cash Capital, One Million Dollars,
(81,000,000.)

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

A. F. HASTINGS, President.

FRANK W. BALLARD, Secretary.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1867.....240,482 43

TOTAL ASSETS.....\$740,482 43

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1865.....270,333

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.

P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st 1866.

Cash capital.....\$400,000 00
Surplus.....156,308 98
Gross Assets.....\$556,308 98
Total Liabilities.....24,550 00

BENJ. S. WALCOTT,

J. REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insu-

RANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1866, OVER \$16,000,000 00

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries, ISAAC ABBATT,

JOHN M. STUART.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOWARD.

MARINE INSURANCE.

The Insurance Company of North America, of Philadelphia.

INCORPORATED 1794. CAPITAL \$300,000.
Assets, Jan. 8, 1867, \$1,763,287 23.

Risks made binding and losses adjusted and paid in New York.

CATLIN & SATTERTHWAIT, Agents.

61 William Street.

[illegible]

Horns—Duty, 10 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Ox, Rio Grande, C 19 00 @ 19 50
 Ox, Buenos Ayres, 8 00 @ 10 00

India Rubber—Duty, 10 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Para, Fine, 73 @ 75
 Para, Medium, 60 @ 65
 Para, Coarse, 43 @ 45
 East India, 60 @ 62
 Carthagena, &c., 60 @ 62

Indigo—Duty FREE.
 Bengal, (gold) 1 00 @ 1 65
 Oude, (gold) 75 @ 1 35
 Madras, (gold) 65 @ 90
 Manila, (gold) 65 @ 1 10
 Guatemala, (gold) 85 @ 1 10
 Caracacas, (gold) 70 @ 90

Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 14 cents ¢ ¢.
 Railroad, 70 cents ¢ ¢ 100 ¢; Boiler and Plate, 14 cents ¢ ¢; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 14 to 15 cents ¢ ¢; Pig, 22 ¢ ¢; Polished Sheet, 3 cents ¢ ¢.
 Pig, Scotch, No. 1, 42 00 @ 45 00
 Pig, American, No. 1, 45 00 @ 50 00
 Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer 95 0 @ 100 00
 Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold) 95 00 @ 100 00

Bar Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold) 95 00 @ 100 00
Bar, English and American, Refined 113 50 @ 117 50
 do do do Common 101 50 @ 107 50
 Scroll, 1 to 2 102 00 @ 100 00
 Ovals and Half Round 147 50 @ 147 50
 Band, 14 50 @ 142 50
 Horse Shoe, 131 50 @ 142 50
 Rods, 5-6 @ 3-16 inch, 117 50 @ 112 50
 Hoop, 14 50 @ 102 50
 Nail Rod, 94 @ 114
 Sheet, Russia, 15 @ 15
 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble, 61 @ 8
 Rails, Eng. (g'd) ton 51 0 @ 54 00
 do American, 52 50 @ 55 00

Vory—Duty, 10 ¢ cent. ad val.
 East India, Prime 3 27 @ 3 50
 East Ind. Billiard Ball 3 50 @ 4 50
 African, W. C. Prime 2 25 @ 3 40
 African, Serivel, W. C. 2 00 @ 2 50

Lead—Duty, Pig, 3 ¢ ¢ 100 ¢; Old Lead, 1 ¢ ¢ ¢ ¢; Pipe and Sheet, 2 ¢ ¢ ¢ ¢.
 Galena, 100 ¢ @ 100 ¢
 Spanish, (gold) 6 70 @ 6 57
 German, (gold) 6 70 @ 6 57
 English, (gold) 6 70 @ 7 00
 Bar, (gold) net 10 10 @ 10 25
 Pipe and Sheet, net 10 25 @ 10 25

Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Oak, Slaughter, light 3 @ 37
 do do middle 37 @ 41
 do do heavy 39 @ 44
 do light Cropped, 43 @ 45
 do middle do 45 @ 49
 do bellies do 19 @ 21
 Hem'l, B. A., 14 @ 30
 do do heavy 30 @ 31
 do do Califf., light 28 @ 21
 do do middle 30 @ 31
 do do Orino, etc. 14 @ 27
 do do middle 27 @ 28
 do do do heavy 27 @ 28
 do do B. A., dam'd all w'g's 25 @ 27
 do do poor do 20 @ 22
 do do Slough, in rough 34 @ 37
 Oak, Slough, in rough, 14 @ 32
 do do do mid. 36 @ 45
 do heavy 36 @ 45

Lime—Duty: 10 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Rockland, com. 1 ¢ ¢ 1 85
 do do heavy 1 ¢ ¢ 2 20

Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.
 Duty: Lumber, 30 ¢ cent. ad val.; Staves, 10 ¢ cent. ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.
 Spruce, East, 18 ft 18 50 @ 21 00
 Southern Pine, 40 00 @ 45 00
 White Pine Box B'ds 30 00 @ 32 00
 White Pine Merch. 33 00 @ 35 00
 Box Boards, 33 00 @ 35 00
 Clear Pine, 50 00 @ 100 00
 Lath, Eastern, 3 25 @ 3 25
 Poplar and White wood B'ds & Plank 55 00 @ 65 00
 Cherry B'ds & Plank 60 00 @ 90 00
 Oak and Ash, 60 00 @ 65 00
 Maple and Birch, 85 00 @ 40 00
 Black Walnut, 100 00 @ 120 00

STAVES—
 White oak, pipe, 500 00 @ 500 00
 do pipe, heavy, 250 00 @ 250 00
 do pipe, light, 200 00 @ 200 00
 do pipe, culls, 120 00 @ 150 00
 do hhd., extra, 250 00 @ 250 00
 do hhd., heavy, 250 00 @ 250 00
 do hhd., light, 120 00 @ 120 00
 do hhd., culls, 100 00 @ 100 00
 do bbl., extra, 175 00 @ 175 00
 do bbl., heavy, 140 00 @ 140 00
 do bbl., light, 110 00 @ 110 00
 do bbl., culls, 60 00 @ 60 00
 Red oak, hhd., hvy, 130 00 @ 130 00
 do hhd., light, 90 00 @ 90 00

HEADINGS—White oak, hhd., 150 00 @ 150 00

MAHOGANY, CEDAR, ROSEWOOD—Duty free.
 Mahogany, St. Domingo, crochets, 35 @ 50

do St. Domingo, ordinary logs, 7 @ 10
 do Port-au-Platt, crochets, 30 @ 40
 do Port-au-Platt, logs, 12 @ 16
 do Nuevitas, 12 @ 16
 do Mansanilla, 12 @ 16
 do Mexican, 15 @ 17
 do Honduras (American wood), 14 @ 20
 Cedar, Nuevitas, 14 @ 15
 do Mansanilla, 14 @ 15
 do Mexican, 10 @ 14
 do Florida, c. f., 50 @ 100
 Rosewood, B. Jan., 5 @ 8
 do Bahia, 4 @ 6

Molasses—See special report.
Nails—Duty: cut 11; wrought 21; horse shoe 2 cents ¢ ¢.
 Cut, 44 @ 50 ¢ ¢ 100 ¢ 6 25 @ 6 50
 Clinch, 7 75 @ 8 00
 Horse shoe, f'd (6d) 28 @ 30
 Horse shoe, pressed, 21 @ 23
 Copper, 45 @ 48
 Yellow metal, 27 @ 28
 Zinc, 20 @ 20

Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents ¢ ¢ gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 30 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Turpentine, f. 380 ¢ 5 50 @ 5 50
 Tar, Am. rice, bbl 2 75 @ 3 25
 Pitch, 4 @ 40
 Rosin, common, 4 12 @ 4 30
 do strained No. 2, 4 37 @ 4 50
 do No. 1, 5 00 @ 7 50
 do Pale and Extra (250 lbs.), 8 00 @ 12 00
 Spirits turp., Am. g., 71 @ 72

Oakum—Duty fr. 9 ¢ ¢ 114
Oil Cake—Duty: 20 ¢ cent. ad val.
 City thin obl'g, in bbls, 27 00 @ 27 00
 do in bags, 50 00 @ 50 00
 West thin obl'g, do 22 50 @ 22 50

Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 33 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, 31 ¢ ¢; burning fluid, 50 cents ¢ ¢ gallon; palm, seal, and cocoa nut, 10 ¢ cent. ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish (foreign fisheries), 20 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Olive, qs (gold) per case 6 00 @ 6 00
 do in casks, 1 ¢ ¢ 11 @ 11
 Palm, 11 @ 11
 Linseed, city, 1 35 @ 1 37
 Whale, 80 @ 1 10
 do refined winter, 1 00 @ 1 05
 Sperm, crude, 2 70 @ 2 70
 do do unbleach, 2 95 @ 2 95
 Lard oil, city distilled, 1 10 @ 1 15
 Red oil, city distilled, 75 @ 80
 Bank, 80 @ 80
 Paraffine, 28 - 30 gr., 45 @ 55
 Kerosene, (free), 53 @ 53

Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents ¢ ¢; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent ¢ ¢; dry ochres, 56 cents ¢ ¢ 100 ¢; oxides of zinc, 14 cents ¢ ¢; ochre, ground in oil, 30 ¢ ¢ 100 ¢; Spanish brown 35 ¢ cent. ad val.; China clay, 35 ¢ ¢; Venetian red and vermilion 25 ¢ cent. ad val.; white chalk, 10 ¢ ¢ ton.
 Lead, red, City, 114 @ 12
 do white, American, 114 @ 12
 pure, in oil, 14 @ 14
 do white, American, 13 @ 13
 Zinc, white, American, 91 @ 10
 do white, American, 10 @ 11
 do white, French, in oil, 14 @ 15
 Ochre, yellow, French, dry, 374 @ 3 00
 do g'd in oil, 8 @ 10
 Spanish brown, dry, 1 20 @ 1 50
 do g'd in oil, 8 @ 9
 Paris wh., No. 1, 100 ¢ 2 75 @ 3 00
 Whiting, Amer., 24 @ 24
 Vermilion, Chinese, 1 25 @ 1 35
 do Trieste, 1 05 @ 1 10
 do Cal. & Eng., 1 87 @ 1 40
 do American, 25 @ 30
 Venet. red (N.C.) 3 00 @ 3 35
 Carmine, city made, 16 00 @ 20 00
 China clay, 35 ¢ ¢ ton 35 00 @ 36 00
 Chalk, 4 00 @ 4 20
 Chalk, block, 27 00 @ 27 00
 Chrome yellow, 15 @ 35
 Barytes, 40 @ 45

Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents ¢ ¢ gallon.
 Crude, 40 @ 47 ¢ ¢ gal. 16 @ 16
 Refined, free, 46 @ 46
 do in bond, 29 @ 29
 Naptha, refined, 28 @ 28
 Residium, 4 ¢ ¢ bbl, 4 50 @ 5 00

Plaster Paris—Duty: lump, free; calcined, 30 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Blue Nova Scotia, 4 50 @ 4 50
 White Nova Scotia, 5 00 @ 5 50
 Calcined, eastern, bbl 2 40 @ 2 40
 Calcined, city mills, 2 50 @ 2 50

Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct.; hams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts ¢ ¢ ¢.
 Beef, plain mess, bbl, 12 00 @ 18 00
 do extra mess, 17 00 @ 20 00
 Pork, mess, new, 21 00 @ 22 00
 do mess Old, 20 75 @ 21 00

do prime, do, 17 00 @ 17 25
 Lard, 114 @ 13
 Hams, 114 @ 13
 Shoulders, 9 @ 11

Rice—Duty: cleaned 24 cents ¢ ¢; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents ¢ ¢.
 Carolina, 100 100 00 @ 10 75
 East India, dressed, 9 25 @ 9 75

Salt—Duty: sack, 34 cents ¢ ¢ 100 ¢; bulk, 18 cents ¢ ¢ 100 ¢.
 Turks Islands, 574 @ 574
 Cadiz, 2 75 @ 2 75
 Liverpool, g'd and sack 2 10 @ 2 10
 do fine, Ashton's (g'd) 2 75 @ 2 75
 do fine, Worthing's, 2 90 @ 2 90
 Onondaga, com. fine bla, 2 50 @ 2 60
 do do 210 lb bgs, 1 90 @ 2 00
 do do 2 bush, 45 @ 50
 Solar coarse, 54 @ 56
 Fine screened, 50 @ 52
 do, 52 @ 52
 F. F., 240 lb bgs, 2 50 @ 3 00

Salt-petre—Duty: crude, 24 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent ¢ ¢.
 Crude, 9 @ 16
 Nitrate soda, gold, 34 @ 34

Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, 1 cent ¢ ¢; canary, 31 ¢ ¢ bushel of 60 ¢; and grass seeds, 30 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Clover, 13 @ 14
 Timothy, reaped, bus 8 10 @ 8 75
 Canary, 4 25 @ 4 75
 Linseed, Am. clean, 4 25 @ 4 75
 do Am. rough, bus 2 89 @ 2 90
 do Calcutta, gold 2 56 @ 2 60

Shet—Duty: 24 cents ¢ ¢.
 Drop, 114 @ 114
 Buck, 114 @ 114

Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 ¢ cent.
 Tassels, No. 1 @ 3, 19 00 @ 12 75
 Tassels, superior, 11 00 @ 11 50
 do medium, No. 4, 9 50 @ 10 50
 Cantons, reel, No. 2, 9 00 @ 9 25
 Japan, superior, 12 00 @ 13 50
 do Medium, 10 00 @ 11 50
 China thrown, 12 00 @ 13 00

Skins—Duty: 10 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Goat, Curacao, 40 @ 44
 do Buenos A., gold 32 @ 34
 do Tampico, gold, 27 @ 27
 do Matamoros, gold, 27 @ 27
 do Payta, cash 52 @ 51
 do Madras, cash 50 @ 53
 do Cape, cash 27 @ 30
 Deer, San Juan, 40 @ 43
 do Bolivia, gold, 43 @ 43
 do Honduras, gold, 57 @ 57
 do Sisal, gold 55 @ 57
 do Para, gold 62 @ 62
 do Vera Cruz, gold, 64 @ 64
 do Chagres, gold, 64 @ 64
 do Puerto Cab, gold, 64 @ 64

Soup—Duty: 1 cent ¢ ¢, and 25 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Castle, 17 @ 17
 Spolter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, 15 ¢ ¢ 100 ¢ ¢.
 Plates, foreign, 64 @ 64
 do domestic, 94 @ 10, 10

Spices—See special report.
Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents ¢ ¢ or under, 24 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts ¢ ¢; over 11 cents, 34 cents ¢ ¢ and 10 ¢ cent. ad val. (Store prices).
 English, cast, 18 @ 23
 German, 14 @ 16
 American, spring, 12 @ 15
 Amer. c. cast, 12 @ 15
 English, spring, 104 @ 124
 English blister, 11 @ 20
 English machinery, 184 @ 184

Suface—Duty: 10 ¢ cent. ad val.
 Sicily, 150 00 @ 325 00

Sugar—See special report.
Tallow—Duty: 1 cent ¢ ¢.
 American, prime, coun-try and city, 114 @ 114

Teas—See special report.
Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 ¢ cent. ad val. Plate and sheets andterne plates, 25 per cent. ad val.
 Banca, 234 @ 24
 Straits, (gold), 214 @ 24
 English, 12 @ 24
 Plates, char. I.C. box 13 00 @ 13 50
 do I. C. Coke, 11 01 @ 12 00
 do Terne Charcoal, 10 12 @ 12 50
 do Terne Coke, 9 50 @ 9 75

Tobacco—See special report.
Whalebone—Duty: foreign fish-ery, 20 ¢ c. ad val.
 South Sea, 2 @ 2
 North west coast, 2 @ 2
 Ochoak, 2 @ 2
 Polar, 91 @ 91

Wines and Liquors—Liquors—Duty: Brandy, first proof, 38 per gallon, other liquors, 22.50. Wines—Duty: value not over 50 cents ¢ ¢ gal-

lon 20 cents ¢ ¢ gallon and 25 ¢ ¢ cent. ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents ¢ ¢ gallon and 25 ¢ ¢ cent. ad valorem; over 101 ¢ ¢ gallon, 31 ¢ ¢ gallon and 25 ¢ ¢ cent. ad val.

Brandy—
 J. & F. Martell (gold) 5 100 @ 9 60
 Hennessy (gold) 5 25 @ 10 50
 Otard, Dup. & Co. do 4 00 @ 10 50
 Pinet, Castil, & Co. do 4 00 @ 10 50
 Renault & Co. do 5 00 @ 10 50
 J. Vassal & Co. do 5 00 @ 10 50
 Jules Robin, do 5 00 @ 10 50
 Marotte & Co. do 4 00 @ 10 50
 United V. Prop. do 5 00 @ 10 50
 Vine Grow. Co. do 5 25 @ 9 50
 L'ger freres, do 5 00 @ 10 50
 Other br'ds Cog. do 4 75 @ 7 00
 Pellevoisin freres do 4 80 @ 8 00
 A. Seignette, do 4 85 @ 8 00
 Hiv. Pellevoisin do 4 85 @ 8 00
 Alex. Seignette, do 4 85 @ 8 00
 Arzac Seignette, do 4 85 @ 8 00
 J. Romieux, do 4 75 @ 8 00
 Other Rochelle, do 4 25 @ 4 75
 Rum—Jamaica, do 4 50 @ 6 50
 St. Croix, do 3 50 @ 3 65
 Gin—Differ. brands do 3 00 @ 4 75
 Whisky—S. & I. do 3 00 @ 4 75
 Dum & N. Rum, do 1 25 @ 1 40
 Bourbon Whisky, cur. do 30 @ 33
 Corn Whisky (n.bond) 30 @ 33

Wines—Port (gold) 2 25 @ 6 00
 Burgundy Port, do 95 @ 1 70
 Sherry, do 1 90 @ 9 00
 Madeira, do 1 25 @ 8 00
 do Martell, do 1 25 @ 8 00
 Sherry, do 1 25 @ 1 60
 Malaga, sweet, do 1 10 @ 1 15
 do dry, do 1 15 @ 1 15
 Claret, in hlds, do 3 00 @ 150 00
 do in cases, do 2 40 @ 30 00
 Champagne, do 11 00 @ 25 00

Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered 32 to 35 ¢ ¢ 100 ¢, and 15 ¢ ¢ cent. ad val.
 No. 0 to 18, 15 & 5 ¢ ¢ off list.
 No. 10 to 25, 25 & 5 ¢ ¢ off list.
 No. 27 to 36, 30 & 5 ¢ ¢ off list.
 Telegraph, No. 7 to 11, 9 @ 10
 Plain, 47 @ 47
 Brass (less 15 p cent) 47 @ 47
 Copper, 57 @ 57

Wool—Duty: costing 12 cents or less ¢ ¢, 8 cents ¢ ¢; over 12 and not more than 24, 7 cents; over 24 and not over 32, 10, and 10 ¢ cent. ad valorem; over 32, 12 cents ¢ ¢, and 10 ¢ cent. ad valorem; on the skin, 20 ¢ cent. ad valorem.
 Amer. Sax. fleece 50 @ 65
 do full b'd Merino, 43 @ 61
 do 1/2 & 1/2 Merino, 45 @ 50
 Extra, pulled, 50 @ 55
 Superfine, 40 @ 50
 No. 1, pulled, 80 @ 40
 California, unwashed, 80 @ 40
 do common, 21 @ 23
 do pulled, 21 @ 23
 Texas, 18 @ 32
 Peruvian, unwashed, 80 @ 32
 Valparaiso, unwashed, 28 @ 30
 S. Amer. Merino, unw., 32 @ 34
 do common, unw., 25 @ 27
 Entre Rios, washed, 82 @ 48
 do unwashed, 82 @ 48
 S. American Cordova, 40 @ 46
 Donskol, washed, 20 @ 30
 Persian, unwashed, 20 @ 30
 do washed, 33 @ 40
 Mexican, unwashed, 20 @ 30
 Smyrna, unwashed, 23 @ 32
 do washed, 35 @ 38

Zinc—Duty: pig or block, 1 ¢ ¢ 50 ¢ 100 ¢; sheets 24 cents ¢ ¢.
 Sheet, 114 @ 114

Freights—
 To LIVERPOOL: s. d. s.
 Cotton, 5-16 @ 2 3
 Flour, 5 @ 2 3
 Petroleum, 5 @ 2 3
 Heavy goods, 50 @ 23 0
 Oil, 50 @ 23 0
 Corn, b'k & bags, bus. 64 @ 64
 Wheat, bulk and bags, 64 @ 64
 Beef, 64 @ 64
 Pork, 64 @ 64
 To LONDON:
 Heavy goods, 22 6 @ 23 0
 Oil, 23 0 @ 23 0
 Flour, 2 3 @ 2 3
 Petroleum, 2 3 @ 2 3
 Beef, 4 6 @ 4 6
 Pork, 3 6 @ 3 6
 Wheat, 6 bush, 6 @ 6
 Corn, 6 @ 6
 To GLASGOW (By Steam):
 Flour, 2 6 @ 2 6
 Wheat, 6 bush, 6 @ 6
 Corn, bulk and bags, 54 @ 54
 Petroleum (sail) bbl, 5 0 @ 5 0
 Heavy goods, 20 0 @ 20 0
 Oil, 20 0 @ 20 0
 Beef, 5 0 @ 5 0
 Pork, 5 0 @ 5 0
 To HAVRE:
 Cotton, 10 @ 10
 Hops, 1 00 @ 1 00
 Beef and pork, bbl, 1 00 @ 1 00
 Muesum, g'd, 10 00 @ 10 00
 Wheat, in shipper's bags, 2 bush, 2 @ 2
 Flour, 5 6 @ 5 6
 Petroleum, 5 6 @ 5 6
 Lard, tallow, cut m etc., 10 @ 10
 Ashes, poland pearl, 9 @ 10

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J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

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Liabilities..... 394,976 96

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BURLAPS, BAGGING,
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LINEN CAMB'IC HANDK'FS, &c.
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Agents for
WILLIAM KIRK & SON, BELFAST,
Linen Manufacturers.
JAMES GLASS & CO., LURGAN,
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Importers & Commission Merchants,
NO. 134 CHURCH STREET,
Will Remove on January 1, to their new Warehouse
198 & 200 CHURCH STREET,
SCOTCH AND IRISH LINEN GOODS,
SPANISH LINEN, DUCKS, DRILLS,
LINEN CHECKS, &c., WHITE GOODS,
PATENT LINEN THREAD.

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DICKSON, FERGUSON & CO., Belfast.
And F. W. HAYES & CO., Banbridge.

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JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S.
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IS UNSURPASSED FOR HAND AND MACHINE
SEWING.
THOS. RUSSELL, Sole Agent,
88 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.

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ENGLISH CRAPES,
And Importer of
Linen Cambric, Madder, Turkey Red
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HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOSIERY and
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Offers a new Stock of the above at
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Railroad Iron,

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN,
FOR

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[No. 79 Front Street, New York.
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Successors to BREWER & CALDWELL,
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A full supply of our well known brands
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Eastern orders will have prompt attention at low
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Middlings, Bran, &c., to all points East, saving ex-
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Of all sizes and capacity, ranging from 50 to 1,000
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shell clean in any condition of grain, and clean the
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